

United Nations Environment Programme

Regional Office for Latin America and the Caribbean



"Desk Review for the Environmental Content of the United Nations Development Assistance	? Frameworks
(UNDAFs) in Latin America and the Caribbean"	

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Acronyms

ANAM National Environmental Authority

Bl. Baseline

CAN Countries of the Andean Community

CARICOM Caribbean Community

CBD Convention on Biological Diversity

CC Climate Change

CCCCC Caribbean Community Climate Change Center

CCA Common Country Assessment

CDCC Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee

CDM Clean Development Mechanism

CEF Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition

CFC Chlorofluorocarbon

CFNI Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute

CGBS Caribbean Group of Banking Supervisors

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COPECO Permanent Contingencies Commission

COTED Council for Trade and Economic Development

CPP Country Partnership Programme

CRDC Construction Resource and Development Centre

CSO Civil Society Organizations

CTC Carbon tetrachloride

DC Disasters and Conflicts

DELC Division of Environmental Law and Conventions

DEWA Division of Early Warning and Assessments

DGEF Division of Global Environment Facility Coordination

DR Dominican Republic

DRC Division of Regional Cooperation

DRR Disaster Risk Reduction

DTIE Division of Technology, Industry and Economics

EC European Commission

EG Environmental Governance

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EM Environmental Management

EMS Emergency Medical Services

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization

GEF Global Environment Facility

GEO Group on Earth Observations

GNI Gross National Income

GSHD Government Supported Housing Development

HA Hectare

HCFC Hydro fluorocarbons

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

HS Harmful Substances and Hazardous Wastes

ICRI International Coral Reef Initiative

IDRC International Development Research Center

ILO International Labor Organization

INRENA National Institute of Natural Resources of Peru

IOM International Organization for Migration

IPEA Institute of Applied Economic Research

JICA Japan International Cooperation Agency

KM Knowledge Management

LAC Latin America and the Caribbean

MARENA Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources

MAGFOR Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

MDG Millennium Development Goals

MDI Metered Dose Inhalers

MEA Multilateral Environment Agreements

MEM Ministry of Energy and Mines of Peru

MTS Medium-Term Strategy

NDP National Development Plan

NGO Non-Governmental Organization

NSPA National System of Protected Areas

NR Not Reported

ODPEM Office of Preparedness and Emergency Management

ODS Ozone Depleting Substances

OECS Organization of Eastern Caribbean States

PAHO Pan American Health Organization

PARLATINO Latin American Parliament

PCB Polychlorinated Biphenyls

PCNA Post Conflict Needs Assessments

PDNA Post Disaster Need Assessments

PIOJ Planning Institute of Jamaica

POP Persistent Organic Pollutants

PPPUE Private Partnerships for Urban Environment

PTA Priority Thematic Area

PRSP Poverty reduction Strategy Paper

RCM Regional Coordinating Mechanism

RE Resource Efficiency and Sustainable Consumption and Production

REDD Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation

SGP Small Grant Programmes

SIDS Screening Information Data Sets

SINASIP National Protected Area System of Paraguay

UN United Nations

UNAIDS United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNCRD United Nations Centre for Regional Development

UNCT United Nations Country Team

UNCTAD United Nations Commission on trade and development

UNDAF United Nations Development Assistance Framework

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

UNECLAC United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the

Caribbean

UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNESCO United Nations Education, Science and Culture Organization

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

UNHCR United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNIC United Nations Information Centre

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNIFEM United Nations Development Fund for Women

UNODC United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services

UNTFHS United Nations trust Fund for Human Security

UNV United Nations Volunteers

UWI University of the West Indies.

VCA Vulnerability Capacity Assessment

WB World Bank

WFP World Food Programme

WHO World Health Organization

WTO World Tourism Organization

WWF World Wildlife Fund

UNFCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

RC Resident Coordinators

ROLAC Regional Office for Latin America and the Caribbean

Introduction

United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the Institute for Environmental Policy (IPA) agreed to co-operate in the "Desk Review for the Environmental content of the United Nations Development Assistance Frameworks (UNDAFs) in Latin America and the Caribbean." This document is part of the EC-funded project "Implementing the Bali Strategic Plan by delivering as one" and is a component of the review carried out in all countries which have completed their UNDAFs in the UNEP regions and will be led by UNEP's Regional Offices in Africa (ROA), Asia and Pacific (ROAP), Europe (ROE), Latin America and the Caribbean (ROLAC) and West Asia (ROWA), in coordination with the division of Regional Cooperation (DRC) in Nairobi.

The purpose of this document is to contribute to the strengthening of UNEP's decision-making process in regard to its engagement at the country level through the revision of country strategic documents like national UN Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF), Poverty Reduction Strategies, MDG Implementation Plans and major national environmental policy processes.

The document has been prepared according to the terms of reference provided by UNEP, therefore it is divided in two sections. Chapter One provides information per country, according to regions and sub-regions, and includes references from the current UNDAFs, Post-Disaster and Post-Conflict Needs Assessments (PDNA and PCNA), National Development Plans or Strategies, Environmental Assessments and Major Environmental Policy Processes. Chapter Two analyzes consolidated information per UNEP's LAC sub-regions and identifies priority areas according to Chapter One findings. Priority areas in this chapter are organized according to the six thematic priorities in UNEP's Medium Term Strategy 2010-2013 (climate change, ecosystem management, environmental governance, harmful substances and hazardous waste, disasters and conflicts, resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production).

This document has been commissioned to IPA and prepared by Eugenia Wo Ching, Edgar E. Gutierrez, Diego Martino and Alonso Villalobos with the support of Ana Cristina Cordero.

Chapter 1: Country Information

The template provided by the UNEP Regional Office is here presented with the information of each one of the 33 LAC countries. All the countries were categorized in the 3 LAC subregions (Mesoamerica, South America and Caribbean).

This report is structured in two chapters. Chapter one contemplates the information for all the 33 countries of the LAC region, reviewed using the template provided by UNEP. Matrixes are presented in alphabetical order. Criteria for allocating MTS priority areas under each output/outcome is explained under Chapter 2, Methodological Approach.

Chapter two is based on Chapter one and states the consolidated findings for the study.

The data was sourced from a variety of policy documents, this information is summarized in Table No 2. Country Document Reviewed, page 252.

Country: Antigua & Barbuda

UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS

Current period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2 Sustainable development UNDAF OUTCOME By 2010 Regional and national capacities strengthened and integrated into planning and institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi- hazards and the environment.				
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed, enhanced and used for the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring of their socio-economic and environmental effects	DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP:1.800.000	
OUTPUTS: Community based vulnerability and early warning systems piloted in 2 countries. Standardized assessment and analysis methodologies applied				
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC techniques Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities				

Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes Ivan and Emily Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into assessment activities				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC:1.600.000	
OUTPUTS: A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion				
A study on the importance and application of early warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion				
Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				
PAHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health facilities as community health early warning systems alert points				

Г	
	PAHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to
	the countries in elaborating and testing plans
	Key areas of disaster risk management capacity
	building institutional
	building institutional
	A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to
	support the early formulation of sustainable post-
	disaster recovery planning and programming
	and the second s
	Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction
	Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty
	reduction strategies & disasters, environment &
	governance in all OECS member states & Barbados
	Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction
	DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is
	strengthened
	Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy
	and sectoral programming
	Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the
	region established
	Regional capacities through the promotion of
	exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction
	among the English, Spanish and French speaking
	countries are increased
	Countries are increased
	Lessons learnt from UNTFHS programme
	effectively integrated
	Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool
	for Grenada established and approved.

Sub-outcome 3.3 Increased collaboration between UN system and regional and national partners in mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and in awareness building	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts to discuss risk reduction strategies in the Caribbean				
Training workshops on disaster impact assessment and risk reduction strategies for government personnel involved in disaster assessment and prevention strategies				
High level meeting of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) to review progress towards implementation of the Mauritius Strategy workshop in collaboration with regional partners on the implications of climate change for the sustainable development of Caribbean economies				
PAHO/WHO to promote inclusion of health in broad training programs as one of the priorities				
Sub-outcome 3.4 Underlying disaster risk factors at national and community levels reduced	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? No If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental
DELC	, 1	Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
OzonAction		2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	1	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Antigua and	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction		Assistance with ratification of the Beijing Amendment of Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Antigua and Barbuda	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

MDG Implementation Plan

Title: The Millennium Development Goals.
Period covered: 2001 (situation report)
Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is no mention to environmental issues within MDGs 1-6

The key environmental issues described are related to the MDG 7 goals and their indicators, which not necessarily are the key environmental issues in the country

- Land covered by forest remains constant or the indicator has not been updated
- Land under protection has increased
- GDP per unit of energy has been fluctuating
- Carbon Dioxide emissions per capita have been growing
- Proportions of households with piped water and with water borne toilet facilities have been almost doubled (52% to 92% and 53% to 96% respectively).
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?

Not stated

• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available.
environmental	
assessments	• Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
(UNEP, EC,	Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
WB etc)	• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Argentina

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

Current period covered: No UNDAF in Argentina. Currently formulating an UNDAF (2010-2014).

Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2013

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? No thematic group on environment is listed in the website. There are thematic groups for HIV/AIDS, Communication, Technical group, Gender, Operations

What are the leading and participating agencies? Not applicable.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): Not applicable

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following: Not applicable

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? RCO has informally requested UNEP to support implementation of new UNDAF.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No existing UNDAF and UNEP is not participating in the formulation of the current UNDAF draft.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
	Seminars in the Region	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	Green Customs Meeting
	Seminars in the Region	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences Workshops and	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Seminars in the Region	

DEWA DEWA	GEO Cities GEO YOUTH	GEO Cordoba
	GEO YOUTH	CEO Vanida MED COSLID
DEWA	00	GEO Youth MERCOSUR
	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Rosario
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO MERCOSUR
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Health Methodology and Glosssary; GEO Health in Latin America and the Caribbean pilots
DGEF	Gran Chaco: Sustainable Forest Management in the Transboundary Gran Chaco Americano Ecosystem	Gran Chaco: Sustainable Forest Management in the Transboundary Gran Chaco Americano Ecosystem
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
DGEF	Argentina: National Capacity Needs Self- Assessment for Global Environmental Management – Argentina	Argentina: National Capacity Needs Self-Assessment for Global Environmental Management – Argentina
DGEF	Argentina: Establishment of incentives for the conservation of ecosystem services of global significance	Argentina: Establishment of incentives for the conservation of ecosystem services of global significance
DGEF	Argentina: Decentralized GEF Medium Size Program (Umbrella programme)	Argentina: Decentralized GEF Medium Size Program (Umbrella programme)
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshops for South Cone
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT
DTIE	Development of National Policy on SCP	Argentina Demo Project on SCP Policy
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT
DTIE HQ	Chemicals	Promotion of the elimination of mercury use in the public health care sector in Argentina in partnership with an NGO-Health Care without Harm (HCWH)
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Argentina	Management of Training Programme for the Refrigeration Servicing Sector (Phase III)
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Argentina	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Argentina	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Argentina	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
	Ozonaction Networking	First Green Customs Training Workshop for South America and Mexico

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;

• UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National Development Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Title: Argentina 2016 Policy and National Development and Land Management Strategy: Building a balanced, integrated, sustainable and socially just Argentina

Period covered: -2016. Starting year not stated, publication year not specified in the document. Web site does not specify date either, it only has a "monitoring" document done in 2008

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated.

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is no analysis of key environmental issues in the document. However, a series of goals is highlighted to achieve the goals of the plan. Among these, number 3 is "promote territorial environmental sustainability". This goal has 4 policies that are considered necessary to "reach territorial environmental sustainability that will permit the current and future availability of resources", these policies are:

"To train and raise awareness in society with regards to pro-active and responsible environmental conduct.

To improve knowledge related to environment and natural resources

To incorporate the environmental dimension as well as risk and vulnerability variables transversally within all public and private territorial actions at all levels (federal, provincial and local)

To organize and protect the environment and landscape through an integrated management of resources from the natural environment, human settlements, and zones of social and economical fragility."

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? UNEP was not involved
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; Main issues described in GEO Argentina are:
 - Wetland degradation
 - Overexploitation of fisheries
 - Deforestation and its pressure on biodiversity and water systems
 - Low percentage of sewage water treated
 - Lack of information on solid waste and dangerous waste
 - Expansion of agricultural frontier, overgrazing, monocultures' pressure on ecosystems
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. DEWA/LAC
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No

Country: Bahamas

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

Current period covered: No information available.

Expected reviews and evaluation:

Expected start of development of next UNDAF:

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment?

What are the leading and participating agencies?

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

• Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Yes See output 3.2.1Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Bahamas	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Bahamas	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan

		Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources dire
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Bahamas	to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Bahamas	Assistance ODS data reporting
	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council
SIDS	subregional processes	Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: Information not available
Development	Period covered:
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations:
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy:
Development,	
PRS, MDG	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):Not applicable
Implementation	What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?
Plan)	 Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? No reference to such role If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?
Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. Information not available Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Barbados

UNDAF	UNDAF together with members of OECS
or	Current period covered: 2008-2011
PCNA	Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date
PDNA	Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)
	Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated
	What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2 Sustainable development				
UNDAF OUTCOME By 2010 Regional and national capacities strengthened and integrated into planning and institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi- hazards and the environment.				
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed and enhanced and used for the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring of their socio-economic and environmental effects	DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP : 1.800.000	
OUTPUTS: Community based vulnerability and early warning systems piloted in 2 countries. Standardized assessment and analysis methodologies applied				
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC techniques				
Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities				
Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes Ivan and Emily				
Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC				

inc	ulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) corporating climate risk integrated into sessment activities				
ide	ab-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk entification, assessment, monitoring and early arning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC: 1.600.000	
A sinii cou	Study on the impact of science and technology itiatives on development in CDCC member untries ady on disaster management in selected countries the Caribbean subregion				
wa	study on the importance and application of early arning systems in reducing vulnerability in the aribbean subregion				
	odating and maintenance of the sustainable velopment databases				
Fo	AHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean ood & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component nen necessary				
fac	AHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health cilities as community health early warning stems alert points				
	AHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to e countries in elaborating and testing plans				
	ey areas of disaster risk management capacity ilding institutional				

A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to support the early formulation of sustainable post-disaster recovery planning and programming				
Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty reduction strategies & disasters, environment & governance in all OECS member states & Barbados				
Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is strengthened				
Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy and sectoral programming				
Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the region established				
Regional capacities through the promotion of exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction among the English, Spanish and French speaking countries are increased				
Lessons learnt from UNTFHS programme effectively integrated				
Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool for Grenada established and approved.				
Sub-outcome 3.3 Increased collaboration between UN system and regional and national partners in mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and in awareness building	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	

OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts to discuss risk reduction strategies in the Caribbean				
Training workshops on disaster impact assessment and risk reduction strategies for government personnel involved in disaster assessment and prevention strategies				
High level meeting of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) to review progress towards implementation of the Mauritius Strategy workshop in collaboration with regional partners on the implications of climate change for the sustainable development of Caribbean economies				
PAHO/WHO to promote inclusion of health in broad training programs as one of the priorities				
Sub-outcome 3.4 Underlying disaster ris factors at national and community level reduced		UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction in the Caribbean	DC			
A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		

Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Technical and co-funding support.	СС	GEF UNDP FAO	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? No, If so which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

1. The UNEP/ROLAC Montreal Protocol Compliance Assistance Programme (UNEP/ROLAC/CAP) provides direct support to Barbados as follows:

- Country Challenge in Project Implementation
- Institutional Strengthening Project
- Compliance Support.
- Annex A Group 1 CFCs
- Methyl Bromide and ODS Solvent phase-out

- Training Workshops and Network Meeting
- Public Awareness Activities
- South/South Cooperation
- 2. Environmental Assessments: GEO Youth Project for the Caribbean
- **3. Sustainable Land Management:** Partnership Initiative on Sustainable Land Management (Regional)
- 4. Technical assistance for the formulation of Bio-Safety Frameworks
- 2. Training in Environmental Justice
- 3. Integrating Watershed and Coastal Area Management in Small Island Developing States in the Caribbean
- **4. Pilot Project** Development of National Programmes of Action
- 5. National Promotional workshop for the LBS (Land Based Sources and Activities) Protocol
- 6. Pilot Country for the Implementation of the Regional Action Plan for the Sustainable Management of Marine Litter
- 7. Strengthening of Protected Areas in the Wider Caribbean Region (including training and capacity building for marine protected areas management) Conservation of Threatened and Endangered Species

MDG Implementation Plan

Title: The National Strategic Plan of Barbados

Period covered: 2005-2025

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Within the goal of "strengthening the physical infrastructure and preserving the environment" there are 6 objectives:

- 1.1 To Promote and Facilitate the Environmentally Sustainable Use of our Natural Resources.
- 1.2 To Maintain a Safe and Reliable Water Supply.
- 1.3 To Ensure an Efficient and Reliable Energy Sector.
- 1.4 To Develop a Modern Transport Infrastructure.
- 1.5 To Improve Disaster Management.
- 1.6 To Maintain an Efficient Land-use Policy.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
 Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
 None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? No. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity: GEO Barbados 2000:
 - -Reduced amount of fresh water
 - -Overexploitation of fisheries
 - -Biodiversity severely affected
 - -Increase in solid waste and very few options for final treatment
 - -Erosion
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes GEO 2000: DEWA, DRC/ROLAC
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No

Country: Belize

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2007-2011**

Expected reviews and evaluation: There will be a midterm review of progress on the UNDAF conducted early in 2010

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? No, environmental issues are considered by the UN Technical Working Group What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome Outcome 3: By 2011, national frameworks and capacities are in place enhancing the ability to adequately address adaptation to and mitigation of the impact of disasters as well as the comprehensive, equitable, sustainable and effective management of the nation's natural resources.		UNDP UNICEF UNFPA	UNDP: 5,180,000 UNICEF: 300,000 UNFPA: 100,000	
1.1. Agency Outcome(s) 1.1.1. Output(s)				
3.2 An operationalized framework for the national integrated sustainable development strategy developed.				a) % of Lands covered by environmental protection schemes (protected areas as % of total area; forest area as % of land area) b) % of National budget allocated to sustainable development c) Ratio withdrawal of ground and surface water to total available

			resources d) % of Land area affected by degradation e) % of Dwellings and development in disaster-prone areas f) Ratio renewable energy to total generation capacity.
a.2.1 Strengthened national capacity in dealing with legal and regulatory frameworks under Multilateral Environment Agreements, allowing for adequate mainstreaming of these conventions into national policies and strategies.	EG	UNDP	
3.2.2 Increased national capacity to effectively address vulnerability and adaptation to climate change.	CC EG DC	UNDP	
3.2.3 Environmental policies and strategies are integrated into the national development agenda to enhance a comprehensive response to the needs of the vulnerable and excluded groups.	EG DC	UNDP	
3.2.4 Innovative approaches and strategies established for improved sustainable land use and comprehensive water resources management and utilization knowledge and practices.	RE	UNDP	

3.2.5 Improved data and	EG	UNDP	
information management			
among natural resources			
managers and stakeholders.			
3.3 Increased capacity of			a) % of GNI derived from catch of
vulnerable groups to benefit			major species
more equitably from			b) Level of community participation
sustainably managed natural			in Protected Areas /SDA
resources.			management
			c) Representation of non-state actors
			in SD councils
			d) Level of community (co-
			management of forest and marine
			resources.)
3.3.1 Enhanced capacity of	\mathbf{EG}	UNDP	
non-state actors and		GEF/SGP	
communities to participate in			
sustainable development			
dialogue and practices.			
Observations			

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Yes See output 3.2.1
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? No If so, which sector from government and in which areas?
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? Not stated.

${\bf 1.\ The\ UNEP/ROLAC\ Montreal\ Protocol\ Compliance\ Assistance\ Programme\ (UNEP/ROLAC/CAP)\ provides\ direct\ support\ to\ Belize\ as\ follows:}$

- Institutional Strengthening Project
- Compliance Support
- Annex A Group 1 CFCs
- Methyl Bromide and ODS Solvent phase-out

- Training Workshops and Network Meeting:
- Public Awareness Activities
- South/South Cooperation
- 2. Environmental Assessments: GEO Youth Project for the Caribbean; Geo Nationals in process
- **3. Institutional and High-Level Policy Advise and Support Technical and Institutional Support:** The Forum Department continues to provide institutional support to the Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC)
- 4. Technical assistance for the formulation of Bio-Safety Frameworks

Sustainable Land Management: Partnership Initiative on Sustainable Land Management (Regional)

5. Conservation and Sustainable Use of Coastal and Marine Ecosystems (including ICRI activities)

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: First Millennium Development Goals Report

Period covered: 2000-2004

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)

GOAL 7 Ensure environmental sustainability:

1. Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources.

Main Challenges:

- Ensure that integration of principles translate into reversal of environmental resource losses
- Enforcement.
- Achieve community buy-in.
- 2. Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water.

Main challenges:

- Standardize data gathering protocols.
- Achieve 100% access to rural communities and pockets of poverty in urban centres.
- 3. By 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers.

Main challenges:

- Increase access to security of tenure my landless Mayans.
- Address the poverty hot spot on the Southside of Belize City.
- Improve quality and availability of sanitation facilities in poor communities.
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Ministry of Natural Resources and Ministry of National Development
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? It is indicated that Belize is a signatory to several MEAs, Kyoto is specified, however the plan does not include concrete actions
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? No. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? No information available
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. Information not available.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Bolivia

Cou	ntry. Donata
UNDAF	Current period covered: 2008-2012
or	Expected reviews and evaluation: Annual reports will be used to formulate programs for the following year. Midterm report at the end of the third year of
PCNA	implementation, and final report at the end of implementation
PDNA	Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)
	Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? There are seven thematic working groups, none on
	environment.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): **Implementing Agencies** Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix MTS Code **Estimated costs** and available funds (US \$) Public investment in productive development, environment **UNDAF OUTCOME 4. Institutional and productive** and food security. Baselines: Public Investment 2007 in productive development, organizations capacities strengthened, particularly in environmental and food security areas related to productive (planned U.S. \$ 200 million). Target: Public investment in productive development, development and job environment and food security of \$ 300 million annually by generation with a sustainable management of natural 2012. resources and the environment. - Number of organizations that have improved their productive strategies. Baseline: Productive organizations that generate incomes and employment and do not have productive competitive strategies Target: Over 250 companies, associations and other organizations have productive production strategies.

Country program outcome 1. Public policies proposals on		UNODC	UNODC: 1,200.000	Number of approved proposals for policies and programs on productive development, generation of productive
productive development and the		UNIDO	UNIDO:	employment,
environment adopted for the		UNIDO	1.000.000	sustainable development and environment.
generation of decent employment		UNDP	UNDP: 500.000	Baseline: Dispersed policies for productive development,
and		UNFPA	UNFPA:500.000	sustainable development and environment made generically
incomes		UNFPA	FAO:	in the NDP
licomes		FAO	170.000	Target: Four approved documents of policies, productive
		PAO	WFP:	development programs, generation of employment, sustainable
		WFP	100.000	development and environment
		WII	100.000	development and environment
1.1 Policy proposals developed				-III National Agricultural Census of Bolivia supported
for productive growth, with				Number of productive development initiatives in
emphasis on the rural area	EG			implementation. Number of formulated proposals on
(UNDP, UNIDO, FAO)				sustainable management
1.2 Proposals of policies and				and environment policiesNumber of published reports on
practices developed and				land use and cultivation of coca and alternatives - Number of
implemented for sustainable				documents on monitoring and proposals
management of the environment				on the progress in the formulation and implementation of
(UNODC, UNIDO, UNDP)				projects for the management of POPs.
1.3 Developed proposals of				- Formulated program of food sovereignty.
policies and programs on food				- Single Health Registry of Food Companies in Bolivia
security (FAO, OPS/OMS)				(RUSNAB).
				-Implemented in the nine departments.
Country programme outcome	RE	UNDP	UNDP:	Number of productive organizations that have improved their
2. Institutional and productive			10.000.000	level of production.
organizations strengthened		UNIDO	UNIDO:	Baselines: Productive organizations that don't count with
capacities, with emphasis on the			2.000.000	competitive production strategies.
generation of food security,		WFP	WFP:	Target: Over 150 companies, associations and
development of			2.000.000	other productive organizations count with competitive
domestic market and fair trade.		UNODC	UNODC:	production strategies that
			600.000	allow them greater levels of production

2.1 Tools, methodologies a promotion models of clusted diversified and deepened production networks to strengthen the local level.(UNIDO, OPS/OMS, WFP, UNDP, WFP) 2.2 Training for employme generation, environmental management with an emph the microenterprise social second (UNIDO, UNODC)	FAO, nt quality asis on			-Number of programs of social safety nets Number of concerted plans and programs for local economic development -Number of people trained in work skills Number of productive organizations that sell food with social protection programs.
Country programme outc		UNDP	UNDP: 10.000.000	Number of programs and productive organizations that
3: Implementation strategi for the management, use ar		UNIDO	UNIDO:	incorporate management methodologies, conservation and sustainable use of natural resources
sustainable management of		CICIDO	4.000.000	Baselines: Productive organizations do not have productive
natural and environmental		FAO	FAO:	methods of handling,
resources,			1.000.000	conservation and sustainable use of natural resources.
with emphasis on food secu	ırıty.	UNIDO	UNIDO: 250.000	Target: Over 100 productive organizations incorporate
		UNODC	UNODC:	management, conservation and sustainable use of natural resources methodologies.
		СПОВС	100.000	resources methodologies.

3.1Integrated management, conservation and exploitation of natural resources in agricultural and non- agricultural production processes promoted. (UNODC, UNIDO, UNDP, FAO) 3.2 Production infrastructure for renewable natural resources sustainably managed by peasant communities enhanced through the combination of traditional knowledge and appropriated modern technologies for the	Number of produced technical, legal and planning instruments that mitigate the environmental impact. - Number of families involved in integral management of natural resources . - Area with agro-forestry management plans. - Number of productive infrastructure in areas of ecological diversity are certified with organic and sustainable production
traditional knowledge and	
food security, prioritizing the ventures led by women. (FAO, UNIDO, UNODC)	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Not stated.

UNEP engagement in the country:

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? No.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. Not stated.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

Binational project: Integrated Water Resources Management in the Lake Titicaca, Desaguadero River, Poopo, Coipasa Salt Marsh System (TDPS System): Assessment and Update of the Pollutants Discharge Levels

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA): Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;

• UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: National Development Plan Period covered: Signed in 2006-2010.

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

No key environmental issues are listed in the development plan however, among the sections of the plan the environment has been presented as a cross cutting issue. Some themes have been considered, such as: equity, opportunities for ethnic groups and indigenous peoples, create citizenship capabilities, protect and promote women's rights, promote rural development, promote the development of micro and small enterprises, improve habitability conditions through basic sanitation and housing and cross- cutting treatment of gender, environmental and ethnic issues.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)

 Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects
 and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country: Information not available.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Brazil

UNDAF

or

PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2007-2011**

Expected reviews and evaluation: Monitoring and evaluation annually. Special review was supposed to take place in 2007 to ensure it remains connected to national priorities. Mid term review in 2009 and joint review of the results matrix in 2007, 2008 and 20010. Final term review will be done during the fourth trimester of the last year (2010)

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? UNCT Brazil created a task force on climate change in December 2008 and assigned UNEP to chair the group. The task force gathers 11 agencies (UNEP, UNDP, ECLAC, WORLD BANK, HABITAT, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNESCO, UNIC, PAHO, ILO), it has already prepared a baseline document on global, regional and national activities of the group, and it is now preparing its action plan for 2009-2010.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National Priority: Mega-goal I:				
Social inclusion and reduction of				
social inequalities				
UNDAF outcome 1: Excluded and				
vulnerable populations enjoying the				
right to public services				
Country program outcome 1.1				- % and number of children
Improved access, quality,				attending ECCE (early child
participation and social control in				development((INEP)
ensuring the right to education				- Net school attendance rate of

Country program outcome 1.3: Improved access, quality, participation and social control in ensuring the right to adequate housing, water and sanitation Country program output 1.3.1 EG UNDP UNDP:250.000 /100.000 Institutional and civil society competencies strengthened regarding adequate housing, sanitation and access to water, prioritizing the semiarid, indigenous and quilombola community areas, as well as refugees, asylum seekers and undocumented migrants I.3.2 Competencies of household EM UNICEF UNICEF: Financial resources IBGE) - Quantitative housing deficit (Joao Pinheiro Foundation, IBGE) - Numbers of households in informal settlements (data from the Department of Urban Programs of the Ministry of Cities) - Number of slums, flophouses, irregular land subdivisions and illegal land subdivisions (IBGE) - IBGE -
groups strengthened regarding EG 1.000.000 Technical - Indicator of satisfaction of the spritation and access to water assistance/800.000 population with housing
sanitation and access to water, assistance/ 800.000 population with housing
prioritizing the semi-arid, indigenous PAHO/WHO PAHO/WHO:1.500 /60.000 condition per major regions

and quilombola community areas.		UNEP	Technical assistance 5.000	(POF/IBGE)
1.3.3 Institutional capacities	EM	UNDP	UNDP:150.000	- Percentage of inhabitants in
strengthened in diagnosis, design and	EG	UNESCO	UNESCO: 100.000	permanent private urban
monitoring of policies and		UNICEF	UNICEF: Financial resources	households with simultaneous
management instruments, ensuring			500.000 Technical assistance/	access to piped water from the
availability, quality and access to			400.000	general network inside the
water, sanitation and adequate		PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO:1.500	home and sewerage connected
housing		UNEP	UNEP: Technical assistance	to general network or septic
			120.000	tank – Brazil, major regions
				and color/race of the head of
				the household (PNAD).
				- Percentage of permanent
				private urban households with
				adequate housing conditions,
				according to major regions
				and color/race of the head of
				the household (PNAD)
				- Proportion of population with
				sustainable access to
				improved water source, urban
				and rural (IBGE)
				- Number of river-basin
				management councils
N. (1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1				implemented (ANA).
National Priority: Mega-goal II				
Growth with employment and				
income generation,				
environmentally sustainable and				
reducing regional inequalities UNDAF outcome 5: More efficient				
use of available resources is				
ensured to promote an equitable and environmentally sustainable				
economic development				
Country program outcome 5.2				- Federal budget allocated and
Public policies with increased				implemented on
mainstreaming and crosscutting of				environmental policies and
the environmental dimension in their				<u> </u>
the chynomicinal dimension in their				programs

design, implementation, management, monitoring and evaluation 5.2.1 Increased institutional capacities in design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies on the use of available natural resources	EG EM	UNDP UNESCO UNFPA UNODC	UNDP: 3.000.000 UNESCO: 5.000 / 500.000 UNFPA: 100.000 UNODC: 50.000	
Country program outcome 5.3 Sustainable development government policies designed and implemented 5.3.1 Public managers (federal, state and municipal) with strengthened capacities for design and management of sustainable development programs	EG	UNDP UNESCO UNEP	UNDP:3.000.000 UNESCO:44.000/600.000 UNEP: Technical support 45.000	- Degree of implementation of sustainable development commitments/activities established at the national environment conference
5.3.2 Existing mechanisms and successful experiences in sustainable development supported, systematized and shared among public agents and civil society, including youth organizations.	EG	UNDP UNESCO UNEP	UNDP:500.000 UNESCO: 20.000 UNEP: Technical assistance 120.000	

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? UNEP has implementing responsibilities within the UNDAF.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? Yes, refer to table above
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? See table above

UNEP has been able to provide important contribution to UNCT Brazil not only to promote awareness but also strengthen interfaces with environmental authorities and stakeholders.

UNEP succeeded in including the environment among the UNDAF country program outputs. Output 5.2, especially addresses public policies with increased mainstreaming and crosscutting of the environmental dimension in their design, implementation, management, monitoring and evaluation and is led by UNEP (see details below).

UNEP'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE UNDAF MID TERM REVIEW

1.1.7 – Capacities of the education system strengthened

Output 1.1.7 – US\$ 34,000

- a) UNEP's office in Brazil has been providing institutional and technical support to the Ministry of Environment and the Ministry of Education among others. Several activities related to environmental education were developed in the period 2007-2008
- b) UNEP supported the development of a Brazilian hub of GEO Youth regional network, coordinated by a Youth NGO INTERAGIR in the process of preparation of GEO Youth Brazil Report, launched in June 3 2008.
- c) In coordination with UNESCO, UNEP is continuously promoting the International Decade of Education for Sustainability
- 1.3.1 <u>Institutional and civil society competencies strengthened</u>

Output 1.2.1 - US\$ 115,000 (effectively delivered)

- a) In cooperation with the Brazilian forum of NGOs (FBOMS), UNEP conducted a process of consultation of civil society partners on the international environment governance challenges.
- b) UNEP Brazil Office joins Bayer in the execution of Brazilian Edition of Bayer Young Environment Envoy (BYEE) and International Children's Painting Competition on the Environment.
- c) In cooperation with British Embassy and Forum of NGOs (FBOMS) and the Ministry of Environment, UNEP conducted a project focused on provide Civil society access to environmental information and environmental justice and engagement in decision-making on environmental issues strengthened, contributing to the overarching objective of increasing environmental democracy

1.3.2 Competencies strengthened regarding sanitation and access to water

Output 1.3.2 - US\$ 5,000 + in kind (effectively delivered)

Several awareness raising and advocacy activities developed in this area during events co-organized by UNEP and Brazilian stakeholders, such as ANA, IPEA, WWF, Centro de Saberes Itaipu, etc

1.3.3 – Institutional capacities strengthened in diagnosis

Output 1.3.3 – US\$ 240,000 (effectively delivered)

- a) In cooperation with the Ministry of Environment, the National Water Agency (ANA) and a significant group of institutions and specialists, UNEP concluded an environmental assessment of the water sector in Brazil GEO Water Resources.
- b) UNEP has provided technical assistance on the development and monitoring of urban/environment indicators in S. Paulo City.
- c) An assessment on the health and environment conditions of the S. Paulo city resulted in the report GEO Health Report S. Paulo.

5.3.1 – Public managers design and management of sustainable development programmes

Output 5.3.1 – US\$ 180,000 (effectively delivered)

- a) In partnership with UNHABITAT, the Ministry of Environment and Ministry of Cities and Parceria 21, UNEP has been supporting urban-environmental assessments in 4 Brazilian Cities: Maraba, Ponta Porã, Beberibe and Piranhas.
- b) The Green and Healthy Environments Project has engaged the Secretary of the Green and Environment of São Paulo City, UNEP and 17 national co-implementing agencies in a capacity building process to foster environmental preservation, conservation and rehabilitation actions and promotion and protection of the population's health in S. Paulo.

5.3.2 – Successful experiences systematized

Output 5.3.2 - US\$ 120,000 (effectively delivered)

A comprehensive portfolio of environmental assessments has been developed in LAC and particularly in Brazil (12 GEO processes). All related documentation, methodologies and reports are widely disseminated and are posted in the GEO Portal and UNEP web pages (www.pnuma.org).

• List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

Various GEOs

GEO MERCOSUR

GEO Maraba

GEO Piranhas

GEO Beberibe

GEO Ponta Pora

GEO Health Sao Paulo

GEO for Youth

GEO Water Resources

GEO Forests

GEO Coastal and Marine Zones

GEO Biodiversity

Green and healthy environments project

The project focuses on strengthening cross-sector, local-level intervention management on environmental issues that impact population's health; on fostering environmental protection; on conservation and rehabilitation activities; and on promoting and protecting the population's health.

Environmental education

UNEP's office in Brazil has been providing institutional and technical support to national counterparts, not only on raising awareness, but also on integrating environmental education into the agenda of other sectors, and mainstreaming international initiatives into national activities, such as the International Decade for Education for Sustainable Development, the 5th Ibero-American Congress on Environmental Education, the Tunza process and other UNEP-sponsored activities addressing children and youth.

Environmental governance

Under the guidance of the Office of the Executive Director, DRC and ROLAC, UNEP's office in Brazil supported the organization of two rounds of consultations on the UN environmental reform and UNEP's role in the context of the UN reform

Sustainable production and consumption

After a notable sequence of SCP activities in the country, their input has been duly incorporated to the SCP national agenda, and resulted in the invitation for UNEP's office in Brazil to join the National Steering Committee on SCP in an observing and advisory capacity. This is a multi-stakeholder discussion forum coordinated by the Ministry of Environment that conveys other relevant ministries, agencies, associations and NGOs, to mainstream national actions on SCP.

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved:

National
Development Plan /
Strategy (National
Development, PRS,
MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: Development with social inclusion and quality education

Period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

The plan highlights a few actions that took place in the past years in relation to conservation and sustainable use of natural resources

- The growth of the National System of Conservation Units
- The approval of the National Strategic Plan for Protected Areas
- The development of the National Plan on Water Resources
- The approval of the Public Forests Management Law

- The implementation of the action plan for the prevention and control of deforestation in the legal Amazon jurisdiction (Amazonia Legal)
- The establishment of the National Fund for Environmental Compensation

For the plan, the Federal Government intends to:

- Continue with environmental licensing
- Promote a halt to deforestation, combat desertification and conserve biodiversity in all Brazilian biomes
- Promote the access to quality water and water resource management, control pollution, conservation and basin restoration
- Increase sustainable use of biodiversity, of continental and marine resources and protected areas in national development processes/ decisions.
- Promote environmental management, sustainable production and consumption in urban and rural areas and in traditional communities

Brazil is a country with advanced environmental institutional framework, important technical capacity installed all over the country, very sophisticated environmental legislation (including the environmental crimes legislation) and enforcement. It counts on technologically advanced systems for environmental monitoring (such as the satellite deforestation system) and detailed national plans on key environmental areas such as biodiversity, climate change, desertification, water resources etc.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; GEO Brazil reports the following main issues:
 - Lack for sewage treatment affecting water resources
 - Fisheries over exploitation
 - Amazon deforestation
 - All biomes have less than 10% of land protected
 - Low percentage (28%) of solid waste adequately treated
 - Erosion
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes: DEWA, DRC/ROLAC, UNEP/Brazil
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No information available.

Country: Chile

or PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2007-2010**

Expected reviews and evaluation: Midterm review was supposed to take place during the fourth trimester of the second year (2008). Final term review will be done during the fourth trimester of the last year (2010)

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2009 (new UNDAF starting in 2011)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? There are nine thematic working groups, none on environment.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
Cooperation area 2: Strengthen decentralization and local development				
Direct UNDAF effect 2: By 2010 the poorest municipalities would have improved MDG indicators				
7. The country has promoted an integrated management of population, territory and the environment with emphasis on local and rural development.	EM EG		320.000	Number or percentage of regional development plans that incorporate an integrated development approach Number or percentage of regional development plans that incorporate a sustainable development approach Number or percentage of regional development plans that incorporates a human rights approach

$Further \ to \ the \ identification \ of \ environmental \ components \ in \ the \ UNDAF, \ please \ address \ the \ following:$

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No. The report states that "technical support from agencies will incorporate rights and gender approaches in a cross cutting fashion.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? No direct reference to MEAs

• Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No. You may refer to the table above.
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

		,
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	-	Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of
		the Environment of LAC on Access to Genetic Resources
DELC	Technical Assistance	(Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
		Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental
DELC	Capacity Building	Law and Policy
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Copiapo
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Chile
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth MERCOSUR
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Puerto Montt
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO MERCOSUR
		Training of LAC youth in assessment methodology and
DEWA	GEO Youth	process
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshops for South Cone

DTIE	Capacity Building for MSMEs on SCP	Andean Community (CAN) Demo Project
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Global Solar Water Heating Market Transformation and Strengthening Initiative (PIMS 3611) - CHILE
DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Promoting Sustainable Transport in Latin America – Guatemala, Chile and Panama.
DTIE HQ	Chemicals	National Programme for Management of Mercury in Chile
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Enabling a Control and Regulatory Network
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Main Meeting of Joint LAC/ODS Networks
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Public Awareness Programme
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting of the Activities
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Chile	1 •

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

MDG Implementation Plan Title: I am with you: Michelle Bachelet's Government Plan

Period covered: 2006-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

No key environmental issues are listed in the development plan.

Under the "New environmental policy" section a few issues are raised, these are:

- Ecosystem degradation
- Need for private protected areas
- Wood harvesting
- Need to strengthen enforcement (in industries)
- Harmonization of environmental legislation
- Support for small and medium businesses to reach environmental standards
- Define a National Basins Strategy in the framework of energy generation
- Insufficient advance in relation to the urban agenda
- Improve air quality
- A programme for the restoration of contaminated urban sites will be developed
- Increase inclusiveness in EIAs
- Improve environmental education having at least 40% of schools and high-schools environmentally certified by 2010

Environment is presented in a cross cutting matter in a few occasions:

- "Improve living conditions (safety, protection of the environment) of the most vulnerable..." (p. 23)
- "We will reorient public health programs, giving more emphasis to those behaviors with more incidence and to environmental factors, that have been evolving from lack of sewage treatment towards the presence of pollution from toxic and dangerous substances." (p. 27)
- "We will apply technical decisions that incorporate the best available environmental practices and allow a safe and sustainable development of mining..."
 (p. 58)
- "We want a cargo sector that contributes to the economic development of Chile, but also one that protects the environment..." (p. 70)
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated. There is a reference to Agenda 21 and Johannesburg Plan of Implementation (JPOI)
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects

and allocation of resources? Not stated.
• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity. GEO Chile 2002 reports the following main issues:
- Lake eutrophization
- Fisheries impacting marine ecosystems and populations
- Deforestation and fragmentation
- Insufficient knowledge of biodiversity and an important fraction of Chile's biological diversity in risk of becoming extinct
- Air quality remains a challenge
- Lack of management of dangerous waste and hospital waste poorly managed
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes: DEWA
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No information available.

Country: Colombia

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA Current period covered: 2008-2012

Expected reviews and evaluation: Monitoring and evaluation annually. No mention of mid term and final review dates

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? There are 5 working groups mentioned in the UNDAF, none on environment.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2				
Sustainable development				
UNDAF Result 2 National,				
regional, and local capacities				
for territorial management				
strengthened to support				
sustainable development				
		UNDP	UNDP :9.823.000	
Country program outcome		UNICEF	UNICEF:500.000	
2.1 National and regional		ECLAC	ECLAC:70.000	
capacity solidified for the		UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT:100.000	
knowledge and use of				
biodiversity, conservation,				
restoration and management				
of ecosystems so as to secure				
the existence of environmental				
goods and services				

51 The National Environment System has been strengthened and modernized in order to dully accomplish its obligations (information systems, economic instruments, control of native fauna, ecosystem restoration, etc)	EG EM	ECLAC FAO UNDP UN HABITAT FAO	
52 A strategy for an integrated management of water resources established and implemented	EM	UNDP UNHABITAT	
53 The state, business sector, indigenous communities, Afro-American and local communities, and civil society have their capacities strengthened so as to design and implement methodologies and instruments for the conservation, degradation prevention, and restoration of ecosystems, including the natural, cultural, ethnic and population dimensions	EG EM	FAO UNDP UNHABITAT UNODC	
54 Indigenous communities, Afro-American and local communities, and civil society have their capacities strengthened so as to promote and manage sustainable development in a framework of respect towards multiculturalism and regional articulation	EG	FAO OIM UNDP UNHABITAT UNICEF UNODC	

·					1
	Country program outcome		UNIDO	UNIDO:812.000	
	2.1 National capacities to		UNODC	UNODC:1.500.000	
	develop competitive and		ECLAC	ECLAC:70.000	
	sustainable development		UNCRD	UNCRD:120.000	
	process that consider regional				
	particularities and comparative				
	advantages have been				
	strengthened				
	55 Government institutions,	EG	ECLAC		
	private business and civil	20	IOM		
	society strengthened so as to		UNIDO		
	design and launch		UNDP		
	mechanisms and instruments		UNCRD		
	that promote an integral		UNODC		
	development of regions based		UNODC		
	on productive strengths,				
	territorial marketing,				
	competitiveness and				
	economic, social and				
	environmental sustainability in				
	a globalized framework				
	56 National capacities		UNIDO		
	strengthened for the		UNDP		
	conversion and organization				
	of production as well as the				
	business sector development				
	including small, medium and				
	large businesses to serve as				
	instruments for the promotion				
	of competitive and sustainable				
	process at the national and				
	international level.				
	57 Mechanisms and	EG	ECLAC		
	instruments to promote		OIM		
	corporate social responsibility		UNDP		
	applied to sustainable		UNV		
	development have been				
	formulated				
	Tormurated				

58 Entrepreneurs and the government have strengthened	RE CC			
their capacity to design	EG			
strategies, programs and projects directed to the				
promotion of energy				
efficiency and entrepreneurial				
efficiency				
59 State institutions and civil	EG			
society's action capabilities				
have been strengthened to				
implement strategies to the				
substitution of illegal crops				
with legal socio-economic				
alternatives in a context of				
environmental sustainability for development				
Country program outcome		UNICEF	UNICEF:500.000	
2.1 National capacity for the		UNDP	UNDP:1.500.000	
implementation of risk		PAHO	PAHO:307.000	
management and mitigation of			11220.507.000	
environmental damage				
strengthened.				
60 National capacities to	HS			
implement a strategy for the	\mathbf{EG}			
elimination of contaminant				
substances have been				
strengthened	TIC			
61 National capacities for an	HS EG			
integral management of all types of waste have been	EG EM			
strengthened	EWI			
suchguidhed				

62 Nat	ional and regional	EG		
capacit	ties for the evaluation,			
monito	oring and management			
of risk	in national and regional			
plannir	ng process and			
territor	rial planning have been			
strengt	hened			

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Not stated

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DELC	Provision of Advisory Services to countries for the development of legislative proposals which address identified environmental and sustainable development issues and for the implementation of selected environmental agreements	Synergetic Implementation of Biodiversity related MEAS in four selected countries in LAC
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Capacity Building	Subregional Workshop on Access to Environmental Justice
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Colombia
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia

DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Cartagena
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO Youth	Training of LAC youth in assessment methodology and process
DGEF	Andes	Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in the Northern and Central Andes
DGEF	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based businesses and support of market development activities in the Andean region	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based businesses and support of market development activities in the Andean region
DGEF	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a Regional Framework on ABS in Member Countries of the Andean Community (CAN).	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a Regional Framework on ABS in Member Countries of the Andean Community (CAN).
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Journalist workshop in Bogota, Colombia
DRC Information	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
DRC Information	Advisory Services	Marine Biological Corridor Cocos - Galapagos (Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador)
DTIE	Development of National Policy on SCP	Colombia Demo Project on SCP Policy
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Andean Community of Nations
DTIE	Workshops and Exhibitions	
DTIE	Capacity Building for MSMEs on SCP	Andean Community (CAN) Demo Project
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Colombia	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South- South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Colombia	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Colombia	Assistance with ODS data reporting

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA): Not applicable • Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any; • Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues; • UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

MDG	
Implementation	1
Plan	

MDC

Title: National Development Plan 2006-2010

Period covered: 2006-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Chapter 5 "an environmental and risk management strategy that promotes sustainable development" describes some environmental issues and strategies. Environmental issues:

- Deforestation
- The effects of deforestation on biodiversity and water resources
- Ecosystem degradation
- Soil erosion and desertification
- Air pollution
- Climate change

Regarding the strategy:

- Environmental management will be oriented around 6 structural topics
 - Environmental planning in territorial management
 - Integrated management of water resources
 - Knowledge, conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity
 - Promotion of competitive and sustainable productive processes

- Prevention and control of environmental degradation
- Strengthening the National Environment System for environmental governance

Environment is not mentioned as such in the plan, however there are a few references of environment presented in a cross-cutting way:

Chapter 3 "reducing poverty and promoting employment and equity" has environment as cross cutting in the urban and illicit crops section.

Chapter 7 "special dimensions of environment", there is just a short mention to the environment in the transport section, and a more detailed about the importance of the environment for many ethnic communities in Colombia.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Costa Rica

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

Current period covered: 2008-2012

Expected reviews and evaluation: Yearly reviews, evaluation will take place in 2011

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? There are seven thematic working groups, none on environment. However one of the 4 cooperation areas is specifically directed to environmental sustainability (about 17% of the total budget)

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
			funds (US \$)	Matrix
4. Environmental				
Sustainability				
1.Changes in economic	EG			Indicator : Number of municipalities
and socio-cultural				with Local Agendas 21 (AL 21)
practices of priority				formulated and implemented and
groups achieved in favor				number of entities with information
of environmental				about Agenda21. Baseline: Local
sustainability				Agendas 21 (AL 21) and its

1.4. Biodiesel production strategy designed through the establishment of palm oil plantations and others in areas with low HDI (Human Development Index)	RE EM	FAO	FAO:35.000	emissions of Ozone Depleting Substances. Baseline: No institutional actions exist.
1.5.Support to communication and awareness raising process related to environmental status, natural resource use and the design and implementation of an integral environmental education strategy	EG	UNDP	UNDP:70.000	
1.6 Administrative, financial and technical levels of staff belonging to environmental management institutions and relevant actors strengthened.	EG	UNDP	UNDP:2.800.000	
1.7 Political conditions and legal regulations for the sustainability of Wilderness Areas improved	EG EM	UNDP	UNDP:4.000.000	
1.8 Improve actions and regulations aimed at reducing the emissions of ozone depleting substances	HS RE	UNDP	UNDP:100.000 / 40.000	
2. Coordination and command of the environmental sector and risk management secured	EG			

2.1 Health Sector PAHO/WHO Council strengthened in UNDP PAHO/WHO:50.000 UNDP:25.000	Indicator : Number of environment and health regulations designed,
environmental health	approved, and being applied.
matters.	Baseline: No data
2.2Capacities of national EG UNDP UNDP:25.000	Indicator: Number of risk
and local authorities and PAHO/WHO PAHO/WHO:150.000	management plans formulated and
social actors related to UN-HABITAT UN-HABITAT:22.000 /	executed at the national and local
risk management 180.000	level. Baseline: No data
strengthened.	Indicator: Number of organizations
2.3 Support to key EG, UNDP UNDP:60.000	participating in the development and
organizations in the EM	execution of the National Plan for the
governance of water	Integrated Management of Water
resources.	Resources. Baseline: No data
2.4 Support the EG, WMO WMO:705.000	Indicator: One climate change
strengthening of national CC UNDP UNDP: 350.000 / 700.000	program elaborated by the National
capacity for climate	Meteorological Institute. Baseline No
change adaptation	data
2.5 Support the design RE UNDP UNDP: 1.250.000	
and implementation of	Indicator: An energy efficiency
programs related to	program for the Infrastructure and
energy efficiency and	Transport sector designed and under
efficient public	execution Baseline : No program
transportation	exists
3. Institutional EG	
capacities for the	
adequate management	
of resources and an	
strengthened	
accountability	
3.1 Organizations, local EG UN-HABITAT UN-HABITAT: 3.000 / 12.000	Indicator : Number of public entities
governments and public UNDP UNDP: 25.000 / 250.000	with budget accountability
institutions have tools for	mechanisms in place. Baseline. Lack
the promotion of	of budget accountability tools and
monitoring processes and	culture
an accountability culture	
3.2 Sustainable forest EM FAO FAO: 300.000	Indicator A sustainable forest
management strategy	management strategy designed and

designed and implemented				implemented. Baseline: No strategy exists
3.3 Institutional	EG	UNESCO	UNESCO:15.000	CAISIS
capacities of the		UNDP	UNDP:10.000 / 50.000	
environmental sector				
strengthened and				
adequate coordination				
with Central American				
countries promoted				
4. Technical and	EG			
strategic territorial				
planning capacities				
strengthened				
4.1 Instruments to	EG	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO:100.000	Indicator: Control mechanisms
improve the control of				developed and in place. Baseline No
health environmental				control mechanisms exist Indicator Number of norms and
services developed and applied				plans developed and in place from
4.2 Technical capacities	EG,	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO:100.000	the health sector related to prevention
of the health sector	DC	PAHO/WHO	FAHO/WHO.100.000	and response to emergencies and
related to the prevention	DC			disasters. Baseline Lack of technical
and response to				capacities in the health sector
emergencies and				Indicator: An inter-institutional
disasters strengthened				protocol regarding risk prevention in
4.3 Strategies and	EG,	UNICEF	UNICEF:50.000	the management of emergency
policies for risk	\mathbf{DC}	UNDP	UNDP: 250.000	shelters developed and in place.
prevention, shelter				Baseline: Use of methodologies for
management and				inter-institutional coordination is
methodologies and				weak.
protocols for institutional				Indicator: Baseline with National
roles for protection in				Emergency Commission information
emergency situations				disaggregated by gender and age.
defined and applied				Baseline No awareness of child and
4.4 Land use plans	EM	UNDP	UNDP:20.000 / 100.000	teenagers needs in emergency
designed and		HABITAT	HABITAT:20.000 / 40.000	situations and prevention policies. Indicator: Number of Land Use
implemented		FAO	FAO :200.000	Planning documents developed and
				in place. Baseline No data
				in place. Dascinic No data

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?

 Many areas under the environment cooperation area are cross cutting, but the other cooperation areas do not incorporate environmental issues. One example is under cooperation area 1 (A human inclusive, sustainable and equitable development style), which has as one of its products the "design and functioning strategy for alliances between inclusive productions between small agricultural producers, industry, exporters, etc, with a gender approach." (emphasis added). Gender is placed as a cross cutting issue in an area where environment is key, and where the cooperation area 4 (environment) has related products.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? No direct reference to MEAs, except for the implementation of the Montreal Protocol on Ozone Depleting Substances
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DELC	Provision of Advisory Services to countries for the development of	Assistance to Costa Rica for the development of new legislation on Solid Waste Management and Disposal
	legislative proposals which address identified environmental and	<i>Siopoon</i>

	sustainable development issues and for the implementation of selected environmental agreements	
DELC	Technical Assistance	Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC on Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DGEF	Costa Rica: Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework for Costa Rica	Costa Rica: Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework for Costa Rica
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
DRC Information	Advisory Services	Marine Biological Corridor Cocos - Galapagos (Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador)
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in Guatemala
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DRC Information	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DRC Information	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Capacity building for Sustainable procurement with Swiss MTF methodology
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Costa Rica	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Costa Rica	Assistance with ratification of Beijing Amendment of Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation

OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Costa Rica	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
	Costa Rica	activities, and Staff Member Official Missions

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable.

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved:

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: National Development Plan: Jorge Manuel Dengo Obregón

Period covered: 2006-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Annual by sector

Start of development of next plan/strategy: First semester of next governmental period

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Importance of good use of natural resources for tourism

Costa Rica's international reputation as a "green" country

Water resources

Biodiversity use and conservation (protected areas included)

Marine and coastal resources

State of forests

Air quality

Climate change

Land use planning

Energy related infrastructure

It is important to point out that in some sections of the document an intention to cover environmental issues transversally is shown. A few examples are (1) the treatment of water resources considering environmental and energy aspects; (2) Land use planning and sustainability, and solid waste management as key for poverty alleviation; (3) The inclusion of biodiversity as a key aspect in the cultural sector; (4) The relevance of improving environmental conditions in the metropolitan area to improve health conditions; (5) Tourism based on natural assets (with certification as a tool); (6) use of conservation practices associated with agricultural production including organic certification, participatory certification and increase in exports of organic products (15% increase as target).

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)
 Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? From the document it can not be concluded which are the leading governmental and non-governmental organizations working on environmental issues (a reference to programs related to environment is made in the organizational chart).
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

• Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; MINAE, INBIO, GEO Costa Rica: A perspective on environment 2002.

Main environmental issues identified in GEO are: (1) Increased pressure on ground water; (2) Forest quality and biodiversity loss; (3) Coastal area deteriorating; (4) Air pollution by transport sector; (5) Low sewage system coverage and lack of adequate treatment.

- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. DEWA, DRC/ROLAC
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? GEO not listed in document

Country: Cuba

UNDAF

 \mathbf{or}

PCNA PDNA Current period covered: 2008-2012

Expected reviews and evaluation: 1. A mid-term evaluation, in the fourth trimester of 2010. 2. A final evaluation of UNDAF results in 2012, the last year of this framework.

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Apparently it is proposed to establish a coordination group for the Environment, Energy and Sustainable Development issues with inter-agency and relevant national institutions participation.

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
UNDAF Outcome 3. Strengthened national capacities to implement environmental policies and strategies and provide energy services with the aim of promoting sustainable development		UNDP UNIDO UNEP UNESCO UNICEF	UNDP: 818 938 regular resources 19 900 000 other resources UNDP/UNIDO: 4 200 000 UNEP: 95 000 regular resources 262 000 other resources 45 000 to mobilize UNEP/UNIDO: 2 000 000 other resources UNESCO: 35 000 to mobilize UNICEF: 50 000 to mobilize	
1.1. Agency Outcome(s) 1.1.1. Output(s)				
3.1 Strengthened the capacities to implement the sustainable management land principles in Cuba that contribute to maintaining productivity and				-Number of farmers, ranchers and forest that apply practices to reduce / eliminate land

ecosystems' functions.		legradation in Cuba.
		Sustainable management of water resources
	s	Sustainable management of soils in agricultural lands Baseline -Bl.: 2 000 people).
		Sustainable management of soil in cattle grasslands (Bl.: 1 000 people) - Sustainable management of corest resources (B.1:4 400 people).
	t s s	- Number of acres in Cuba covered with plans for land use hat properly incorporate the sustainable land management orinciples: - Farmland (Bl.: 0) - Pasture land - Forest land
	r C H ""	National Scope System for monitoring, evaluation and coordination of the Country Partnership Program (CPP) Support to the implementation of the National Program to Combat Desertification and Drought n Cuba. "
		National Plan on the development of the agricultural drainage to combat salinity in

				the soils.
Assessi System Partner: "Suppo implem Nationa	stablish a Monitoring, ment and Coordination for the Country ship Program rt for the entation of the al Program to Combat fication and Drought	RE	FAO UNDP UNEP	
the inst individu capabil awarend making coordin and environmentor	able management of	EG DC	FAO UNDP UNEP	
3.1.4 D Plan on drainag	eveloped the National the agricultural e development to salinity in the soil	EG	FAO	
3.2 Stree capacities to prome sustainand develop policies	engthened national les lote the access to lable energy services, lot and implement lot and measures for lon and adaptation to	CC EG RE		- Second National Communication to the UNFCCC prepared and presented by Cuba on schedule (Bl.: 0) Map of vulnerabilities to multiple weather threats: droughts, floods coastal, intense winds, storms and local electric shocks (Bl.: 0) Early warning systems

			tailored to the modifications of multiple climate change threats - Number of replication projects that have received support from the Replication and Risk fund in the project of Isla de la Juventud - Number of identified initiatives for the energy efficiency and renewable use improvement in Cuba (Bl.: 0). - Rural energy development program in Cuba
3.2.1 Developed the Cuban Second National Communication to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).	СС	UNDP UNEP	
3.2.2 Developed a strategy in Cuba for adaptation to multiple threats generated by climate change and climate variability	CC	UNDP	
3.2.3 Provided modern energy services based on renewable energy in the Isla de la Juventud	RE	UNEP UNIDO UNDP	
3.2.4 Identified new initiatives to improve energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy in Cuba	RE	UNDP UNIDO UNEP	
3.3 Incorporation of conservation and sustainable biodiversity use strategies in national development plans,			Number of national significant SNAP areas with: - Legal recognition (Bl.: 47%, June 2006)

promoted with the aim of	EM		- Clearly defined boundaries
reversing the biological	23.72		(Bl.: 55%, June 2006).
diversity loss.			- An effective administration
diversity loss.			established
			(Bl.: 55%, June 2006).
			- Implemented management
			plan
			(Bl.: 51%, June 2006).
			SNAP Financial sustainability
			strategy approved and
			implemented
			Number of pilot projects that
			incorporate conservation and
			biodiversity sustainable use
			concepts in productive sectors:
			- Fishing (Bl.: 0)
			- Tourism (Bl.: 0)
			- Forest (Bl.: 0)
			- Agriculture (Bl.: 0)
			-Actions taken to the
			conservation of biodiversity in
			sectors
			production (agriculture,
			fisheries, tourism,
			forest).
			-Actions taken for biodiversity
			conservation in productive
			sectors
			(agriculture, fisheries, tourism,
			forest).
			- Effective operation /
			compliance of the
			Environmental Committee's
			annual work plan /
			UNESCO in Cuba
			- Amount of resources
			mobilized in order to
			strengthen national

- Number of proven technologies for sanitation of Havana Bay (Bl.: 0). - Reduction of pollution levels and discharges to the Havana Bay (Bl.: N - 32mg / l and P - 9mg / l). - Population of the Havana Bay's tributary basin that benefit with the wastewater liquid treatment system (Bl.: 0). - Local Authority of Integral management of basin and coastal area of Bay Cienfuegos - Monitoring Program of water
_

a3.4.1 Proven technologies	DC	UNEP	Number of demonstrative pilot areas that apply concepts of basin and coastal area integral management in the Cienfuegos Bay (Bl.:0) - Raising awareness on issues of management and sustainable use of water (Bl.: XX)-to be clarified by UNICEF and UNESCO.
for wastewater treatment and sanitation of Havana Bay	HS	UNDP UNOPS	
3.4.2 Integrated basin and coastal zone practices implemented in the Cienfuegos Bay	EG	UNDP UNEP UNOPS	
3.4.3 Awareness actions developed for the management and sustainable use of water	EG	F AO UNESCO UNICEF	
3.4.4 Measures implemented for the economic and safe treatment of urban solid wastes		PAHO/WHO UNIDO	
3.5 Strengthened national capacities for the safe environmental management of chemical products.			
3.5.1 Prepared Action Plan for the environmentally safe handling of polychlorinated biphenyls PCBs in Cuba	HS	UNIDO UNEP	

3.5.2 Strengthened capacities (material and human) of the Ozone Technical Office (OTOZ) to facilitate the implementation of national commitments in the elimination and reduction of substances that deplete the ozone layer.	CC HS	UNDP	
3.5.3 Implemented National	CC	UNDP	
Plan for the total elimination of CFCs	HS		
3.5.4 Implementation of the		UNIDO	
National Plan for the	HS	CIVIDO	
complete elimination of			
BrMe (specified by UNIDO).			
3.5.6 Strengthening the	HS	UNEP	
capacities of officials of the			
OTOZ for the participation of			
Cuba in the Meetings of the			
Montreal Protocol			
Observations			

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety and the Montreal Protocol.
- Which outcomes/outputs? 3.2.1, 3.3.3, 3.5.2, 3.5.3, 3.5.5, 3.5.6.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Yes

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Not stated Or from Government? Not stated. If so, which sector from government and in which areas?
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? Yes. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
- List major UNEP and MEAs programs/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

ONLITROLAC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DLLC	und benimais in the Region	Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC on
DELC	Technical Assistance	Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DLLC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	That Each American Training Programme on Environmental Eaw and Policy
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DLLC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	1 out in Dichinia Carioocan Environmentar Fordin and Exmotion (CEF 4)
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Cities in Cuba
DEWA	GEO Nationals	GEO Cuba
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	ILAC Cuba
DEWA	Cuba: Completion and strengthening of a	ILAC Cuua
	national biosafety framework for the	
	effective implementation of the	Cuba: Completion and strengthening of a national biosafety framework for the effective
DGEF	Cartagena Protocol	implementation of the Cartagena Protocol
DOEL	Cuba: Country Partnership Program -	Implementation of the Cartagena Frotocol
DGEF	Cuba - Land Degradation	Cuba: Country Dartnarchin Dragram Cuba Land Dagradation
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Cuba: Country Partnership Program - Cuba - Land Degradation Global Environmental Citizenship
DRC	Giodai Environmentai Citizensnip	
_	Constitut Desitations	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic
Information	Capacity Building	Island
DRC	C : P :II:	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in
Information	Capacity Building	Guatemala
DRC	C : P III	XX 1.1 C X'.1 T'.
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DEED IIO		Capacity building for Cuban POPs laboratories under multilateral environmental
DTIE HQ	Chemicals	agreements
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Cuba	Assistance with ODS data reporting
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Cuba	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin

		American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Cuba	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade	
Post Conflict	or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDN	NA) Not applicable	_
	or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDN al content, including the level of priority give	· • • •	
Environmenta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ven to environmental issues if any;	

Country: Dominica

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS Current period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2 Sustainable development			17	
UNDAF OUTCOME By 2010 Regional and national capacities strengthened and integrated into planning and institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi- hazards and the environment.				
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed and enhanced and used for the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring of their socio-economic and environmental effects	DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP : 1.800.000	
OUTPUTS: Community based vulnerability and early warning systems piloted in 2 countries. Standardized assessment and analysis methodologies applied				
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC techniques				

Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes Ivan and Emily Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established OUTPUTS:	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC:1.600.000	
A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion A study on the importance and application of early				
warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				

	HO to support the inclusion of health s community health early warning ert points		
	HO to provide technical cooperation to ies in elaborating and testing plans		
	of disaster risk management capacity nstitutional		
support th	f recovery specialists is provided to e early formulation of sustainable post- covery planning and programming		
Mainstrea reduction	on of existing Disaster Risk Reduction ming tools expanded into poverty strategies & disasters, environment & the in all OECS member states & Barbados		
	capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction JNDP Barbados & OECS office is ed		
and sector	ming disaster risk reduction into policy al programming		
Cross cult region est	ural network for disaster reduction in the ablished		
exchange among the	capacities through the promotion of of experiences in disaster risk reduction English, Spanish and French speaking are increased		
	earnt from UNTFHS programme integrated		

Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool for Grenada established and approved.				
Sub-outcome 3.3 Increased collaboration between UN system and regional and national partners in mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and in awareness building	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts to discuss risk reduction strategies in the Caribbean				
Training workshops on disaster impact assessment and risk reduction strategies for government personnel involved in disaster assessment and prevention strategies				
High level meeting of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) to review progress towards implementation of the Mauritius Strategy workshop in collaboration with regional partners on the implications of climate change for the sustainable development of Caribbean economies				
PAHO/WHO to promote inclusion of health in broad training programs as one of the priorities				
Sub-outcome 3.4 Underlying disaster risk factors at national and community levels reduced	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Dominica	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Dominica	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Dominica	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Dominica	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Dominica	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	OzonAction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: No information available.
Development	Period covered:
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations:
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy:
Development,	
PRS, MDG	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy): Not applicable
Implementation	
Plan)	 Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?
Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Dominican Republic

PCNA

PDNA

UNDAF Current period covered: 2007-2011
or Expected reviews and evaluation: It

Expected reviews and evaluation: It was agreed to hold annual meetings

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated. What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
		1 2 2 3 8 8 3 (3.27)	funds (US \$)	Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome National capacity for environmental management strengthened and coordinated with strategies for sustainable rural development				2.1. Legal / institutional bases for the sustainable management of land and protected areas revised and updated Baseline: Legal / institutional framework insufficient for sustainable management.
1.1. Agency Outcome(s)				
1.1.1. Output(s)				
2.1 Practices of sustainable land management adopted and expanded by strengthening the national policies and the implementation of pilot projects in watersheds with problems of land degradation. (UNDP, FAO, PAHO / WHO, UNESCO).	EM EG	FAO UNDP PAHO/WHO UNESCO	FAO: 370.000 UNDP: 4.500.000 UNDP: 5.000.000 UNDP: 700.000 PAHO/WHO: 20.000 UNESCO:100.000	2.P1. Number of models of sustainable land management (environmentally, socially and financially) defined and replicable. Baseline: There is no functional model of sustainable land management at the time.
2.2 Developed plan of	EG	IOM	IOM 240.000	2.P2. Increase the number of projects

sensitization and training of the population, as well as specific programs for the rational utilization of natural resources (FAO, UNDP, IOM, UNESCO)	RE	FAO UNDO UNESCO	FAO 150.000 UNDP 4.300.000 UNESCO 100.000	with NGOs and CGBS who follow the environmental guidelines of the Global Environment Facility (GEF). Baseline: 230 projects implemented between 1992 and 2005
2.3 National System of Protected Areas enhanced and integrated to local and national development (UNDP)	EM EG	UNDP	UNDP 5,000.000	2.P3. At least 23.8% of the land surface and 11% of the sea surface is maintained as a part of the National System of Protected Areas (NSPA). Baseline: When 23.8% of land surface and an 11% of the marine area are presented, they become part of NSPA 2P·3. Number of units for monitoring and focal points of Multilateral Environmental Treaties established, strengthened and in operation. Baseline: There are no focal points or units established to follow all treaties in which DR participates
2.4 Strengthened national capacities for the implementation of multilateral environmental treaties, protocols, conventions on biodiversity, climate change, land degradation, and ozone. (UNDP, FAO, PAHO / WHO, UNESCO)	CC EM EG HS	UNDP FAO PAHO/WHO UNESCO	UNDP 1.800.000 UNDP 500.000 FAO 70.000 PAHO/WHO 20.000 UNESCO 100.000	2.P4. Number of country's commitments under the conventions accomplished. Baseline: Important commitments in some of the conventions that are not yet completed (the National Action Plan / Desertification; National Biodiversity Strategy in CBD, etc.)
2.5 Strengthened national capacities at the central	RE		UNDP 1.000.000	There are no indicators established

and local level for the sustainable use of renewable energy sources. (UNDP, PAHO / WHO)				
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- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Yes, see Output 2.4
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No If yes, which and what is the funding involved?
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? See table below from UNEP/ROLAC database

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Capacity Building	Building the capacity of judges to protect biodiversity in Jamaica, Haiti, and the Dominican Republic.
DELC	Assistance to Conferences,	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Workshops and Seminars in the	
	Region	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences,	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
	Workshops and Seminars in the	
	Region	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences,	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
	Workshops and Seminars in the	
	Region	
DEWA	GEO Nationals	GEO Dominican Republic
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Santo Domingo
DGEF	Dominican Republic: Project on	Dominican Republic: Payment for Ecosystem Services in Las Neblinas Scientific Reserve as a pilot
	Biodiversity - title to be defined	approach to promoting the sustainability of protected areas in Dominican Republic.
DRC	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in Guatemala
Information		

	DRC	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
	Information		
	OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities,
		Dominican Republic	and Staff Member Official Missions
	OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and
			Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
	OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation
	OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National
		Dominican Republic	Ozone Unit set up and operations
	OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
		Dominican Republic	
	OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Assistance with ratification of Montreal and Beijing Amendments of Montreal Protocol and ODS data
		Dominican Republic	reporting
Po	st Conflict or Di	saster Needs Assessments (PCNA/I	PDNA). Not applicable.

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: Needs Evaluation and Cost Analysis for the Millennium Goals of the Presidential Commission on the Millennium Goals and Sustainable
Development	Development (COPDES). Agencies of the United Nations system in the country
Plan / Strategy	Period covered: 2000-2005
(National	Expected reviews and evaluations: Annual
Development,	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated
PRS, MDG	

Implementation Plan)

Implementation | Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Environmental Component Includes

Target 9. Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse loss of environmental resources.

Target 10. Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation. Set of policy guidelines:

- -Reform of the legal and institutional framework for water management in the public domain of the Dominican Republic. This establishes the separation between the roles policy -regulatory (rectory), resource management and service delivery. In addition, it incorporates a system of water rights, a national water plan, a system of appraisal of the resource (water accounts), and an integrated information system on water resources (such as support of decision making and as a basis for the management of early warning systems against drought and floods).
- Establishment of quality standards for each of our rivers and aquifers and strengthening of the monitoring systems by the authorities of the Environmental Department and other public entities related to water management.
- -Development of policy and regulatory environmental framework and monitoring capacity, to encourage changes in agricultural practices geared toward saving and conservation of water (availability and quality).
- -Strengthening the Water Culture Program, as a saving and conservation strategy, that must be assumed by all the Dominican society, with the participation of key sectors such as agriculture, tourism, local governments, and others.
- -Developing of a national strategy for solid waste management with participation and consensus mechanisms among the key players. This strategy should have a favorable impact on people's health and conservation of water resources.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No.
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Apparently, the Presidential Commission on the Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? There is no reference to the work of UNEP. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. Not applicable

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Ecuador

UNDAF Current period covered: 2004-2008

or

Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

PCNA | Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010-2014 (being finalized)

PDNA Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Yes. What are the leading and participating agencies? FAO, Habitat, UNEP, UNDP, UNIFEM, DESA, IFAD, WB

	MTS code	Implementing Agencies)	Estimated costs and available funds	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
Priority area 2: Secure environmental sustainability.				No baselines or indicators provided
Development target 2.1: Incorporate sustainable development principles in national and local programs.	EG EM	UNDP	UNDP: 623.000 1.005.000 500.000	
Conservation and restoration of priority natural ecosystems	EM			
Adopt sustainable production strategies and environmental standards.	EM RE HS EG			
Decentralize environmental management.	EG EM			

Incorporate sustainable development principles into macroeconomic decision making.	EG			
Development target 2.2:	EM	WFP	WFP: 300.000	
Secure equal access to	EG			
environmental goods and		UNDP	UNDP:	
services and environmental			614.000	
quality.			42.105.000	
			1.500.000	
Development target 2.3:	EG	UNDP	UNDP:	
To make it possible for	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{M}$		750.000	
national and local	DC		250.000	
governments to have risk		UNFPA	UNFPA:	
mitigation and natural			175.000	
disaster prevention plans.			650.000	
		UNICEF	UNICEF:	
			300.000	

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No. Environmental mainstreaming is extremely low, particularly considering how well environment is mainstreamed in the National Development Plan, (see below).
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country:

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Capacity Building	Subregional Workshop on Access to Environmental Justice
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the	
DELC	Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change

	Region	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	Green Customs Meeting
DELC	Technical Assistance	Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Esmeraldas
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Loja
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Ecuador
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO Nationals	GEO Ecuador
DGEF	Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in the Northern and Central Andes	Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in the Northern and Central A
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
DGEF	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based businesses and support of market development activities in the Andean region	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based businesses and support of madevelopment activities in the Andean region
DGEF	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a Regional Framework on ABS in Member Countries of the Andean Community (CAN).	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a Regional Framework on Amember Countries of the Andean Community (CAN).
DGEF	Ecuador: Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework of Ecuador	Ecuador: Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework of Ecuador
DRC Informati	on Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
DRC Informati	on Advisory Services	Marine Biological Corridor Cocos - Galapagos (Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuado
DRC Informati	on Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DTIE	Development of National Policy on SCP	Ecuador Demo Project on SCP Policy
DTIE	Capacity Building for MSMEs on SCP	Andean Community (CAN) Demo Project
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Andean Community of Nations
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Country project on the Impact of Subsidies on the Ecuadorian Tuna's Sustainability at Trade
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	SCP & poverty project
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Ecuador	Technical and policy advice to review and implement a National Plan of Action to retr compliance on Methyl Bromide phase-out

OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Ecuador	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Ecuador	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Ecuador	Assistance with ratification of Beijing Amendment of Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA): Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

MDG
Implementation
Plan

Title: National Development Plan 2007-2010: Planning for the citizen revolution

Period covered: 2007-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is a high level of mainstreaming of environmental issues in the NDP

At the assessment level the following issues are highlighted

- -Accelerated rate of biodiversity loss
- -Deforestation
- -Expansion and intensification of agricultural and grazing use of soil
- -Accelerated extraction of marine and coastal resources
- -Environmental contamination, deterioration of quality of life and inadequate waste management
- -Contamination, deforestation and conflicts around mining and oil extraction
- -Water resources degradation and uneven access
- -Climate change effects
- -Contradictory views of natural heritage: environmental conflicts
- -Week institutions and environmental legislation

The Plan has 12 objectives, one of which is to promote a healthy and sustainable environment and to secure access to safe water, air and soil. The objectives and strategies are presented in a fashion similar to the UNDAFs, Summary of policies are enlisted below:

- Policy 4.1. Conserving and using biodiversity sustainably, through the strengthening of territorial and protected areas planning, the monitoring and control of extractive activities and development of initiatives of alternative and sustainable use of biodiversity.
- Policy 4.2. Comprehensively manage the country's forest heritage, through the deforestation control and management of native forests within and outside the protected areas, restoration of forest areas for fitness and strengthening the legal, participatory and of the forestry information framework.
- Policy 4.4. Develop a response to the effects of climate change, that includes prevention, reduction and mitigation, through the promotion of information, strengthening the institutional framework, improving the international negotiation processes, reducing the associated social vulnerability and the use of economic incentives and other management tools Strategies
- Policy 4.5. Develop sustainable renewable energies and improve energy efficiency through the strengthening of the institutional, legal and the environmental management in all strategic areas of the state and society. Strategies.
- Policy 4.6. Strengthen environmental institutions and promote a strategy of public environmental sustainability through the implementation of institutional and legal reforms that allow the strengthening of audit, control and regulation of natural resources, as well as the promotion of social participation and citizen oversight.
- Policy 4.7. Prevent and control environmental pollution as a contribution to improve the quality of life through the development of decontamination strategies, improving environmental quality controls, the establishment of policies and monitoring systems and the establishment of applicable environmental standards Strategies
- Policy 4.8. Articulate the environmental dimension with social and economic policies that enable a mainstreaming of environmental policy in all areas of production, economical and social rights in the country.

 Strategies.
- Policy 4.9. Improving the State's management in areas of high socio environmental conflicts through the processes of monitoring and auditing the extractive activities, dialogue, the social control, and the implementation of policies and plans for local communities and people.
- Policy 4.10. Incorporate and implement in the State and society management a dynamic and efficient system of risk management and reduction of population's vulnerability to natural disasters.
- Policy 11.10. Controlling emissions and air and water pollution produced by extractive activities, economic transformation and public transportation and mitigate its environmental impacts

Policy 11.19. Encouraging a mining development with the participation of local communities and national and foreign companies (small, medium and large), to ensure environmental sustainability.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?
 Not stated
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? UNDP
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? United Nations Convention of Law of the Sea
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?

Not stated

• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country
environmenta
assessments
(UNEP, EC,
WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country: Not applicable

- al Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
 - Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
 - Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: El Salvador

PCNA

PDNA

UNDAF Current period covered: 2007-2011 or

Expected reviews and evaluation: Strategic annual meetings

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated. What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
			funds (US \$)	Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome				
1.1. Agency Outcome(s)			16.010.000	Proportion of land area covered by
Direct effect of UNDAF				forests
at the end of the				Baseline: 5.8 (2000).
program cycle:				Relation between protected areas in
For 2011 effective				order to maintain the biological
policies, strategies and				diversity and the surface.
participatory programs				Baseline: 0.4 (2000)
at national and local				Carbon dioxide emissions per capita
levels of integrated				(metric tons of carbon)
environmental				Baseline: 0.26 (2002)
management and risk				Proportion of population with
management are being				sustainable access to improved
implemented.				sources of water supply
				Baseline: 84.6 (2004).
				Proportion of population with access
				to improved sanitation services
				Baseline: 86.5 (2004)
1.1.1. Output(s)				
MA1.				
Policies, strategies and				
resources that link				
climate change and				
energy to strategic				
areas of development				
management,				

	environment and				[]
	management of				
	established risks				
	1.1 Strengthened national	CC	UNDP	UNDP: 700.000	
	capacities for the design	RE	FAO	FAO: 25.000	
	and implementation of				
	climate change and				
	energy strategies and				
	programs (UNDP, FAO).	_			
	1.2 Supported knowledge	CC	UNDP	UNDP: 300.000.	
	management and	EG	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO : 440.000	
	vulnerability evaluation		FAO	FAO : 40.000	
	to climate change in		UNESCO	UNESCO: 100.000	
	priority systems such as:				
	energy production, public health, food and nutrition				
	security, natural				
	resources and risk				
	management (UNDP,				
	PAHO / WHO, FAO,				
	UNESCO).				
	1.3 Strengthened national	RE	UNDP	UNDP: 1.500,000	
	capacities to develop				
	actions that promote the				
	use of renewable				
	energies (UNDP)				
	MA2.				
	Legislation, policy and				
	institutional reform for				
	the integrated				
	management of water resources and				
	supported sanitation.				
	2.1 Strengthened	EG	UNDP	UNDP: 500,000	
	capacities and strategy	DC	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO : 440.000	
	for knowledge		UNICEF	UNICEF: 150.000	

management, communication, awareness and availability of information on water resources and sanitation (UNDP, PAHO / MS, UNICEF, UNESCO).		UNESCO	UNESCO: 100.000	
2.2 Incremented social and institutional capacity for integrated water resources management and sanitation (UNDP, PAHO / WHO, UNESCO).	DC	UNDP PAHO/WHO UNESCO	UNDP: 800.000 PAHO/WHO: 440.000 UNESCO: 100.000	
2.3 Supported national dialogue to strengthen the national water agenda and the law and policies framework (UNDP, PAHO / WHO, FAO, UNICEF, UNESCO).	EG	UNDP PAHO/WHO FAO UNICEF UNESCO	UNDP: 200.000 PAHO/WHO: 440.000 FAO: 25.000 UNICEF: 50.000 UNESCO: 100.000	
2.4 Strengthened capacities and strategy of integrated management against diarrhea and dengue (EG-DD) in SIBASIS prioritized for environmental primary care (PAHO / WHO, UNICEF).	DC	PAHO/WHO UNICEF	PAHO/WHO:1.140.000 UNICEF: 100.000	
MA3.Supported ecosystem recovery and development of the country to the sustained				

777	nanagement				
an bic arc po	1 Supported strategies and national plans on iodiversity, forestall reas and reduction of collutants (UNDP, FAO, INESCO)	EM HS	UNDP FAO UNESCO	UNDP: 1.500.000 FAO: 25.000 UNESCO: 100.000.	
im protection image research	2 Supported design and implementation of rograms and projects in the forestry area and management of natural esources, and reduction if pollutants. (FAO, INDP, UNESCO).	EM HS	FAO UNDP UNESCO	FAO: 300.000 UNDP: 1.500.000 UNESCO: 100.000.	
ac an in ma		EG	FAO UNESCO	FAO: 50,000 UNESCO: 100,000	
na ca m: pr at:	IA4.Strengthened ational and local apacities for risk nanagement, disaster revention and ttention of mergencies.				
an ris pr W W	1 Strengthened local and national system of sk and emergency revention. (UNDP), VFP, UNICEF, PAHO / VHO, FAO, UNFPA, INESCO.	DC	UNDP WFP UNICEF PAHO/WHO FAO UNESCO	UNDP: 500.000 WFP: 100.000 UNICEF: 150.000 PAHO/WHO: 490.000 FAO: 25.000 UNESCO: 100.000	

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO San Salvador
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DGEF	Consolidating an operation National Biosafety Framework for El Salvador	El Salvador: Contributing to the safe use of biotechnology in El Salvador
DRC Information	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in Guatemala
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in El Salvador	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in El Salvador	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in El Salvador	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to

		in El Salvador	National Ozone Unit set up and operations	
	OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in El Salvador	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade	
Po	Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable			
•	Environmental cont	ent, including the level of priority give	on to environmental issues if any;	
		on(s) working with environmental issue ont and level of resources involved;	es;	
		<u> </u>		

National Development	Title: Safe Country: Government Plan 2004-2009		
Plan / Strategy	Period covered: 2004-2009		
(National	Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated		
Development, PRS,	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated		
MDG Implementation			

Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Component 16: Environment: legacy for future generations.

Plans and objectives

- Strengthening of the institutional framework in charge of the sector and implementation of an standard norm of excellence to modernize the environmental procedures and formalities, reducing times, costs and increasing transparency.
- -Ensuring transparency in the process of environmental certifications to avoid collusion and corruption.
- Promote the creation of a legal framework in order to coordinate efforts to unify the institutions and related legislation to water resources and thereby eliminate the confusion and make more efficient its use.
- -Promulgation of environmental regulations in line with the best global practices, promoting the principle of gradualism in those areas where it is estimated that a sudden change is not possible.
- Activating the issue of vehicular technical review to ensure the quality of air, especially in the city of San Salvador.
- Building an adequate solid waste management, encouraging separation, recycling and its economical use and, running joint efforts with municipalities.
- Establishment of Volunteers Clean Production Agreements between companies and the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources, to gradually convert the productive processes into environmentally friendly processes. The Ministry will support enterprises by giving appropriate information on clear policy, training and technology, especially to small and medium enterprises
- Strengthening of recovery of mangroves and management of protected natural areas programs.
- -Creation, together with the private sector, of recycling programs for materials such as cardboard, aluminum cans, glass, plastic, paper, etc.
- Awareness and involvement of civil society, private enterprises, communities, students, etc. in the importance of cleanliness, recycling, proper management of solid wastes, pollution, etc.
- Incorporation of ecology education in schools, mainly in the basic levels, so that students, since their childhood, can start thinking about the necessary respect for our environment.
- Establishment of an information system and online consultation on environmental laws and regulations, the progress in their implementation and their effective application.
- Promoting the use, by the private sector, of the mechanisms of monetary compensation for carbon fixation, water conservation and study and analysis.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Apparently the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country
environmental
assessments
(UNEP, EC,
WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources, 2003: GEO El Salvador: National Report of the State of Environment of El Salvador, San Salvador.
- Evaluating the mitigation's potential of the forestry sector in the Republic of El *Salvador*, to climate change, through the practices of reforestation and forestation (FAO) (2003)
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.

DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO

• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Grenada

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS

Current period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2 Sustainable development				
UNDAF OUTCOME By 2010 Regional and national capacities strengthened and integrated into planning and institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi- hazards and the environment.				
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed and enhanced and used for the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring of their socio-economic and environmental effects	DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP: 1.800.000	
OUTPUTS: Community based vulnerability and early warning systems piloted in 2 countries. Standardized assessment and analysis methodologies applied				
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC techniques Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities				

Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes				
Ivan and Emily				
Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC				
Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into assessment activities				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC: 1.600.000	
OUTPUTS: A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion				
A study on the importance and application of early warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion				
Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				
PAHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health facilities as community health early warning systems alert points				

PAHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to the countries in elaborating and testing plans		
Key areas of disaster risk management capacity building institutional		
A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to support the early formulation of sustainable post-disaster recovery planning and programming		
Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty reduction strategies & disasters, environment & governance in all OECS member states & Barbados		
Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is strengthened		
Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy and sectoral programming		
Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the region established		
Regional capacities through the promotion of exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction among the English, Spanish and French speaking countries are increased		
Lessons learnt from UNTFHS programme effectively integrated		
Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool for Grenada established and approved.		

	n and regional and national instreaming disaster risk	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts strategies in the Carib	to discuss risk reduction bean				
and risk reduction stra	n disaster impact assessment itegies for government i disaster assessment and				
Mechanism (RCM) to implementation of the in collaboration with r	f the Regional Coordinating o review progress towards e Mauritius Strategy workshop egional partners on the e change for the sustainable bean economies				
	note inclusion of health in ms as one of the priorities				
	Underlying disaster risk al and community levels	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction	n in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3.

UNEP engagement in the country.

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? No stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

1. Special Focus Component – Technical Assistance Programme

- Technical support to the Government of Grenada for the process of the elaboration of the National Action programme for the UNCCD
- Review of the current sectoral legislation that addresses environmental, natural resource management and sustainable development issues
- National Consultations to support the preparation of the NAP (National Action Programs) /UNCED
- Support for the Implementation of the Montreal Protocol

2. The UNEP/ROLAC Montreal Protocol Compliance Assistance Programme (UNEP/ROLAC/CAP) provides direct support to Grenada as follows:

- Institutional Strengthening Project
- Compliance Support
- Annex A Group 1 CFCs
- Methyl Bromide and ODS Solvent phase-out
- Workshops and Network Meeting:
- Public Awareness Activities
- South/South Cooperation
- Sub-Regional Cooperation

3. Environmental Law Programme:

- Assistance to the Government in drafting new Sectorial Legislation
- Provided resources for participation in the Working Group on Access to Genetic
- Resources (Forum of Ministers of the Environment)
- **4. Environmental Assessments:** GEO Youth Project for the Caribbean
- 5. Technical assistance for the formulation of Bio-Safety Frameworks
- 6. Integrating Watershed and Coastal Area Management in Small Island Developing States in the Caribbean
- 7. Strengthening of Protected Areas in the Wider Caribbean Region (including training and capacity building for marine protected areas management)

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA) Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved:

National
Development
Plan/ Strategy
(national,
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: Grenada Poverty Eradication Strategy

Period covered: 2003-2005

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

- Identification of environmental content:
- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?

Partially. Among the main priorities for the medium term objectives, "improved environmental management" is included. Moreover, "limited access to clean unpolluted water", and "lack of access to natural resources" are listed among the causes of poverty. Having said this, under the "characteristics of the poor" section, gender, age, ethnicity, unemployment, housing, health, HIV/AIDS, living conditions, institutions, and coordination are analyzed, but no mention of environment is made.

Under the "current efforts at poverty eradication" section, projects described include: "disaster management and protection", "biodiversity conservation and protection", "climate change and climate vulnerability", and project to combat "land degradation". The objectives do not include mainstreaming of environment as a tool to assist in poverty reduction.

- Does this document have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? UN Convention to Combat Desertification, UN Framework Convention on Climate Change, UN Convention of Biological Diversity.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
 - National Physical Development Plan (2000)
 - "The NPDP addresses a number of key issues, including forest, coastal and fisheries resources, sustainable tourism, and land use and management within the context of biodiversity conservation and management. This plan lacks a human resource strategy or capacity-building component" (Caribbean Environment Outlook).
 - Caribbean Environment Outlook
 - Freshwater vulnerable to climate change
 - Very low groundwater availability
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes

DEWA/LAC in Caribbean Environment Outlook

• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated.

Country: Guatemala

UNDAF or

PCNA

PDNA

Current period covered: 2004 – 2008, 2005-2009 Revision and extension to the year 2009

Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: New UNDAF starting in 2010

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
			funds (US \$)	Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome				Government's decentralization gradeExistence and availability of
Effect 1: A more sustainable and				disaggregated, timely and systematic information.
diversified production, in the context of economic and social policies, that create more opportunities, with respect to labor				 Existence and effectiveness of relevant public policies that generate more opportunities and that respect labor standards Employment and Income Levels in the UN coverage departments
standards, and promote sustainable, inclusive and equitable economic growth				- Existence and effectiveness of mechanisms that facilitate and protect the respect of labor standards, inclusiveness and equity
1.1. Agency Outcome(s)				
1.1.1. Output(s) 1.1 Greater integration of human development, population, environmental sustainability and human rights principles in the national debate and in public policies.				

1.1.1 Monitoring of poverty and progress towards the MDGs at the national and local levels available to decision makers. (UNDP)	EG	UNDP	UNDP: Ordinary Resources: US\$335,000 Other resources (Government Participation): US\$14,850,000 Involvement of third parties	
1.1.7 Rural Development Policy formulated and	EM		and other funds: US\$ 73,984,348	
implemented through the planning of land use and management of renewable natural resources instruments. (FAO)				
1.1.9 Alternative sustainable economic development proposals based on production lines, developed and on implementation process (UNDP)	RE			
1.2. Economic and social public policies have prioritized the children, adolescents and women in poverty and at social risk.				
1.2.4 Diseases associated with the environmental factors of water and sanitation have been reduced through a more effective protection of the environment. (PAHO / WHO, UNICEF)	EM		Available: US\$ 0.00 Pending incomes: US\$180,000 (IOM)	-Maintain levels of financial cooperation -There is coordination
Effect 4. Increased				- Availability and resource allocation.

coverage, access and quality of basic social services with special attention to the most disadvantaged people.				-Existence of an explicit drug policy with defined lines of actionFunding to improve the access to medicines, technology and related products that are effective, safe and qualified Financial cooperation levels are maintained - There is coordination
4.5 The strengthened water and sanitation sector increases its coverage with quality in				There is coordination
priority towns and villages.				
4.5.2 Development of the	EG			
strategy of healthy municipalities and environment that	20			
contribute to environmental protection and the prevention of the occurrence of diseases				
linked to the				
environmental factors of water and sanitation.				
(PAHO / WHO)				
(11110 / 11110)	United Nations Dev	elopment Assistance Framewo	rk (UNDAF) Guatemala 2005 - 2	2009
2.3. Public policies and				-Existence and availability of
programs				disaggregated, timely and systematic information
promote a higher level of				- Existence of mechanisms that
availability, access,				facilitate and protect the fairness and
quality and				respect for diversity
adaptability of basic				- Existence of relevant and
services in education,				appropriate policies and programs,
health, water and sanitation, nutrition,				level of coverage and implemented budget
samanon, nun mon,				implemented budget

care and prevention of HIV and AIDS, with cultural relevance and gender perspective			- Representation percentage of people from indigenous towns and women in public offices.
2.3.2 Communities and schools affected by the Stan Hurricane have access to safe water and cultural and environmentally relevant sanitation systems	DC	PAHO UNICEF FAO	
Observations		·	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Not stated

UNEP engagement in the country:

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? UNEP is supporting the development of next UNDAF
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved?
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? UNEP/ROLAC database

OTTET/TOE	ie dituouse	
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
		GEO Guatemala (Technical advisory services provided to Guatemala implementing Section
DEWA	GEO Nationals	F of BSP)
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Guatemala City

	Implementation of the National Biosafety	Guatemala: Development of mechanisms to strengthen the implementation of the Cartagena
DGEF	Framework of Guatemala	Protocol in Guatemala
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DRC		TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in
Information	Capacity Building	Guatemala
DRC		
Information	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Promoting Sustainable Transport in Latin America – Guatemala, Chile and Panama.
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
		Technical and policy advice to review and implement a National Plan of Action to return to
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	compliance on Methyl Bromide phase-out
		Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	National Ozone Unit set up and operations
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Establishment and Enforcement of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	ODS legislation and Custom Training
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Training on Alternatives to the Use of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	CFC-12 in the Refrigeration Sector and Monitoring the Activities of the Plan
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Guatemala	Project Preparation for a Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA): Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

NT-421				
National	Title: Plan of the Hope Unity			
Development	Period covered: 2007-2010			
Plan / Strategy				
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated			
Development,				
PRS, MDG	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):			
Implementation	• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?			
Plan)	-Environment is considered as a transversal axis through the plan.			
	-Environment is established as a national objective.			
	-Risk prevention and management is contemplated			
	Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Not stated			
	What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated			
	• Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated			
	• Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of			
	programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated			
	Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated			
	To more a required from the government for order of the continuous from the continuous			
G 4				
Country	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.			
environmental				
assessments				
(UNEP, EC,	Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;			
WB etc)	NOTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR			
	- Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources; UNEP, 2003: National Environmental Report: Geo Guatemala 2003			
	A saisulture Institute Natural Descurees and Environment Environmental Dus Ele of Customale 2006 University Defeat Londings			
	- Agriculture Institute. Natural Resources and Environment. Environmental Profile of Guatemala 2006. University Rafael Landivar.			
	- Strengthening Institutional Environmental Programme (FIPA-MARN-USAID) (2001-2002)			
	Suchgulening histitutional Environmental Programme (PIFA-WAKN-OSAID) (2001-2002)			
	- Integrated Management Programme of the Resources from the Western Plateau (MAGA-MARN) (2002)			
	Integrated wianagement riogrammic of the resources nomethe western riateau (WAOA-WARIN) (2002)			
	- National Programme for the Development of Organizational, Productive and Training Capabilities in Critically Poor, Environmental Degraded and Depleted			
	Natural Resources Areas.			
	Ivatural Resources Areas.			
	- Report on Watershed Management in Guatemala. Support Project to PAFG (FAO-REDLACH PAFG) (2002)			
1	1 Report on maioroned management in dudomaid. Support Hoject to Thi O (1710 NEDERICH FIN O) (2002)			

 Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO 2003 Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated.

Country: Guyana

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

Current period covered: 2006-2010 (extension requested to 2011)

Expected reviews and evaluation: Joint mid-term evaluation will take place in the third year of the UNDAF. A final evaluation in the final year. Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? No What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

There is no environmental content in UNDAF

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No. It is stated in the document that: "the cross-cutting issues of social cohesion, inclusive participation...respect for human rights, and mainstreaming of gender equality and HIV and AIDS, will play a central role in all UN programming throughout the UNDAF period." (p. 2) Environment is not mentioned.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? No direct reference to environmental MEAs
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No. The document states: "the first priority will be to mobilize the UN agencies, funds and programmes that have no representation on the UNCT, such as UNIFEM, UNECLAC, ILO..." (p.9-10). UNEP is not mentioned directly.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
	and Seminars in the Region	
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Georgetown
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia
DRC	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
Information		
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
	Guyana	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
	Guyana	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly
	Guyana	National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	OzoneAction Networking activities to promote the exchange of information required to co
	Guyana	with Montreal Protocol on Ozone Depleting Substances
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Assistance with ODS data reporting
	Guyana	
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for T
	regional and subregional processes	Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,

Title: Guyana National Development Strategy

Period covered: 2001-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated, it is stated that it will be continuously updated and monitored

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

- What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?
 - 90 percent of the country's population lives on a narrow coastal belt which is not only too small in area for them, but which lies below sea level
 - almost the entire economy is dependent upon coastal agriculture, and upon the exploitation of the country's forest wealth and minerals
 - over fishing leading to the depletion of stocks
 - deforestation of mangrove swamps
 - over-harvesting of inland forests
 - loss of habitats and a reduction of species diversity
 - soil erosion
 - water pollution from mercury, cyanide and other chemical wastes through mining
 - untreated human and animal wastes
 - agricultural and industrial wastes
 - air pollution is also a public health concern

Environment is present in almost every sector described in the NDS. "it has been emphasized that the conservation of Guyana's environment should be the prime consideration in the Strategy. The imperative of conserving our ecosystems and our other natural resources pervades our document and is repeatedly stressed."

This is not equivalent to mainstreaming environment or having it as a cross cutting issue. An effort has been made to consider it as a check out issue in most sectors, but not necessarily mainstreamed. A notable exception comes in the health sector "because of the activities of the Ministry of Health, and because of the linkages which had been established with other sectors of the economy, especially those responsible for monitoring the environment, Guyanese in 2010, will live in healthier circumstances."

Guyana's principal environmental policy objectives are:

- To enhance the quality of life of the country's inhabitants by utilising its natural resources while neither degrading nor contaminating them;
- To ensure that the natural resource base for economic growth continues to be available in the future; and
- To intensify and widen the dimensions of our living standards through the conservation of unique habitats, natural treasures, biodiversity and our cultural heritage
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) Not stated.
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?

 UN Convention on Biological Diversity

 The Convention of Biological Diversity of Biologica

The Cartagena Convention on the Marine Environment in the Wider Caribbean Region; and The Kingston Protocol on Specially Protected Areas and Wildlife (SPAW).

The Ramsar Convention of Wetlands of international significance;

- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. -

Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; UNEP is undertaking GEO Guyana

Environmental Assessment: Guyana National Engineering Solutions to Climate Change Project (World Bank 2007)

The Guyana Conservancy Adaptation Project is designed to assist the Government of Guyana with its efforts to design rehabilitation and long term plans for the management of flooding in the coastal inhabited areas.

Guyana – Country Environmental Profile (Prepared by Atkins for the European Commission Delegation, 2006)

- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. DEWA in GEO Guayana.
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? None

Country: Haití

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA Current period covered: 2009-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: Annual reviews

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): In this case I am using the table format despite the fact that the UNDAF uses a narrative one

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
1. National institutions respond effectively to natural disasters and ensure sustainable fight against environmental degradation and preservation of natural resources.				1. % Of national budget allocated to the environment (1.96%, 5%) 2. Forest coverage (2%, 2.2%)
1.1) Strategies to fight against land degradation and sustainable management of water resources, developed and implemented.		FAO UNICEF UNEP	FAO :250.000 UNICEF: 300.000 To mobilize UNEP: 75.000 (in discussion)	Strategy document available Institutional framework and instruments for environmental management and water resources available
1.2) National capacity for environmental monitoring and sustainable management of natural resources, enhanced		UNDP UNEP	UNDP: 2.000.000 UNEP: 324.000 UNEP: 500.000 (to mobilize).	1. Number of organizations / civil society associations working in the management and protection of the environment 2. % Of households using solid fuels (93.7%, 80%) 3. Number of municipalities / provinces covered by the activities of the ONEV (Observatoire National de l'Environnement et de la Vulnérabilité)

1.3) Management structures of the environment and natural resources in place and in operation.	FAO UNEP	UNEP: 175.000	Priority watersheds restored and protected
2. National institutions are implementing initiatives to reduce the level of vulnerability to natural disasters			Share of national budget allocated to risk management (non-existent; 0.5%) Number of local and international NGOs active in assisting victims of natural disasters Number of awareness campaigns on the risks of natural disasters
2.1 Policies and tools for reducing vulnerability are developed and integrated at the level of priority sectors	UNEP PAHO/WHO OCHA FAO UNFPA UNICEF	UNDP:750.000 FAO: 325.000 UNFPA: 300.000 UNICEF: 350.000 To mobilize: UNDP:2.830.000 WHO: 1.000.000	Strategy papers for reducing vulnerability in priority sectors available
2.2) Policies and tools for reducing vulnerability are developed and integrated in local development plans	UNDP FAO IFAD UNFPA UNEP	UNDP:250.000 UNFPA: 150.000 To mobilize: UNDP: 400.000 UNFPA: 300.000	Number of local development plans taking into account the reduction of vulnerability
2.3) Measures to reduce vulnerability are developed and integrated at the level of cross- cutting programs (watershed management, adaptation to climate change, land use, etc.)	UNDP WFP IOM	To mobilize: UNEP: 1,000.000 WFP: 7.500.000 IOM: 20.000.000	Number of technicians trained to take into account the vulnerability in the cross-cutting programs
3) National institutions provide rapid and appropriate responses to natural disasters			% Of budget allocated for the rehabilitation of those affected.

and ensure the rehabilitation of affected people.			
3.1) Human, technical and	UNDP	UNDP: 1.000.000	1. % Of people affected by
material assistance to victims of	WFP	UNICEF:660.000	natural disasters
natural disasters is strengthened.	PAHO/WHO	To mobilize:	
	ОСНА	UNDP : 1.000.000	
	FAO	WHO :1.000.000	
	UNICEF	UNFPA:300.000	
	UNFPA		
3.2) Human, technical and	UNDP	UNFPA:300.000	1. Number of people assisted in
material resources required for	ОСНА		the rehabilitation.
rehabilitation and reconstruction	FAO	To mobilize:	2. Number of municipalities with
of affected areas are reinforced	UNFPA	UNDP :500.000	plans for rehabilitation /
	UNICEF	UNFPA : 300.000	reconstruction
	РАНО		

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? Yes, you may refer to the table above.
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? See table above
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

		Building the capacity of judges to protect biodiversity in Jamaica, Haiti, and the Dominican
DELC	Capacity Building	Republic.
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO Nationals	GEO Haiti 2004
DGEF	Haiti: Project on Biodiversity - title to be defined	Haiti: Integrating Communities for Ecosystem Management in Priority Biodiversity Areas within the Biological Corridor Zone of Haiti
Information	Capacity Building	Journalist workshop in Port-au-Prince, Haiti
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Regional Public Awareness Raising on Ozone Layer Depletion	Journalist training workshop to celebrate the International Ozone Day in Haiti
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Training for Customs Officers

OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Training for Customs Officers	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Train the Technicians on Good Practices in Refrigeration	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Establishing a Halon Management Plan	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Haiti	Assistance with ratification of Beijing Amendment of Montreal Protocol, ODS data reporting and ODS license system approval.	
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and subregional processes	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009	
	Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA		
• Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;			
• Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;			
UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;			

National	Title: Shared Vision of Sustainable Human Development
Development	Period covered: 2007-2011
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated
Development,	

Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Challenges:

Understand and finish with:

- Irresponsibility of "free riders" that play with the environment without paying any price.
- The practice of considering the environmental use as one non controlled activity.
- To blur because of the uncertainty as to the rights of property
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
 Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
 None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? No If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
 - Action Plan for the Environment (PAE 1999)
 - National Risk Management and Disaster Plan (PNGRD)
 - Geo Haiti (First draft) UNEP/ROLAC
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes UNEP is supporting the elaboration of next GEO Haiti
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated.

Country: Honduras

or PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2007 – 2011**

Expected reviews and evaluation: Annual reviews to take place in 2007, 2008, 2010 y 2011.

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Environment and Risk Management Operational Group: Composed by technical people of the participating agencies involved in the achievement of the products of this matrix, this group will ensure interagency coordination in standards of Product and Program Effects. Their coordination will be annually performed by an Agency, which will be selected at the beginning of 2007 in order to identify and promote joint interagency programs. Leading and participating agencies: FAO, UNDP, PAHO.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

Identification of environmental		UNDAF (please use numbering	Ü	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from
			funds (US \$)	M&E Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome				a. Increased institutional capacities
Honduras has the capacity to				for sustainable use of biodiversity
reduce its population's				and natural resources management.
vulnerability through the				b. The State has an energy policy
implementation of policies				that respects the environment.
that integrate environmental				c. The responsible institutions and
and risk management in				the producers strengthen their
order to achieve sustainable				capabilities to handle pollutants.
development, life, welfare				d. The Permanent Contingencies
and fairness for all the				Commission COPECO and the
Hondurans				involved actors strengthen their
				capacities at the national and local
				levels to design and implement
				contingency plans.
				e. COPECO, the Interior Ministry
				and other national and local actors,
				strengthen their planning capacity
				for risk management.
				f. Strengthened telecommunication
				networks for prevention and
				disaster management.
				g. Civil society and communities
				strengthen their capacities for
				sustainable use of natural resources
1.1. Agency Outcome(s)				
1.1.1. Output(s)				

5.1. By the year 2008 an appropriate integrated environmental policy at the national level promotes equitable access and sustainable use and conservation of natural resources				
5.1.1 Municipal Environmental Units (UMAS) and regional structures for environmental management have legal mechanisms and institutional framework designed to ensure the decentralization processes of environmental management	EG	FAO UNDP	FAO: 50.000 UNDP: 200.000	
5.1.2 Municipalities strengthen their formulation capacities of Municipal Land Use Plans	EG	FAO UNDP	FAO: 100,000 UNDP: 60,000	
5.1.3 The main pilot cities and municipalities strengthen their capacities for the development and implementation of management plans for solid waste	EG HS	PAHO UNDP UNV	PAHO: 7,000 UNDP: 30,000 UNV: 50,000	
5.1.4 The institutions responsible for the management of water resources have a legal and institutional framework	EG	FAO WFP UNDP UNESCO	FAO: 100,000 WFP: 253,843 UNDP: 60,000 UNESCO: 25,000	

(central and local) strengthened their				
FAO - PMA – UN UNESCO	IDP -			
5.1.5 The priority municipalities streetheir operational of for the implement national action placement desertification (PAN). FAO - PMA – UN	engthen eapacities ation of the en to eation and	FAO WFP UNDP	FAO: 300,000 WFP: 253,843 UNDP: 600,000	
5.1.6 The institution responsible for the implementation of emerging plans from Government on real and forest protection strengthen their temperational capability critical three controls of the control	f the com the of the con, chnical and con, chnical and con, the cria.	FAO WFP UNDP	FAO: 50,000 WFP: 304,612 UNDP: 200,000	
5.1.7 The State an Government stren capacities for the / validation of pol plans to generate of renewable sources FAO – UNDP	gthen their formulation icies and energy from s.	FAO UNDP	FAO: 100,000 UNDP: 700,000	
5.1.8 Strengthened Areas National Sy Honduras as a sys protected prioritiz FAO – UNDP - U	rstem of tem and as ed areas. NESCO	FAO UNDP UNESCO	FAO: 30,000 UNDP: 100,000 UNESCO: 25,000	
5.3. From the yea new sectoral poli				a. Increased institutional capacities for sustainable use of biodiversity

5.3.1 The government and the society strengthen their institutional capacity to formulate guidelines that promote the integration of environmental aspects and risk management in sectoral policies. FAO - PAHO – PMA - UNDP – UNESCO	EG	FAO PAHO WFP UNDP UNESCO	FAO: 30,000 PAHO: 2,000 WFP: 76,153 UNDP: 100,000 UNESCO: 25,000	and natural resources management. b. The state has an energy policy that respects the environment. c. The responsible institutions and the producers strengthen their capabilities to handle pollutants. d. COPECO and the involved actors strengthen their capacities at the national and local levels to design and implement contingency plans. e. COPECO, the Interior Ministry and other national and local actors, strengthen their planning capacity for risk management. f. Strengthened telecommunications networks for prevention and disaster management. g. Civil society and communities strengthen their capacities for sustainable use of natural resources.
5.3.2 The environmental management institutions and the involved productive sectors strengthen their abilities to create incentives that promote practices that are compatible with the	RE	FAO UNDP	FAO: 200,000 UNDP: 160,000	

environment			

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Not stated

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No. You may refer to the table above.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DRC		TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in
Information	Capacity Building	Guatemala
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DRC	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes

Information		
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop of UNDAF project in Tegucigalpa, Honduras
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Prevention of Illegal Trade of CFC
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Technical and policy advice to review and implement a National Plan of Action to return to compliance on Methyl Bromide phase-out
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Certification and Licensing of Refrigeration Technicians and Monitoring the Activities of the Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Project Preparation for a Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Honduras	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan

- Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

 Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;

 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;

 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National Development Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan) **Title: Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper (2001-2015)**

Period covered: 2001-2015

Expected reviews and evaluations: Progress reports for 2003, 2004, 2005, 2007 (so far four evaluations have been conducted)

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

The Strategy includes components such as: Reduce Environmental Vulnerability And Its Impact On Poverty. Priority will be given to improving environmental management and to breaking the vicious circle between environmental degradation and poverty.

Programs and Projects:

- i. Information system for environmental protection and disaster mitigation.
- ii. Strengthening of joint implementation mechanisms.
- iii. Pricing environmental services.
- iv. Environmental Fund
- v. Community basin management.
- vi. Rehabilitation of deforested areas.
- vii. Strengthening emergency-response capabilities
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Department of Natural Resources and Environment (SERNA)
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

National Development Plan / Strategy (National **Title: Honduras Millennium Development Goals Report**

Period covered: 2003 (2000-2003) Expected reviews and evaluations:

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not clearly indicated.

Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

- What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?
- To integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse loss of environmental resources. (Target 9) Goals cited in the Target:
- Reverse the trend of forest destruction in Honduras, including latifolia, which is the most destroyed, takes longer to regenerate and hosts great biodiversity. The implementation of measures that have an effect in reducing levels of greenhouse gas emissions from point sources and vehicles is a priority.
- Applying the framework of environmental policies that has existed for some years and which are enshrined in documents such as: environmental profiles, environmental action plans, the ERP and the government plan.
- Organize the functioning of the institutional framework and design a comprehensive environmental strategy by the State to facilitate inter-agency coordination and the search and use of funding for the implementation of environmental programs and projects. This environmental policy should clearly define the roles and mandates that each actor and institution must meet.
- Strengthen the capacities of SERNA so that this entity can take more ownership to its rightful role in the environmental field, but also strengthen the institutions that are part of the environmental management system in the country.
- It is important that the programs and projects on environmental resources are truly sustainable and have a long-term vision and that they have a monitoring and control system.
- Expedite the adoption and implementation of laws on natural resource management and environmental impacts, such as the Law on Land Management, the Framework Law of Water, the Forestry Law and the Law on Protected Areas. It is also pertinent to create special regulations for the development and application of existing laws on environmental issues.
- With regard to the existing rules, they must ensure tools and mechanisms to enable compliance with existing regulations. In this sense, it is necessary to equip the institutions of human and financial resources to comply with both monitoring and control of technical standards, as with the procedures set forth in the laws.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Department of Natural Resources and Environment (SERNA)

- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Kyoto Protocol, the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biological Diversity.
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? The only reference to UNEP is the following "While Honduras does not have the direct presence of the United Nations Environment Program (UNEP), UNDP has a unit of environment and risk management. It works directly with programs and projects that deal with environmental issues; FAO, WFP and ITU also attach great importance to environmental approach in their work "If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? None
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

SERNA (Department of Natural Resources and Environment); UNEP (United Nations Environment Programme), 2005: Report on Environmental State and Perspectives: *Geo Honduras* 2005, Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Honduras.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- SERNA (Department of Natural Resources) UNEP 2005: Stated Report and Environmental Perspectives: Geo Honduras 2005
- Development of the Ecosystems Map in Honduras: 1999-2000 (Netherlands-WB) (2000)
- Biological Diversity Study in Honduras (SERNA) (2001)
- National Climate Change Programme (2002)
- Land management Programme in Honduras (MHON -AECI) (2003)
- National Environmental Good and Services Strategy in Honduras (2003)
- National Ecoturism Strategy (IHT) (2004)
- Environmental Education and Health Programme (PEAS) (2004)
- Environmental policy of Honduras (2005)
- Integrated Management of Environmental Resources Project (MIRA) USAID (2005)
- Forestry Agenda of Honduras (SAG-AFE) (2004)
- National Action Plan to Combat Desertification 2005-2021 (SERNA) (2005)
- Restoration Project of Degraded Areas of the tropical dry forest, Southern Honduras (2005)
- Analysis of Water and Sanitation Sector in Honduras (PAHO / WHO) (2003)
- Feasibility of Solid Waste Sectoral Analysis for Honduras (PAHO / WHO) (2002)
- Elimination of Methyl Bromide Project (WB) (2003)
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes

DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO

• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Jamaica

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2007-2011**

Expected reviews and evaluation: Annual UNDAF reviews and UNDAF final review in 2010

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated

What are the leading and participating agencies? No thematic working group on environment indicated in the UNDAF

Identification of environmental content in the		<u> </u>	0	,
	MTS code	Implementing	Estimated costs	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
		Agencies	and available funds	
			(US \$)	
National Priority 3:				
-Ensuring environmental sustainability				
Eradication of Poverty and increased social				
inclusion for the poor				
UNDAF Outcome 3:				
By 2011 national capacity to ensure equity				
and equality strengthened, and the population				
of targeted vulnerable communities enabled to				
reduce poverty, improve their livelihoods and				
better manage hazards and the environment				
3.1 Reduction in the incidence of poverty	EG			
and unemployment among vulnerable groups				
and selected communities, particularly in rural				
Jamaica				
3.1.1 Integrated social policy and programme	EG	UNIFEM	UNIFEM:5,000	- Status of inter-sectoral gender policy
framework strengthened to combat exclusion,		UNDP	UNDP : 300,000	- # of communities benefiting from
remove barriers to access and promote social			·	integrated equitable social programmes;
integration;				- % of population living below the poverty
				line in rural areas;
				- % of population living below the poverty
				line by gender;
				Level of unemployment in rural areas.

3.1.2 Improved information systems through quality, availability, sharing and use of data, information & knowledge to inform policy and programming	EG	UNDP UNICEF UNESCO WB	UNDP:200,000 UNICEF:300,000 UNESCO:5,000 WB:20,000,000	 # of database and information communication networks established; # of policies and programmes informed by data; # of line ministries and other relevant stakeholders trained in use of JamStats Status of JamStats database # of organizations/agencies using Jam Stats database Status of mechanisms established by the Cabinet and The Planning Institute of Jamaica (PIOJ) to ensure that available data informs policy and programming Status of Policy on National Statistics; Status of the University of the West Indies (UWI) Documentation Centre's database
3.1.3 Improved access to social services and sustainable livelihoods	EG	UNDP UNESCO FAO	UNDP: 310,000 UNESCO: 5,000 FAO:50,000	- # of community members trained in income generation activities; - % of community members involved in income generating enterprise; - % increase in the number of people accessing social service provisions - % increase in the number of people aware of social services accessibility and eligibility criteria.
3.2 National capacity enhanced to reduce the risk of natural and human-induced hazards	DC			

3.2.1 Integrated policy and programme framework strengthened and enforced to mitigate and respond to hazards, including plant and animal diseases	EG	UNICEF PAHO UNDP FAO UNFPA WB	UNICEF:200,000 PAHO:13,500 UNDP:260,000 FAO:100,000 UNFPA:50,000 * WB: (for both 3.3.1 & 3.3.2.)	 Status of implementation of child-friendly guidelines for emergency preparedness and response; # of partners trained in the child-friendly approach to disaster-preparedness # of community members and teachers trained in child-friendly approaches to emergency preparedness and response; # of shelters that meet international standards including those set for children # of schools with emergency based response plans Status of agencies' hazard maps and plans # of hazard maps developed with UN support; # of reported cases of plant and animal borne diseases
3.2.2 Targeted communities and vulnerable groups practicing disaster risk reduction measures and emergency management	DC	UNICEF UNDP FAO UNFPA UNIFEM WB	UNICEF:500,000 UNDP:450,000 FAO:50,000 UNFPA:50,000 UNIFEM:7,000 * WB	 # of communities and vulnerable groups trained and implementing emergency plans Status of joint programme between Bureau of Women's Affairs and the Office of Preparedness and Emergency Management (ODPEM); # of emergency response plans developed # of shelters that make provision for persons with disabilities # of emergency response plans that take into consideration the needs of persons living with disabilities Status of implementation of emergency response plans in the event of an emergency.

3.2.3 Sanitation Plan for three areas in Jamaica in partnership with the Construction Resource and Development Centre (CRDC).	EG	UNEP	UNEP:25,000	N/A
3.3 Integrated land, coastal zones, water and energy management practices improved	EG			
3.3.1 Institutional capacity strengthened to efficiently implement policies and plans	EG	FAO PAHO UNDP UNESCO	FAO:30,000 PAHO:23,500 UNDP:1,950,000 UNESCO:5,000	 # of training courses on technical and policy matters provided to stakeholders % of policies and plans being implemented effectively Status of compliance with legislation
3.3.2 Land, water and sanitation management strengthened in targeted communities	EG	FAO UNESCO UNDP PAHO	FAO:100,000 UNESCO:10,000 UNDP:950,000	 # of water management projects implemented % of communities with adequate faecal disposal facilities # of land management plans implemented % increase of watershed communities with active conservation measures Status of implementation of Coastal Zone Policy Quality of coral reefs in selected areas; # of reported cases of water-borne infections especially in children under 5 years.

3.3.3 Energy efficiency in the public sector	EG	UNDP	UNDP :1,475,000	- Status of implementation of National
increased				Energy Policy;
				- # of stakeholders involved in policy
				development and implementation;
				- % of government institutions
				implementing effective environmenta
				management systems;
				- # of financial incentives for energy
				efficiency implemented
				- Percentage increase in government
				institutions with implemented plans;
				- Percentage of Hospitals/ Hospital bed with an EMS (Environmental
				Management System) implemented;
				 Increased percentage use of renewab
				energy in selected PS institutions;
				Number of GSHD (Government Supported
				Housing Development) using energy efficie
				measures;
3.3.4 Implementation of Sustainable Fishing	EG	UNEP	UNEP:6,000	N/A
Practices and Alternative Livelihoods.				
3.3.5 Education , Training and Awareness	EG	UNEP	UNEP:55,000	N/A
Activities				

^{*}Figures represent loans

• Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?

Yes, particularly in the vulnerability section of the poverty reduction diagnosis and strategy. It is worth quoting the following paragraphs to illustrate (bold added):

The Jamaican economy is heavily reliant exploitation of its rich natural base as the critical foundation for economic activities in tourism, mining and agriculture and fishing. Managing the effects of micro and macro on natural resources is essential for minimising negative repercussions on economic and social services and ensuring the attainment of sustainable livelihood. Failure to implement and enforce mandates of the state has resulted in improperly planned urban and rural settlements, including tourism developments, land-based pollution of water, destructive fishing practices, inadequate solid waste management and poor ecosystems. These conditions impact more heavily on those less likely to have the capacity to address their rights – the vulnerable and poor. The effects of natural hazards such as earthquakes, tropical cyclones and high rainfall are exacerbated by anthropogenic factors such as unclear land tenure, poor farming practices and construction activities on steep slopes which increase vulnerability to floods, droughts and landslides.

Consequently, the UNDAF contribution will be geared to reducing the incidence of poverty especially among children and vulnerable groups in rural

Jamaica.

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No If yes which MEAs?
- Which outcomes/outputs? Not Stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? Yes

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No.
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DELC	Capacity Building	Building the capacity of judges to protect biodiversity in Jamaica, Haiti, and the Dominican Republic.
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Country project on the integrated assessment of Social, economic and environmental costs and benefits of changes in the sugar cane industry due to the loss of trade preferences following reform of the EU-ACP Sugar Protocol.
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Project to promote environmentally sound water and wastewater provision at the community level in Jamaica
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Jamaica	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Jamaica	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Jamaica	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South

	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
~ ~	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). PCNA Not applicable.

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved:

MDG
Implementation
Plan

MDC

Title: Medium Socio economic policy framework 2009-2012

Period covered: 2009-2012

Expected reviews and evaluations: The framework is part of the Vision 2030 Jamaica which includes evaluations every three years, 2012 will be the first

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is no diagnosis of the environmental situation.

Under the environment section it is stated that "transforming the Jamaican society means sustainable and economic use of natural resources and the environment." Some of the strategies from the medium term are:

- Increasing environmental awareness
- Integrated framework for waste management
- Framework for management of natural resources
- Establishment of marine and terrestrial protected areas
- Create dynamic and responsive regulatory environment
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
 None
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? No. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? No

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. Not applicable Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Mexico

UNDAF | Current period covered: 2008-2012

 \mathbf{or}

Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

PCNA

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)

PDNA

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

There is an interagency subgroup for each UNDAF's direct effect constituted by agencies' technical personnel, funds and programs involved in the achievement of certain products from each Effect Program¹

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated costs and	Indicators and baseline from M&E
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	available funds ² (US \$)	Matrix
			Resource mobilization targets for the Direct Effect ³ Indicative regular resources: 1,491,000 Indicative resources for mobilization: 1,935,0000	
2. UNDAF Outcome 3.1 Sustainable development principles embedded in national and regional programs, including equality and fairness in the utilization of natural resources as well as the distribution of costs and environmental benefits	CC EM EG RE			 Number of strategies developed that incorporate sustainable development principles in programs and policies Assessment by the counterparts of the UN cooperation in this area. Number of programs developed for the enhancement and conservation of environmental goods and services, and the reduction of greenhouse effect gases.

¹ The document's wording is not entirely clear on this aspect. Apparently, there are three working groups on environment, but this is not clearly mentioned. The group leader is not specified.

1.1. Agency Outcome(s)		
1.1.1. Output(s)		
3.1.1 Programs and	UNEP	
comprehensive projects, that	UNFPA	
link population, environment	UNDP	
and sustainable development	FAO	
aspects, formulated and	UNESCO	
implemented in priority regions		
of the country, including		
the national protected areas		
system, environmental		
management units and		
natural resources.		
3.1.2 Capabilities developed	UNDP	
for the formulation and	ECLAC	
implementation of risk	UNEP	
management and prevention of	UNIDO	
natural or anthropogenic	UNICEF	
disasters strategies, as well as	UNIFEM	
the adaptation to climate	FAO	
change with a multicultural-,		
basin-, childhood-, gender- and		
population in poverty-		
approach.		
3.1.3 Valuation and	UNEP	
conservation programs for	UNIDO	
environmental goods and	ECLAC	
services and reduction of		
greenhouse gas emissions,		
including the use of economic		
instruments for environmental		

²There are no indications of the distribution of funds or disaggregation. The goals of mobilizing resources for the Direct Effect correspond to the outputs 3.1,3.2 and 3.3

³Indicative resources of the United Nations System in Mexico for the program cycle. These figures are related to the participant agencies in every direct effect, except for the WB, PAHO / WHO, UNODC, UNESCO, UNIFEM and IOM. The contributions of IFC, UNIC, ICAO and UNCCD are not included in these amounts.

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and management of low-cost technologies that generate jobs, including the renewable energy, the water collection and treatment and the community basic sanitation level ones.			
3.1.7 Developed capabilities for the promotion of more clean, energy efficiency and waste management programs, as well as fair and sustainable trade through implemented research, training programs, technical assistance and transfer of technology.		ECLAC UNIDO ILO	
3.1.8 Applied research and strengthened institutional capacities through training and assessment in economic, social and environmental disaster impact evaluation methodologies, as well as risk management that includes gender, multiculturalism and citizen participation approaches.		ECLAC UNDP	
3. UNDAF Outcome 3.2 Education in accordance with the Millennium Development Goals and the Decade of the Education for Sustainable Development, as well as the increase on the individuals, institutions and	EM EG		 Number of strategies developed to include the perspectives of sustainable development in the educational curriculum at all levels and modalities. Number of training activities developed with indigenous

social organizations' abilities for the exercise of environmental rights and their participation in the management sustainable development		and peasant communities for biodiversity conservation and sustainable management of natural resources - Number of training programs for communicators as developed environmental educators
3.2.1 National Environmental Education for Sustainable Development Strategy and Plan executing inside the formal and non-formal educational system	UNEP UNESCO UNFPA	
3.2.2 Academic institutions strengthened in environmental studies and Research and Development Programs for environmental sustainability	UNEP UNIDO FAO UNESCO	
3.2.3 Educational communities sensitized and informed on critical environmental issues (climate change, biodiversity, etc.). in particular on the use and sustainable management of water and natural resources.	UNESCO UNEP	
3.2.4 Indigenous and peasant communities trained for the conservation of biodiversity and the sustainable natural resources management	UNEP UNDP	
3.2.5 Training of communicators capable of acting as informal education agents and citizen	UNEP	

sensitizers in order to strengthen the informed participation and the responsible exercising of the environmental rights and decision- making on sustainable development 4. UNDAF Outcome 3.3 Environmental governance based on the principles of transversality, transparency, information and communication, as well as full society involvement, in order to ensure a healthy and productive environment for all the people with respect of the collective rights and within the international agreements framework, particularly the regional ones.	CC EM EG		 Survey conducted to national counterparts about the effectiveness of the UN cooperation in this aspect Number of programs or actions that contribute to environmental governance. Communication, information and public participation strategy in environmental governance. Number of spaces created to encourage social discussion and participation in sustainable development and environmental conservation issues. Number of investigations or actions carried out jointly with governments or organizations from other
			with governments or organizations from other countries for the sustainable development and the conservation of natural resources
3.3.1 Implementation of the		UNEP	
agreements, conventions,		FAO	
protocols and international		UNIDO	
legal instruments related to			
environmental sustainability			
and health security, including			

the access to t	the benefits		
derived from	genetic		
resources, bio	o-safety and the		
climate chang	ge effects.		
3.3.2 Strength	nened legal	UNEP	
framework for	r the conservation	UNDP	
and sustainab	le use of natural		
resources and	a healthy and		
productive en			
including the	rights of		
indigenous co	ommunities to use		
the natural res	sources of their		
lands, as well	as the exercise of		
their environn	nental rights		
considering g	ender equity and		
respect for hu	man rights.		
3.3.3 Citizen	strengthening	UNDP	
for an active p	participation in	UNEP	
the socio-envi	ironmental	ILO	
	gh education and		
training progr	rams as well as		
the consolidat	tion of public		
debate and co	nsensus building		
	ne main actors of		
society for the	e construction and		
	Local Agenda 21		
and the MDG			
3.3.4 National	l sustainable	UNDP	
	transectoral plan,	UNEP	
including legi		UNIDO	
	n developed to		
meet the envir			
	g of sustainability		
and citizen pa			
	l management.		
	les of institutions	UNDP	
and social org		FAO	
strengthened	up to build social	UNEP	

con	trol mechanisms in order to				
moi	nitor and evaluate the				
effe	ectiveness of the spending				
dire	ected to socio-				
env	ironmental programs in				
ben	efit of people living in				
	erty, as well as the				
	nomic development				
	grams and their potential				
	eact on the environment				
	6 Areas of discussion (tips	1	UNEP		
	n citizens), analysis,		INIDO		
	nmunication and		UNDP		
con	sultation between major		FAO		
	ups (civil servants,				
legi	slators, businessmen,				
	ups of the organized civil				
	iety) constituted to settle				
disp	outes and for the decision-				
mal	king on critical sustainable				
dev	elopment issues, including				
indi	ustrial, agrarian, energy,				
pop	ulation, economic and				
trad	ling policies in their				
rela	tionship with the				
env	ironmental preservation.				
	7. Regional cooperation	E	CLAC		
	gram on environmental		UNEP		
	ters, particularly in the	Ţ	JNIDO		
	th-South framework		JNFPA		
	tions, directed to spread		FAO		
	wledge, to promote the				
	hange of environmental and				
	tainable development				
	cation experiences, to				
	ngthen institutional				
	acities and legal				
inst	ruments, as well as to				

coordinate the actions on issues related to biodiversity conservation, the sustainable and fair use of the resources, the actions to face climate change, as well as the initiatives to provide a healthy and productive environment for the region's inhabitants.		
Observations		

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Output 3.1.3: Kyoto Protocol and the Clean Development Mechanism and Output 3.3.1
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? Yes (see agreement signed late 2008 with Gov of Mexico). If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Ministry of Environment. General cooperation framework with UNEP.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. UNEP is responsible for 21 outputs
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? See table above.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
		Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC on
DELC	Technical Assistance	Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Green Customs Meeting
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy

DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Queretaro
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Playa del Carmen
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Playa del Carmen
	Timber: Improved certification schemes for	
DGEF	sustainable tropical forest management	Timber: Improved certification schemes for sustainable tropical forest management
	Mexico - Biodiversity conservation in the Mixteca	
DGEF	region	Mexico - Biodiversity conservation in the Mixteca region
DGEF	Mexico: Strengthening the Scientific Basis and Developing Guidelines for Reducing Vulnerability in Marine Protected Area Networks	Mexico: Strengthening the Scientific Basis and Developing Guidelines for Reducing Vulnerability in Marine Protected Area Networks
DGEF	Mexico: Strengthening the knowledge base, tools and local capacity for the conservation of ecosystem services and biodiversity at the microwatershed scale in Chiapas, Mexico	Mexico: Strengthening the knowledge base, tools and local capacity for the conservation of ecosystem services and biodiversity at the micro-watershed scale in Chiapas, Mexico
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
DRC Central	•	Development of a proposal for the establishment of a Mesoamerican Fund for Payment for
America	Integrated Ecosystem Management Approach	Environmental Services
DRC Central		
America	Promotion and Design of Biological Corridors	CBM Mesoamerican Biological Corridor Initiative
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DRC	Capacity Building	WORKSHOP for Video Library
Information	Special Events	Art for The Earth in Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in Guatemala
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Journalist workshops, in Torreon, Coahuila, Mexico
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DRC Information	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
DTIE HQ	Chemicals	Application of a Sequential Chemical Speciation Methodology for Identification of Contaminated Sites in Mexico
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	Capacity building for Sustainable procurement with Swiss MTF methodology

		Global Solar Water Heating Market Transformation and Strengthening Initiative (PIMS	
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	3611) - MEXICO	
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Mexico	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions	
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin	
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Mexico	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade	
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	First Green Customs Training Workshop for South America and Mexico	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Mexico	Assistance with ODS data reporting	
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Main Meeting of Joint LAC/ODS Networks	
		United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) 2008-2012: UNEP	
		contributes to 3 of the 5 national objectives (in summary form): 1. Poverty, 3. Healthy	
UNDAF	UNDAF Mexico	Environment; and 4. Justice, and to 21 products.	
		United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) 2008-2012: UNEP	
		contributes to 3 of the 5 national objectives (in summary form): 1. Poverty, 3. Healthy	
UNDAF	UNDAF Mexico	Environment; and 4. Justice, and to 21 products.	

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: National Development Plan Period covered: 2007-2012

Expected reviews and evaluations: Annual

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Axis 4. Environmental Sustainability has three components which are subdivided into sub-components:

- Use of natural resources (water, forests, biodiversity)
- Protection of the environment (management and justice in environmental, ecological, climate change, solid and hazardous waste)
- Knowledge and culture for environmental sustainability (environmental scientific research with social, environmental education and culture)
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

Not stated

- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?⁴
 - -Convention on Biological Diversity;
 - United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its Kyoto Protocol;
 - Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants;
 - Montreal Protocol;
 - United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification;
 - Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora;
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Yes, see agreement signed late 2008

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

Environmental Perspectives Report Geo Mexico 2004

• Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; National Programme for Environmental Protection. 1990-1994

Environmental Programme. 1995-2000.

Environmental and Natural Resources Programme 2001-2006.

Reform to the Ecological Equilibrium and Environmental Protection Law. 1995-2000.

Subscription to the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety 2000.

Subcommittee on Environment and Natural Resources within the Interministerial Commission on Biosafety and Genetically Modified Organisms. 1999.

Cross Cutting Strategy of the Environmental and Natural Resources National Programme 2001-2006.

Enacted General Law on Sustainable Forestry Development. 2003.

Reform to Water Law. 2003.

Hydrological Environmental Services Program. 2003.

- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. Not stated
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? National Development Plan 2007 and GEO 2004.

⁴ References are on page 234 and 259

Country: Nicaragua

UNDAF Current period covered: 2008-2012
or Expected reviews and evaluation: Annually.
PCNA Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2011 (new UNDAF starting in 2013)
PDNA Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies) Estimated cost and Indicators and baseli			
	WIIS code	implementing rigency (ics)	available funds (US \$)	from M&E Matrix	
1. UNDAF			available fullus (CS \$)	MDG 7:	
Outcome				Proportion of area covered	
4. The State, the				by forest:	
community, the				Target:	
economic agents and				Number of protected areas	
the individuals have				with implemented	
improved their				management plans	
capabilities to reduce				Number of protected areas	
vulnerabilities and				78;	
reverse environmental				Number of management	
degradation and				plans 15	
promote human				Target: increase plans by 10	
sustainable				Target. Increase plans by 10	
development, through					
public policies that					
integrate environment					
and risk management,					
integrated					
management of the					
territory, human					
settlements, the use of					
renewable sources of					
energy and critical					
natural resources:					
water, soil and forests					
, ,					
1.1. Agency					

Outcome(s)				
1.1.1. Output(s)				
Strengthened capabilities of public, community, civil society and private sector institutions, in order to promote, develop and implement policies, plans and programs in order to reduce the population's environmental vulnerability and to promote human sustainable development.	EG	OPS UNFP FAO UNDP WFP	OPS: 200,000 UNFP:500,000 FAO:1,000,000 WFP:5,850,000	Water and biodiversity law issued and regulated and implemented policies. Implemented national plan for risk management and national disaster response plan Environmental Action Plan updated and implemented Land management policy implemented Variable of adaptation and mitigation to climate change incorporated into a policy.
	CC EG	UNEP UNDP WFP	UNEP:50,000 UNDP:4,000,000	into a poncy.
strategies. 4.1.3 The country has a national policy with clear definition of roles and responsibilities of all the institutions of water and sanitation sector.	EG	UNESCO OPS UNDP UNICEF	UNESCO:20,000 OPS:100,000 UNDP:200,000 UNICEF:200,000	
4.1.4. The programs, policies, strategies and standards, incorporate the <u>commitments</u> made in international	EM EG	UNESCO UNDP WFP	UNESCO:10,000 UNDP:1,430,000	

conventions , as well a	as			
the shared management	nt			
of international				
ecosystems				
4.2 Strengthened				Access to sanitation
capabilities of public,				facilities
community, civil				95.0 urban and 75.8 rural
society and private				areas
sector institutions in				% of sewage and solid waste
order to ensure the				that have treatment and
sustainable manageme	ent			adequate disposal.
of				% Coverage of electricity
natural resources,				(renewable)
ecosystem recovery a	nd			Rural and urban
population's access to				Area covered by primary
water, sanitation,				stable forest.
energy and a healthy				3,177,376 Ha (2001)
environment.				Subject area to basin
				conservation projects
				132.780 km2 (2001)
				132.700 Km2 (2001)
				Number of communities
				handling
				natural resources in an
				effective ad sustainable way.
				% of increase in the
				financial resource of
				national institutions
				responsible for
				environment, energy and water and
				sanitation.
				Samation.
4.2.1. Strengthened	CC	FAO	FAO :150,000	
capacities of public	RE	UNDP	UNDP:2,430,000	
institutions, communi	ty,			
civil society and priva				
sector				

at the local level to				
access and manage the				
generation and				
distribution of				
renewable energy				
4.2.2 The prioritized		UNESCO	UNESCO:10,000	
municipalities and the		РАНО	PAHO :100,000	
autonomous regions		UNDP	UNDP:350,000	
have integrated and		UNICEF	UNICEF:3,420,000	
participatory		WFP	, ,	
management systems of				
their watersheds and				
their water and				
sanitation systems.				
4.2.3 Strengthened	EM	UNESCO	UNESCO:20,000	
capacities of the local	EG	UNIDO	UNIDO:1,332,000	
and regional	Lo	UNDP	UNDP:6,325,000	
governments,		WFP	C1121 .0,323,000	
departments and		****		
population to				
implement plans for				
sustainable management				
of ecosystems, with				
emphasis on clean				
development, biosphere				
reserves, protected				
areas, forests and soils.				
areas, forests and soils.				
4. 4 Developed				% Of municipalities that
capabilities of				have local land
public, community,				management plans.
civil society and private				management plans.
sector institutions in				
order to improve				
planning and the				
integrated management				
of human settlements,				
according to				

potentialities and natural resources.				
4.4.3. The families of priority municipalities have improved their hygiene and environmental sanitation conditions in their communities.	EG	PAHO UNICEF	PAHO:100,000 UNICEF:750,000	
Observations				

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Not stated.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? None

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No. Or from Government? Not stated. If so, which sector from government and in which areas?
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? Yes. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? Product 4.1.2 You may refer to the table above.
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? See table above.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

	Provision of Advisory Services to countries for the development of legislative proposals which address identified environmental and	
	sustainable development issues and for the	
	implementation of selected environmental	Synergetic Implementation of Biodiversity related MEAS in four selected
DELC	agreements	countries in LAC
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Climate Change

		Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment
DELC	Technical Assistance	of LAC on Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DRC		TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and
Information	Capacity Building	Hispanic Island
DRC		TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic
Information	Capacity Building	Islands in Guatemala
DRC		
Information	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop of UNDAF project in Managua, Nicaragua
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Capacity development for the CDM – CD4CDM
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
		Assistance with ratification of Montreal and Beijing Amendments of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
		Technical and policy advice to maintain zero level of consumption of Methyl
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Bromide
		Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Prevention of Illegal
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Trade of CFC
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Programme for
		Certification and Licensing of Refrigeration Technicians and Monitoring the
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Activities of the Plan
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	(MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
		Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Tranche)
		Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	implementation
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions

OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Nicaragua	Project Preparation for a Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan	
	-		
Post Conflict or	Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). No	ot applicable	
	al content, including the level of priority given to e	••	
Leading organ	nization(s) working with environmental issues;	•	
UNEP's invo	elvement and level of resources involved;		

National Development Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Title: Development Goals. Monitoring to the Millennium Summit. First Report.

Period covered: 2003.

Expected reviews and evaluations: A second report was scheduled for 2006

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

Goal 7: Integrate the principles of sustainable development into the country policies and programs and reverse loss of environmental resources by 2015.

Priorities for the development assistance indicated in the report:

- Support capacity building for environmental management of the regulatory agency in the central government as the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources (MARENA), and in the administration of natural resources in the Ministry of Development, Industry and Trade (MIFIC, in the sectoral ministries through the Units of Environmental Management, and in the local governments and autonomous regions.
- Promote actions that facilitate the implementation of the Environmental Policy and its instruments. Technical and financial support is highly desirable to promote the start up and monitoring of the environmental policy, particularly the National Biodiversity Strategy, the National Plan to Combat Desertification and Drought, the National Action Plan to Climate Change, the strengthening of the National Clean Development Office and the organization of water resources management and territorial planning.

- Strengthen the technical capacity and facilitate the access to financial resources in order to support the modernization of the energy sector, particularly renewable sources. Strategies and plans for development of the country rest in part on the use of diverse sources and forms of energy such as hydropower, biomass, geothermal and fossil fuel use. One important area for the development assistance is also the promotion of renewable energy, particularly in poor areas and not linked to the interconnected national system.
- Continue the technical and financial support to the entities that are responsible of providing drinking water to rural populations. The aim is that all people have access to safe drinking water by the year 2015. Actions oriented to the protection and access to water resources are also needed, since there is a strong link between access to safe drinking water and health indicators, poverty and productivity.
- It is a priority to support the strengthening of the legal framework for integrated management of water resources that enables to respond to social needs and the requirements of economic development, both at national and local levels.
- Provide technical and financial assistance to establish a National Environmental Information System. The environmental management system of the country lacks of reliable environmental indicators for monitoring and assessing the state of the environment and natural resources. This system will fill a void for making decisions on policies and strategies for sustainable development.
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources (MARENA), Ministry of Health (MINSA) on issues related to water resources.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (Obj. 7)
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: A Strengthened Growth and Poverty Reduction Strategy

Period covered: 2001-2005

Expected reviews and evaluations: 2002, 2003, 2005, 2007 Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

National target: To have the National Strategy for Sustainable Development implemented by 2005.

Intermediate Indicators:

- -Published and implemented environmental policy and action plan
- -Approve the Forestry and Development Law
- -Approve the Fisheries Law
- -Approve the Biodiversity Law

Targets: The government wants to reduce the share of people in extreme poverty to 14.3 percent by the year 2005, and to 9.5% by 2015.

Cross-cutting themes: Environmental Vulnerability.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? None What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources (MARENA).
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? None.
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources, 2003. State of the Environment in Nicaragua: II GEO.
- National Biodiversity Strategy Nicaragua (MARENA-UNDP) (2001)
- Environmental Plan Nicaragua 2000 2005 (PANic) MARENA (2001)
- Forestry Map of Nicaragua MAGFOR (2001)
- New Forestry Development Policy (2001)
- National Action Program to Combat Desertification and Drought (UNDP-MARENA) (2003) (MARENA-UNDP) (2003)
- National Water Policy (2002)
- National Inventory of Greenhouse Effect Gases of Nicaragua II(MARENA) (2000)
- Diagnosis of Environmental Pollution by vehicular traffic in the city of Managua (2003)

- National Policy on Cleaner Production (2004)
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes

DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO 2003

• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Panama

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA Current period covered: 2007 - 2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: There will be two types of evaluations: i) annual, based on annual performance indicators in the country and analyzed in conjunction with partners: ii) external, when deemed necessary by the United Nations Country Team (UNCT); and it must identify strengths and weaknesses, and establish the need for changes in this strategic framework

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Technical Group for MDGs monitoring is in charge of environment; there is also an inter-agency group on the results matrix number 2 on "Basic Social Guarantees for the Exercise of Human Rights" chaired by PAHO/WHO and co-chaired by UNEP (through 2008) for its environmental content.

What are the leading and participating agencies? UNDP, FAO, PAHO/WHO and UNEP

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome		8 1/		
1.1. Agency				
Outcome(s)				
1.1.1. Output(s)				
Basic Social				
Guarantees For The				
exercise of human				
rights				
Environmental				Indicator 31: Proportion of
sustainability				land area covered by forests.
(biodiversity, forestry				Baselines: Territory
development,				forest has decreased to
stabilization of climate				44.91% (2000).
change, prevention of				Indicator 32: Proportion of
disasters) is				population with sustainable
strengthened with the				access to improved sources of
support of policy				water supply . Baseline:
frameworks,				90.2% of the population
national strategies and				Access to potable water
local actions				(2003).
(MDG 7)				Indicator 33: Proportion of

Policy fram	eworks EM	UNDP	UNDP:176.900	population with access to improved sanitation services. Baselines: 80.14% of the population with access to sanitary excreta disposal (2003).
and nationa	al plans in the field of integral t of coastal nation of ocarbons, the protected g, t of tal risks and	FAO PAHO/WHO	FAO:40.000 PAHO/WHO:5.000	
National Fo Development drawn up an and Regional Cooperation for Preventing Control of I promoted an	nt Plan d running nl n Strategy ion and Forest Fires d designed	FAO UNDP		
National an actions for environment conservation and prevent disasters protection the preservation biodiversity environment	d local DC Ital In Ition of Ition of	FAO UNDP PAHO/WHO UNICEF	93.100 30.000 50.000 5.000	

sustainability, including					
the implementation of					
the strategy of					
Environmental Primary					
Attention. Preparation					
for disaster					
management and					
humanitarian attention					
during disasters.					
	Observations: The UNDA	F matrixes are currently be	eing reviewed. In terms of the e	nvironment, climate change,	
	environmental indicators and other issues are being integrated. UNEP will also be included as an implementing agency, as appropriate.				

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Yes. Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? On climate change and environmental indicators amongst others.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved? See observations above. As a result of the 2008 annual review, some of the outcomes have changed to improve environmental aspects and UNEP has been incorporated in the UNDAF as follows:
- 2.5.1. Environmental regulatory frameworks, strategies and plans in forestry, water, coastal areas, soils, access to genetic resources, environmental services and climate change and environmental education reviewed, updated or developed and disseminated.
- 2.5.2. National and local evaluation actions of the state of environment, development, indicators formulation, environmental conservation, including the protection of the ozone layer for the preservation of biodiversity and environmental sustainability.
- 2.5.3. Programs of valorization and preservation of environmental goods and services, and reducing emissions of greenhouse gases, including the use of economic instruments for environmental management and global trading mechanisms like the Kyoto Protocol and Clean Development Mechanism
- 2.5.4. Capabilities developed for the formulation and implementation of risk management and disaster prevention by natural or anthropogenic causes strategies, as well as adaptation to climate change with a multicultural approach, basin, childhood, gender and population in poverty and national and local promoted actions on humanitarian attention

The above changes were proposed by UN Agencies and are to be agreed with the government of Panama during the first trimester of 2009.

- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
 List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

OT (EI/ITO EI IO	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
DELC	To the in the state of the	Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC on
DELC	Technical Assistance	Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DDT 6	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
_	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops	
DELC	and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
	Early Warning and Data and	
DEWA	Information	Vulnerability assessment post-Mitch
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Panama
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Panama
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
		GEO Panama (inc. Technical advisory services provided to Panama implementing Section F
DEWA	GEO Nationals	of BSP)
	Panama - mainstreaming of	
	environmental concerns into the	
	national tourism development strategy	Panama - Building Capacity and Raising Awareness of Invasive Alien Species Prevention
DGEF	and plan.	and Management
	Implementing the national biosafety	Consolidation of national capacities for the full implementation of the Cartagena Protocol on
DGEF	regulatory framework of Panama	Biosafety in Panama
	Panama - Wetland Conservation	
DGEF	Project	Panama - Wetland Conservation Project
DRC Central	Integrated Ecosystem Management	Development of a proposal for the establishment of a Mesoamerican Fund for Payment for
America	Approach	Environmental Services
DRC Central	Promotion and Design of Biological	
America	Corridors	Support to Cocos-Galapagos Marine Corridor (Funds to be secured)
DRC Central	Promotion and Design of Biological	
America	Corridors	CBM Mesoamerican Biological Corridor Initiative
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop for Video Library

DRC		
Information	Advisory Services	Marine Biological Corridor Cocos - Galapagos (Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador)
DRC		
Information Capacity Building		TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for the subregion Mesoamerica and Hispanic Island
DRC		
Information	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Mesoamerica and Hispanic Islands in Guatema
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop of UNDAF project in Panama city, Panama
DRC	~	
Information	Special Events	Art for The Earth Panama City, Panama
DRC	C ' P 'II'	W 1.1 CIDIDAE : (D
Information	Capacity Building	Workshop of UNDAF project in Panama city, Panama
DRC	3 6 1' A 4' '4'	M : 11:111 1 :4 E : (14
Information	Media Activities	Muppies and billboard with Environmental themes
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Central America Commission for Environment and Development
DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Promoting Sustainable Transport in Latin America – Guatemala, Chile and Panama.
MDGT		Technical Assistance for the implementation of the Project in PANAMA: Joint Programme
MDG Joint	MDCD	on the Inclusion of Adaptation and Mitigation Measures to Climate Change in the Integrate
Programmes	MDG Panama	Management of Natural Resources of Priority Basins in Panama (Spain-UNDP MDG)
O 4 4:	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	A ' (ODC 1 ()
OzonAction	Panama	Assistance with ODS data reporting
0 4 4:	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	C + F C + N + 1' + ODC'II 1+ 1
OzonAction	Panama	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
O-an A atio::	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Tachnical and nation advice to maintain many level of consumution of Model Description
OzonAction	Panama Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Technical and policy advice to maintain zero level of consumption of Methyl Bromide Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to
Ozon Action	Panama	National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Assistance To Develop Legislation
OzonAction	Panama	and Custom Training
OZOIIACIIOII	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Training and Certification Programm
OzonAction	Panama	in Refrigeration and Monitoring the Activities of the Plan
OZOIIACIIOII	1 anama	Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking Ozonaction Networking	Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA implementation
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	ŭ i
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South

	Panama	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Meetings
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Main Meeting of Joint LAC/ODS Networks
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan - Prevention of ODS illegal
OzonAction	Panama	trade (First Tranche)
		CCA and Cooperation Framework of the United Nations for the Development of Panama
UNDAF	UNDAF Panama	(CCA/UNDAF) 2007-2011

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved:

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)
· ·

Title: Goals and Objectives of "Patria Nueva" Government

Period covered: 2005-2009

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated.

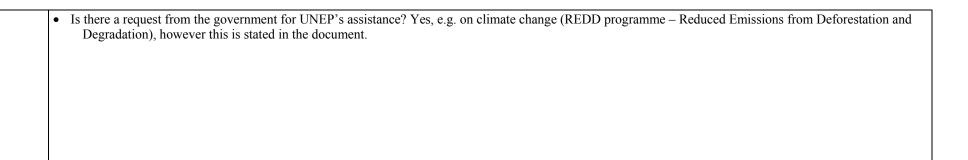
Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

The objectives and goals of this plan are contextualized to the central ministries and public institutions

The Ministry of Trade and Industry raised the following goals:

- Promotion and deployment of renewable energy projects (Wind energy).
- -Ensure the achievement of international cooperation programs to raise money for advice on investment projects in the area of renewable energy.
- Promote the funding opportunities and facilities through the Kyoto Protocol
- Disclose the opportunities and benefits of Act 45 of promoting renewable energy.
- Promote and facilitate the establishment and operation of new hydropower projects.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? In the case of energy, it concerns to
 the Ministry of Trade and Industry. The main environmental authority is the National Environmental Authority (ANAM), despite this is not mentioned in the
 report.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? The Kyoto Protocol
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?



Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

National Environmental Authority (ANAM), 2004: Report of Environmental Condition GEO Panamá 2004, National Environmental Authority, Panamá.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- National Environmental Authority 2004: Report on the State of the Environment GEO Panama 2004
- Cadastre Sources Of Water Pollution, Air and Soil (2000)
- First Report of Wealth and Status of Biodiversity (ANAM) (2000)
- Indicative Plan of Environmental Land Management (Pigot) (2003)
- National Climate Change Program (ANAM) (2003)
- National Plan for Forestry Development (2003)
- Basic Principles and Guidelines of the Forest Policy of Panama (ANAM) (2003))
- Bi national Project on Technical Cooperation in La Amistad National Park (2005)
- Plan of Integrated watershed of the Panama Canal (2003)
- First National Inventory of Greenhouse Effect Gases (ANAM) (2000)
- Solid Waste Sectoral Analysis of Panama (PAHO / WHO) (2001)
- Exploratory Study of Air Quality and Noise in the districts of Panama, San Miguelito and Colon (ANAM) (2001)
- Study for the Establishment of Environmental Economic Incentives for the Development of Cleaner Production and Adaptation of Business Processes towards less polluting products (2001)
- Cadastral Survey Source Air Pollution, Water and Soil in the major industrial areas in the districts of Panama, San Miguelito, and Chorrera Arraijan (ANAM) (2003)
- Management Plan for the Municipal Solid Waste in the Republic of Panama (JICA) (2003)
- Program of Integrated Management of Solid Waste in 22 Municipalities in the Republic of Panama (APROSAC) (2003)
- Pilot implementation project of a system of water pollution charges in Panama (2003)

- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Paraguay

PCNA

PDNA

UNDAF Current period covered: 2007-2011 or

Expected reviews and evaluation: 2009 Midterm review

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Yes What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
3 Priority area of		+	available fullus (US \$)	ITOIII MIXE MAUIX
cooperation, Environment				
and Sustainable				
Development				
Direct effect of UNDAF 3:				
Strengthened national				
capacities for integrated				
environmental management				
for the management and				
promotion of sustainable and				
equitable development				
3.1. Plans, strategies,	\mathbf{EM}	UNICEF	10.000.000 administered	
regulatory frameworks and	EG	UNDP	by UN	
programs for the		FAO	2.000.000 from UN	
management of water		OPS		
resources and basic		WMO		
environmental sanitation,				
formulated and implemented				
3.1.1. Strengthened security	EM			- Monitoring of water for
plans for water resources and	EG			human consumption in
improvement of basic				60% of the national
sanitation supported or				territory
				- Regulators and
				government departments
				with plans to monitor
				water quality

		- There is a national plan
		for water and sanitation
		developed and
		implemented
3.1.2. Supported participatory	EG	- 5 new departments are
and decentralized improved		implementing strategies
hygiene, water supply,		for primary
sanitation and environmental		environmental care
monitoring in depressed urban		- There are groups at the
and rural areas of the country.		national and regional
		levels in the sector of
		water, sanitation and
		water resource
		management with the
		systematic involvement
		of key actors
3.1.3. Supported coordination	EM	- There is a sectoral
of actors involved in the basic	EG	analysis of water and
environmental sanitation and		sanitation 2006/2007 with
management of water		recommendations
resources		implemented
3.1.4. Strengthened national	EG	- There is a national plan
capacities in the area of	DC	for preventing and
prevention and management of		managing natural
natural disasters		disasters
3.1.5. National and local	HS	- 80% of the agricultural
capacities strengthened in the		areas of the country are
area of chemical safety		implementing
		surveillance of poisoning
		by chemicals
		- At least 60% of
		professionals in the
		National Poison Control
		Center are trained to deal
		with poisoning by
		chemicals
		- There is at least a
		decentralized National

				Poison Control Center - There is a National Commission of Chemicals in operation - There are national inventory of hazardous chemicals - There is a plan for disposal of hazardous chemicals in
3.2. Policies and programs for conservation and sustainable use of biological and cultural resources, promoted and implemented		UNESCO UNICEF UNDP FAO UNIFEM WMO	7.200.000 administered by UN 3.900.000 from UN	implementation
3.2.1. Supported decentralized environmental management policies.	EG EM			Local governments have regulations for environmental management decentralized
3.2.2. Strengthened national System of Protected Wilderness Areas (SINASIP)	EM			-There is an evaluation and update of the Strategy of the National Protected Area System of Paraguay SINASIP
3.2.3. Fortified national environmental and sociodemographic information.	EG EM			There is an environmental information system unified at a national level and integrated to sustainable development indicators in the country
3.2.4. Strengthened national capacities for the effective implementation of international agreements on biological and cultural	EM			-Institutions and public policies with central and departmental issues relating to international conventions

resources ratified by the				
country.				
3.2.5. Increased protection and valuation of native cultural identities.	EG			-There is a socio- demographic diagnosis of indigenous peoples,
identities.				updated.
				-There are projects for the
				promotion of indigenous
				cultural identities
				-There is a greater percentage of indigenous
				lands and territorially
				insured legal in at least
				one department
				-Principles and rights of
				native cultural entities integrated into the
				departmental
				development plans
3.2.6. Instances of inter-	EG			3.2. Policies and
institutional and inter-sectorial coordination supported for the				programs for conservation and
conservation and sustainable				sustainable use of
use of biological resources and				biological and cultural
cultural				resources, promoted and
3.3. National capacity		UNFPA	170.000 admin by UN	implemented
strengthened for the implementation of			170.000 from UN	
development policies and			170.000 Holli Civ	
articulated territorial				
strategies with the socio				
demographic				
dynamics. 3.3.1. Promoted and				There is a policy of
implemented plans, strategies	EG			Migration and Population
and policies for migration,	5			in implementation.
spatial distribution of				
population and territorial				

development				
3.3.2. Research and studies of links between population and territorial development, conducted and disseminated	EM EG			There are at least 3 studies on population and territorial development published and disseminated
3.3.3. Territorial development strategies developed and implemented	EM EG DC			Number of political and economic actors sensitized in territorial development strategies.
3.4. Model of sustainable and equitable development supported and promoted.		UNICEF UNDP FAO UNIFEM	6.300.000 admin by UN 1.500.000 from UN	
3.4.1. Strengthened and promoted economic incentives for the conservation of natural and cultural heritage, and sustainable production of goods and services	EG			 There are systematizations of best practices developed and disseminated. A training plan of appropriate technologies in water for human consumption and waste water
3.4.2. Supported development of systems and production technologies for environmentally sustainable goods and services.	RE EM			Number of environmental units integrated to sustainable production programs
3.4.3 Strengthened national capacity in the implementation of protection systems and plant and animal health,.	EG EM			-There is a national training plan.
3.4.4. Instances of	EG			- There is at least one

inter-agencial and inter-		national body	
sectorial coordination		coordinating inter-agency	
promoted to integrate		and intersectorial action	
sustainable development		to integrate sustainable	
actions.		development	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No. Gender, health, etc are 'cross-cut' into the environment priority area, but environment is not into the poverty priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? No direct reference to MEAs. International "forums" such as Rio and Johannesburg are mentioned.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No.
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Change
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Green Customs Meeting
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO MERCOSUR
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth MERCOSUR
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Paraguay
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Asunción
	Gran Chaco: Sustainable Forest Management in	
	the Transboundary Gran Chaco Americano	Gran Chaco: Sustainable Forest Management in the Transboundary Gran
DGEF	Ecosystem	Chaco Americano Ecosystem

DRC				
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshops for South Cone		
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT		
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan		
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Assistance with ODS data reporting		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade		
		Technical and policy advice to review and implement a National Plan of		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Action to return to compliance on CTC and CFC phase-out		
		Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations		
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI)		
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries		
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Train of Trainers and		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Training of Refrigeration Service Technicians		
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	First Green Customs Training Workshop for South America and Mexico		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Technical Assistance to Phase Out the Use of Methyl Bromide		
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Policy Dialogue		
		Programme on ODS license system enforcement, Monitoring and Control of		
		ODS Based Equipment imports, and Training of Customs Officers and Other		
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Paraguay	Inspection Officers		

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable.

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National Development Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Title: To the MDGs Paraguay's Report Period covered: Published in 2003

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is no mention to environmental issues within MDGs 1-6.

The key environmental issues described are related to the MDG 7 goals and their indicators, which are not necessarily the key environmental issues in the country.

- Deforestation
- Erosion
- Fresh water pollution and lack of sewage treatment

Priorities for assistance described as follows

- Implementation of a National Environmental Policy
- Promote a participatory approach in environmental management
- Support land acquisition for the establishment of protected areas and sustainable management
- Decentralization
- Improve accountability of natural resources and strengthen institutions related to water and sewage treatment
- Train human resources within governmental institutions and civil society
- Make an increase in sewage and fresh water access a priority
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS) No references to UNEP in the document and UNEP is not among the signing agencies
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available
environmental	
assessments	• Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
(UNEP, EC,	Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes
WB etc)	• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Country: Peru

PCNA

PDNA

UNDAF Current period covered: 2006-2010 (requesting for an extension till 2011) or

Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated.

What are the leading and participating agencies? There are seven thematic working groups, none on environment.

	MTS code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
			funds (US \$)	Matrix
Assistance area 2:				
Development of social				
and economic				
opportunities				
UNDAF result 2.1:				
Strengthening and				
improvement of				
sustainable markets of				
production, capital and				
jobs with emphasis on				
excluded areas.				
Result country				1. Implementation of the National
program: Further				Biodiversity Action Plan (yes/no)
development, promotion				2. Implementation of the National
and dissemination of				Strategy for Natural Resource
targeted approaches to				Management (yes/no)
achieve convergence of				3. Number of environmental
productive development,				management and reforestation
environmental				programs implemented (by
sustainability.				department and province)
Promotion of National	EM	UNDP	UNDP: 4.000.000	
Biodiversity Strategy and				
technical support for				
preparation of action				
plan.				
Support for preparation				
of master plan for				

 Т				
maintenance of the				
system of Titicaca Lake.				
Support for local				
initiatives for				
conservation, production				
and marketing of				
traditional species in the				
Andean region.				
Implemented natural	EM	FAO		
resources national	EG			
strategy.				
Design and	EM	UNODC	UNODC: 2.000.000	
implementation of				
environmental				
management program				
and reforestation of coca				
areas				
Reforestation support and	EM	WFP	WFP: 40.000	
activities for soil				
conservation in the				
framework of				
microbasins management				
programs				
Promotion of debates and	EM	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO: 75.000	
generation of proposals	EG	UNICEF		
related to population's		01,1021		
access to environmental				
health rights with				
participation from civil				
society				
Assistance area 3:				
Democratic governance				
UNDAF RESULT 3.1				
Strengthening the				
technical capabilities,				
programming,				
management,				
management,				

evaluation and monitoring, and accountability of national government's regional and local agencies Result country				Regional development plans
program: Incorporation of the sustainable development approach in public policies nationally and regionally.				(number and %) that have incorporated a sustainable development approach 2. Public policies (number and %) that have incorporated a sustainable development approach.
Support for government in defining strategies and policies aimed at the rational and sustainable use of agro-forestry resources in the Amazonian region Implementation of agreements on strengthening management with MEM (Ministry of Energy and Mining) and INRENA (National Institute for Natural Resources) Development of programs and campaigns in mass media on environmental issues and eco-business Implementation of at least two GEF projects for development and promotion of national capacity for self-	EM EG CC	UNDP	UNDP: 10.000.000	

regulation Establishment of partnership with the Government to mobilize financial and technical resources to implement Convention on Climate Change and Desertification in Peru				
Development of studies that support relationship between population	EG	UNFPA	UNFPA: 100.000	
factors and sustainable development				
Systematization of intervention on Alternative Development for replication and inclusion in the policies of the Amazon region.	EM EG	UNODC	UNODC: 50.000	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc?

 While there has been a certain degree of integration of the environment into other areas, there are some opportunities, particularly in relation to the support to the strategy on national indicators which includes health, social, demographic, gender, poverty, reproduction and other data but no environmental indicators. Another opportunity is under country program result related to integrating health, population, and education strategies into poverty and national development plans. Moreover, from the indicators proposed it can be inferred that mainstreaming sustainable development is presented at a very common level.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? UNFCCC and UNCCD (see result 3.1. on table above)
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? None
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC databa	se:	
		Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and
DELC	Capacity Building	Policy
DELC	Capacity Building	Subregional Workshop on Access to Environmental Justice
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of
DELC	Region	PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and
DELC	Region	Climate Change
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the	
DELC	Region	Green Customs Meeting
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Titicaca
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Chiclayo
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	Early Warning and Data and Information	ILAC Peru
	Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework of	
DGEF	Peru	Peru: Implementation of the National Biosafety Framework of Peru
DGEF	Global Environmental Citizenship	Global Environmental Citizenship
	Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in	Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in the
DGEF	the Northern and Central Andes	Northern and Central Andes
	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a	CAN ABS: Building Capacities for the Implementation of a Regional
	Regional Framework on ABS in Member Countries of the	Framework on ABS in Member Countries of the Andean Community
DGEF	Andean Community (CAN).	(CAN).
	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based	
	businesses and support of market development activities in	Biotrade: Facilitation of financing for biodiversity-based businesses and
DGEF	the Andean region	support of market development activities in the Andean region
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Lake Titicaca workshop, Copacabana, Bolivia
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Lake Titicaca workshop in Puno, Peru
DRC Information	Media Activities	Program "Al Natural"
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Workshop of UNDAF Project in Cuzco, Peru
DRC Information	Capacity Building	Workshop on Climatic Change for youth
DTIE	Capacity Building for MSMEs on SCP	Andean Community (CAN) Demo Project
DTIE	Solid Waste Management and SCP	Integrated Solid Waste Management in the Region of Lima, Peru
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	Andean Community of Nations

DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Capacity development for the CDM – CD4CDM
		Engaging Business and the Supply Chain in Safer Production and
		Emergency Preparedness through applied Corporate Social Responsibility
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	at the site level.
DTIE HQ	Sustainable Consumption and Production	SCP & poverty project
		Technical coordination of the Joint Programme "Integrated and adaptive
MDG Joint		management of environmental resources and climatic risks in High
Programmes	MDG Peru	Andean micro watersheds"
		Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Tranche)
		Assistance with ratification of Montreal and Beijing Amendments of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Green Custom Training Programme
	_	Technical and policy advice to maintain zero level of consumption of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Methyl Bromide
		Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Technical
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Assistance for Prevention of Illegal CFC Trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	Project Preparation for a Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan
		Custom Training Workshop under the framework of DR-CAFTA
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	implementation
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	First Green Customs Training Workshop for South America and Mexico
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	(MDI) for Latin American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
		Implementation of the Refrigerant Management Plan: Certification and
		Licensing of Refrigeration Technicians and Monitoring the Activities of
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Peru	the Plan
		Binational project: Integrated Water Resources Management in the Lake
		Titicaca, Desaguadero River, Poopo, Coipasa Salt Marsh System (TDPS
		System): Assessment and Update of the Pollutants Discharge Levels
Water Management	Titicaca Project	

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

• Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;

- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National **Development** Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG **Implementation** Plan)

Title: Towards the Accomplishment of the Millennium Development Goals in Peru

Period covered: Published in 2004

Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

There is no mention to environmental issues within MDG 1 and only a passing mention under MDG 4. The latter related to the reduction of risk factors in childhood mortality and the assumption that not all factors are directly 'medical' but also related to the "complex social and environmental context of poverty" (p. 60).

The key environmental issues described are related to the MDG goals and their indicators, which not necessarily are the key environmental issues in the country (see below).

- -Migratory agriculture pointed out as being responsible for 80% of deforestation in Peru.
- -Slash and burn the main driver of deforestation in the Amazon region.
- -Regarding water pollution the main drivers described in the report are mining related pollution, fishing industry in certain areas, oil extraction, and lack of sewage treatment
- -Beyond this, the document lists the most significant environmental problems in a "challenges" box (p. 95)
 - Water pollution
 - Air pollution
 - Solid waste
 - Deforestation
 - Soil erosion
 - Overfishing
 - Biodiversity loss
- -Government efforts have been focused on:
 - Creating the National Body for Coordination and Consultation on Environmental matters
 - Establishing a legal and institutional framework to harmonize environmental legislation
 - Developing new laws
 - Establishing prevention and control instruments for different sectors
 - Establishing the Protected Areas System
 - Establishing environmental standards

It is suggested that future efforts should be focused on

- Enforcement of environmental legislation
- Institutional arrangements for the forest sector
- New water legislation
- Improve the design and implementation of policy instruments for a cost-effective and efficient environmental management

Under objective 10 there is no mention of basin management and there is no link to deforestation as a pressure.

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?

National Institute for Natural Resources

Promotion Fund of the Forestry Development

National Fund for Natural Areas Protected by the State

National Environment Commission

- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated.
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated.
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; GEO Peru 2000
 - Main environmental issues identified in GEO are: (1) Mining as a pressure on water quality; (2) Fishing industry; (3) Deforestation; (4) Increase numbers of endangered species; (5) Air quality; (6) Solid waste management; (7) Erosion
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO Peru 2000
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? GEO not listed in document

Country: St Kitts and Nevis

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS

Current period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

dentification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):						
	MTS Code	Implementing	Estimated costs	Indicators and baseline from M&E		
		Agencies	and available	Matrix		
			funds (US \$)			
National priority 2 Sustainable development						
UNDAF OUTCOME						
By 2010 Regional and national capacities						
strengthened and integrated into planning and						
institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to						
reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi-						
hazards and the environment.						
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed and	DC	UNDP	UNDP :180.0000			
enhanced and used for the prevention and		UNICEF				
mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring		UNIFEM				
of their socio-economic and environmental effects						
OUTPUTS:						
Community based vulnerability and early warning						
systems piloted in 2 countries.						
Standardized assessment and analysis						
methodologies applied						
2.6						
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC (Management						
of Slope Stability in Communities) techniques						
Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and						
flooding in 2 OECS communities						
_						

Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes			1	
Ivan and Emily				
Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC				
Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into assessment activities				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC: 160.0000	
OUTPUTS: A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion				
A study on the importance and application of early warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion				
Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				
PAHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health facilities as community health early warning systems alert points				
PAHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to the countries in elaborating and testing plans				

Key areas of disaster risk management capacity building institutional		
A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to support the early formulation of sustainable post-disaster recovery planning and programming		
Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty reduction strategies & disasters, environment & governance in all OECS member states & Barbados		
Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is strengthened		
Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy and sectoral programming		
Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the region established		
Regional capacities through the promotion of exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction among the English, Spanish and French speaking countries are increased		
Lessons learnt from UNTFHS programme effectively integrated		
Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool for Grenada established and approved.		

	n and regional and national instreaming disaster risk	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts strategies in the Carib	to discuss risk reduction bean				
and risk reduction stra	n disaster impact assessment itegies for government disaster assessment and				
Mechanism (RCM) to implementation of the in collaboration with r	f the Regional Coordinating o review progress towards e Mauritius Strategy workshop egional partners on the e change for the sustainable bean economies				
	note inclusion of health in ms as one of the priorities				
	Underlying disaster risk al and community levels	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction	n in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	

Further to the identification of environmental components in UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars	
DELC	in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Technical Assistance to Phase Out the Use of Methyl Bromide
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Assistance with ratification of Beijing Amendment of Montreal Protocol and ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Kitts and Nevis	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South- South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
SIDS	, ,	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: No information available
Development	Period covered:
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations:
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy:
Development,	
PRS, MDG	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy): Not applicable
Implementation	• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?
Plan)	• Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)
	• What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
	Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?

programmes/projects and allocation of resources?

• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?

Country	Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available						
environmental	• Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;						
assessments	• Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes						
(UNEP, EC,	Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?						
WB etc)	The state of the s						
Í							

• Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of

Country: St Vincent & The Grenadines

UNDAF	UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS
or	Current period covered: 2008-2011
PCNA	Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date
PDNA	Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012) Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated

What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

	MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
National priority 2 Sustainable development UNDAF OUTCOME By 2010 Regional and national capacities strengthened and integrated into planning and institutional frameworks, and countries enabled to reduce sectoral risks and better manage multi- hazards and the environment.				
Sub-outcome 3.1: Risk indicators developed and enhanced and used for the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters and the monitoring of their socio-economic and environmental effects	DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP:1,800,000	
OUTPUTS: Community based vulnerability and early warning systems piloted in 2 countries. Standardized assessment and analysis methodologies applied				
3 Communities trained in MoSSaiC (Management of Slope Stability in Communities) techniques Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities				

Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes Ivan and Emily				
Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC				
Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into assessment activities				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC:1,600,000	
OUTPUTS: A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion				
A study on the importance and application of early warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion				
Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				
PAHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health facilities as community health early warning systems alert points				

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	PAHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to
	the countries in elaborating and testing plans
	Key areas of disaster risk management capacity
	building institutional
	building institutional
	A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to
	support the early formulation of sustainable post-
	disaster recovery planning and programming
	Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction
	Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty
	reduction strategies & disasters, environment &
	governance in all OECS member states & Barbados
	Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction
	DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is
	strengthened
	strengthened
	Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy
	and sectoral programming
	Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the
	region established
	region estatorished
	Regional capacities through the promotion of
	exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction
	among the English, Spanish and French speaking
	countries are increased
	Lessons learnt from UNTFHS programme
	effectively integrated
	Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool
	for Grenada established and approved.

Sub-outcome 3.3 Increased collaboration between UN system and regional and national partners in mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and in awareness building	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts to discuss risk reduction strategies in the Caribbean				
Training workshops on disaster impact assessment and risk reduction strategies for government personnel involved in disaster assessment and prevention strategies				
High level meeting of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) to review progress towards implementation of the Mauritius Strategy workshop in collaboration with regional partners on the implications of climate change for the sustainable development of Caribbean economies				
PAHO/WHO to promote inclusion of health in broad training programs as one of the priorities				
Sub-outcome 3.4 Underlying disaster risk factors at national and community levels reduced	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO	

Further to the identification of environmental components in UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

1. The UNEP/ROLAC Montreal Protocol Compliance Assistance Programme (UNEP/ROLAC/CAP) provides direct support to Saint Vincent as follows:

- Compliance support
- Institutional Strengthening Project
- Annex A Group 1 CFCs
- Methyl Bromide and ODS Solvent phase-out
- Workshops and Network Meeting
- Public Awareness Activities
- South/South Cooperation
- Sub-Regional Cooperation
- 2. Environmental Assessments: Geo Youth Project for the Caribbean
- 3. The OzonAction Programme
- 4. Technical assistance for the formulation of Bio-Safety Frameworks
- 5. Sustainable Land Management: Partnership Initiative on Sustainable Land Management (Regional)
- 6. Integrating Watershed and Coastal Area Management in Small Island Developing States in the Caribbean
- 7. Conservation of Threatened and Endangered Species

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: St Vincent and the Grenadines Environmental Management Strategy and Action Plan
Development	Period covered: 2004-2006
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated
Development,	

Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

- What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?
- 1. Loss of agricultural lands to housing and squatting.
- 2. Deforestation due to illegal agriculture.
- 3. Miss-management of small ships generated waste.
- 4. Highly stressed reefs in the Tobago Cays due to poor management.
- 5. Lack of proper regulation for sand mining.
- 6. Poor management of the aggregate site at Rabacca.
- 7. Lack of public awareness of the importance of the environment to survival.

With this in mind, the 2004-2006 Environmental Management Strategy has 17 principles:

- 1: Foster Sustainable Improvement in the Quality of Life
- 2: Integrate Social, Economic and Environmental Considerations into National Development Policies, Plans and Programmes
- 3: Improve on Legal and Institutional Frameworks
- 4: Ensure Meaningful Participation by Civil Society in Decision Making
- 5: Ensure Meaningful Participation By The Private Sector
- 6: Use Economic Instruments for Sustainable Environmental Management
- 7: Foster Broad-based Environmental Education, Training and Awareness
- 8: Address the Causes and Impacts of Climate Change
- 9: Prevent And Manage the Causes and Impacts of Disaster
- 10: Prevent and Control Pollution and Manage Waste
- 11: Ensure the Sustainable Use of Natural Resources
- 12: Protect Cultural and Natural Heritage
- 13: Protect and Conserve Biological Diversity
- 14: Recognize Relationships between Trade and Environment
- 15: Promote Cooperation in Science and Technology
- 16: Manage and Conserve Energy
- 17: Negotiate and Implement Multi-lateral Environmental Agreements
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF?

Not stated

• What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?

Environmental Services Unit

Ministry of Health and the Environment

National Environmental Advisory Board

Forestry Department

Fisheries Division

Environmental Services Unit

Physical Planning Unit

- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
- UN Framework Convention on Climate Change
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated.

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; Caribbean Environment Outlook:
 - State of fisheries has worsened
 - Problems with algae overgrowing coral reefs are mentioned
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. None
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No

Country: St. Lucia.

UNDAF or PCNA PDNA UNDAF together with Barbados & OECS Current period covered: 2008-2011

Expected reviews and evaluation: A mid programme cycle review is mentioned with no specific date

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

MTS Code	Implementing Agencies	Estimated costs and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
DC	UNDP UNICEF UNIFEM	UNDP: 1,800,000	
	DC	Agencies DC UNDP UNICEF	Agencies available funds (US \$) DC UNDP UNDP: 1,800,000 UNICEF

Reduced community vulnerability to landslides and flooding in 2 OECS communities				
Restoring Livelihoods in Grenada after Hurricanes Ivan and Emily				
Disaster risk reduction with climate adaptation strategies integrated through the CCCCC				
Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (VCA) incorporating climate risk integrated into assessment activities				
Sub-outcome 3.2 Harmonized systems for risk identification, assessment, monitoring and early warning established	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNDP	UNECLAC:1,600,000	
OUTPUTS: A study on the impact of science and technology initiatives on development in CDCC member countries study on disaster management in selected countries of the Caribbean subregion				
A study on the importance and application of early warning systems in reducing vulnerability in the Caribbean subregion				
Updating and maintenance of the sustainable development databases				
PAHO/WHO to support through CFNI (Caribbean Food & Nutrition Institute) nutritional component when necessary				

PAHO/WHO to support the inclusion of health facilities as community health early warning systems alert points		
PAHO/WHO to provide technical cooperation to the countries in elaborating and testing plans		
Key areas of disaster risk management capacity building institutional		
A cadre of recovery specialists is provided to support the early formulation of sustainable post-disaster recovery planning and programming		
Application of existing Disaster Risk Reduction Mainstreaming tools expanded into poverty reduction strategies & disasters, environment & governance in all OECS member states & Barbados		
Technical capacity in Disaster Risk Reduction DRR of UNDP Barbados & OECS office is strengthened		
Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into policy and sectoral programming		
Cross cultural network for disaster reduction in the region established		
Regional capacities through the promotion of exchange of experiences in disaster risk reduction among the English, Spanish and French speaking countries are increased		
Lessons learnt from UNTFHS (United Nations Trust Fund for Human Security) programme effectively integrated		

Harmonized Damage and Needs Assessment Tool for Grenada established and approved.				
Sub-outcome 3.3 Increased collaboration between UN system and regional and national partners in mainstreaming disaster risk reduction and in awareness building	DC	UNECLAC PAHO/WHO UNIFEM UNAIDS	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: A meeting of experts to discuss risk reduction strategies in the Caribbean				
Training workshops on disaster impact assessment and risk reduction strategies for government personnel involved in disaster assessment and prevention strategies				
High level meeting of the Regional Coordinating Mechanism (RCM) to review progress towards implementation of the Mauritius Strategy workshop in collaboration with regional partners on the implications of climate change for the sustainable development of Caribbean economies				
PAHO/WHO to promote inclusion of health in broad training programs as one of the priorities				
Sub-outcome 3.4 Underlying disaster risk factors at national and community levels reduced	DC	UNECLAC	No information provided	
OUTPUTS: Study on risk reduction in the Caribbean	DC			

A study on the implications of climate change for development in the Caribbean	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Alternative energy sources are used extensively in alternative livelihoods projects implemented by CSOs.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects with sustainable livelihood components.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Measurable decline in CO ₂ emissions from all funded projects	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Alternative energy KM products produced for education.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		
Technical and co-funding support.	CC	GEF UNDP FAO		

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Yes, under the risk reduction and disaster management priority area.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? UNEP is a collaborating agency in the Food Security priority area. It is noteworthy that UNEP is not a collaborating agency in sub outcomes 3.

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No

- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

UNEP/ROLAC database:

	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Vincent	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Lucia	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Lucia	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Lucia	Assistance with ODS data reporting
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Saint Lucia	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and subregional processes	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National
Development
Plan / Strategy
(National
Development,
PRS, MDG
Implementation
Plan)

Title: No information available

Period covered:

Expected reviews and evaluations:

Start of development of next plan/strategy:

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy): Not applicable

- What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; GEO St Lucia
 - Water systems severely degraded and under increasing pressure
 - Coral reefs, coastal species of commercial and non-commercial interest severely degraded
 - Fisheries under increasing pressure
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. DEWA, DRC/ROLAC
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? None

Country: Suriname

UNDAF Current p
or Expected

PCNA

PDNA

Current period covered: 2008-2011 Expected reviews and evaluation: Not stated

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010 (new UNDAF starting in 2012)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): Not applicable

dentification of environmen	ental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): Not applicable MTS code				
	WIIS code	Implementing Agency (les)	funds	Matrix	
Pro-poor policies are in place to ensure that vulnerable groups in society benefit from growth and have equitable access to opportunities, assets, resources and decent work.					
Agency Outcome 1.4 A sustainable and participatory natural resources planning and management system is in place ⁵ .				a) Proportion of land areas covered by forests; 2005 baseline: 94.7% b) Proportion of land as protected area; 2006 baseline 13% c) Carbon dioxide (COs) emissions-per capita 2003 baseline: 5.1 (metric tons); d) A mechanism for sustainable land management and monitoring is established. 2006 Baseline: weak institutional capacity to manage and monitor sustainable land management	
1.4.1 Responsible organizations have the capacity to plan, implement and monitor a	EG RE	UNDP	UNDP:150,000		

mechanism for the				
management of mineral				
resources.				
1.4.2 Responsible	RE	FAO	$FAO:250,000^6$	
organizations have the	CC	UNDP	UNDP :1,500,000	
capacity to establish a				
mechanism for				
sustainable land				
management with a				
particular emphasis on				
reducing vulnerability of				
the poor and expanded				
opportunities for				
sustainable livelihoods.				
1.4.3 Responsible	EG	UNDP	UNDP:9,376,000	
organizations have the	CC	UNESCO	UNESCO:55,000	
capacity to: design,			,	
implement and monitor				
systems for the				
management, sustainable				
use and conservation of				
biodiversity; to				
implement measures on				
the adaptation and				
mitigation of the effects				
of climate change.				
1.4.4 The knowledge and	DC	PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO:100,000	
skills of key disaster		UNECLAC	UNECLAC:15,000	
management institutions		UNESCO	UNESCO:25,000	
are enhanced to mitigate,		UNFPA	UNFPA :100,000	
manage and reduce the		UNICEF	UNICEF:100,000	
impact of disasters.		WFP	WFP :250,000	
Observations				
1				

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs?

Yes, UNFCCC and UNCBD, see output 1.4.3.

• Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? RDT visited Suriname in 2008, and a decision was taken that an environmental dimension be developed as part of the Country Program. UNEP was invited to take the lead in developing this component.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? You may refer to the table above. No.
- List the existing UNEP's programs/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? See table below.

UNEP/ROLAC database:

CITEITIC	database.	
DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum and Exhibition (CEF 4)
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion
		Strengthening Surinamese involvement in activities related to mercury pollution in
DTIE HQ	Chemicals	Suriname in partnership with the University of Bremen and UNIDO

DTIE HQ	Energy and Transport	Capacity development for the CDM – CD4CDM
	Regional Public Awareness Raising on Ozone	
OzonAction	Layer Depletion	Regional Launching of the new Ozzy Booklet in the Caribbean
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	RMP implementation
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Preparation of HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Implementation of Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan (First Tranche)
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Project Preparation for a Terminal CFC Phase-Out Management Plan
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Management of Institutional Strengthening project to provide enabling resources directly to National Ozone Unit set up and operations
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Suriname	Assistance with ODS data reporting
	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional	Missions to provide Advisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for
SIDS	and subregional processes	Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
- UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: Suriname MDG Baseline Report
Development	Period covered: Economic and social trajectories have been plotted for 2001-2006
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations: It is stated that the report will be updated in 2006
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: It is intended to collect information from relevant ministries in 2005, 2006, and 2007
Development,	

PRS, MDG Implementation Plan)

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

As stated in the report: "There are a number of serious environmental problems at the local level, such as pollution of soil and surface water as a result of, among other things, the use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides in agriculture and horticulture, as well as inadequate waste disposal. Current environmental laws and regulations and government structures in charge of implementation, as well as poor monitoring mechanisms, hardly contribute to solving the problem."

- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? Not stated
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated
- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources? Not stated
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? Not stated

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; There is a World Bank document (www.caricomstats.org/Files/Meetings/SCCS33/Paper_18.doc that mentions a Suriname State of the Environment Report published in 2006 but it couldn't be accessed.
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. Not stated
- Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated

Country: Trinidad & Tobago

or

PCNA

PDNA

UNDAF Current period covered: 2008-2011.

Expected reviews and evaluation: Annual reviews/ Final review in 2010

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2010

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? The implementation of the UNDAF is in charge of two established CCA/UNDAF theme groups, one per UNDAF outcome. They coordinate and manage all the implementation of the UNDAF, not only in the environmental issues.

What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available	Indicators and baseline from M&E
			funds (US \$)	Matrix
1. UNDAF Outcome				
Effective Public		ECLAC	ECLAC:130,000	
Participation in		FAO	FAO :1,100,000	
governance structures		ILO	ILO :125,000	
at all levels.		PAHO/WHO	PAHO/WHO:90,000	
		UNAIDS	UNAIDS:80,000	
		UNDP	UNDP :7,449,000	
		UNESCO	UNESCO:210,000	
		UNFPA	UNFPA:340,000	
		UNIC	UNIC:30,000	
		UNICEF	UNICEF:525,000	
		UNIFEM	UNIFEM:35,000	
1.1.1. Country				
Programme Output(s)				
and Outcomes.				
CP Outcome 1.3				Baseline: Key elements (policy,
Creation of an enabling				institutional framework, public
environment for				participation) for sustainable
sustainable				
				development are weak.
development				Indicators/Targets: Mechanisms for
				articulating sustainable development
				goals and fostering public
				participation exist and functioning.

1.3.1 National reporting on compliance with international treaties, including human rights instruments, in conformity with international obligations undertaken, and ensuring that national legislation, as appropriate, is in place and increasingly observed by State institutions and its agents.	EG	UNIC (OHCHR) UNDP UNICEF FAO	UNIC (OHCHR):30,000 UNDP:600,000 UNICEF:20,000 FAO:150,000	Baseline: Limited capacity for fostering compliance. Indicators/Targets: Advisory services provided through workshops and technical consultations.
1.3.2 Improved disaster preparedness and response systems, including social and protective services, in place for at risk communities, with particular attention to children, women and other vulnerable groups.	DC	ECLAC UNDP UNICEF PAHO UNFPA UNESCO	ECLAC:5,000 UNDP:150,000 UNICEF:10,000 PAHO:10,000 UNFPA:10,000 UNESCO:50,000	Baseline: Weak inter-organizational coordination Indicators/Targets: Coordination mechanism for CSO (Central Statistical Office) in service delivery developed
1.3.3 Effective broad- based coalition on corporate social responsibility stabilized for delivery of social services to identified vulnerable groups.	EG	ILO UNDP UNICEF	ILO:25,000 UNDP:100,000 UNICEF:10,000	Baseline: Inefficient motor vehicle offices. Indicator/Targets: Establishment of efficient procedures, regulations and standards. Increased efficiency in service delivery and M&E system in place
1.3.4 Strengthened institutional capacity and mechanisms for interorganizational coordination, accountability and	EG	UNDP ECLAC PAHO	UNDP:250,000 ECLAC:15,000 PAHO:10,000	

responsive for service				
delivery in the key pro-				
poor sectors.				
CP Outcome 1.4				
Implementation of				
Tobago's development				
Strategy, "Clean Green				
Safe and Serene"				
1.4.1 UN technical and	EG	ECLAC	ECLAC : 5,000	
advisory support to		FAO	FAO: 150,000	
identified programs		РАНО	PAHO :20,000	
under Tobago's		UNAIDS	UNAIDS: 28,000	
development strategy.		UNDP	UNDP : 1,600,000	
		UNIFEM	UNIFEM:10,000	
		UNICEF	UNICEF: 300,000	
		ILO	ILO: 20,000	
		UFPA	UNFPA: 30,000	
		UNESCO	UNESCO: 25,000	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? No. If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? No
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? Not stated. If so, which sector from government and in which areas?
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? No. If yes, which and what is the funding involved?
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF?
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF?

DELC	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	Fourth Biennial Caribbean Environmental Forum	
	Seminars in the Region	and Exhibition (CEF 4)	
DELC	Provision of Advisory Services to countries for the development of legislative proposals which address identified environmental and sustainable development issues and for the implementation of selected environmental agreements	Synergetic Implementation of Biodiversity related MEAS in four selected countries in LAC	
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy	
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth Caribbean	
DRC Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshop for Caribbean subregion	
DTIE	Meetings of the Regional Council	Subregional Meeting for the Caribbean	
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	2008 Workshop on ODS-free Technology in refrigeration and air conditioning sector	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Trinidad and Tobago	Assistance with ODS data reporting	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Trinidad and Tobago	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions	
SIDS	Advisory services to intergovernmental regional and subregional processes	Missions to provide Advisory Services and coorganization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED))-2008&2009	

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA). Not applicable.

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
 Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National Development Plan / Strategy (National Development, PRS, MDG Implementation Plan) Title: Vision 2020. Operational Plan 2007-2010

Period covered: 2007-2010

Expected reviews and evaluations: Annually

Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated

Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):

• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?

Section 4: Investing in Sound Infrastructure and the Environment.

Goal 4: The environment will be valued as national asset and conserved for the benefit of future generations and the wider international community. Objectives to 2010:

- 1. Prevent, reduce or where possible recycle all forms of waste
- 2. Treat wastewater in accordance with world standards.
- 3. Conserve and enrich the vitality and diversity of our natural environment.
- 4. Create environmental infrastructure that enhances the quality of life of all citizens
- 5. Promote judicious national physical development and the sustainable use and management of environmental resources.
- 6. Instil an attitude of care and respect for the environment among all citizens.
- 7. Empower stakeholders including communities to care for their own environments.
- 8. Integrate the principles of sustainable development into national policies and programmes.

Strategies:

- Strengthen the institutional, legal and regulatory framework
- Protect natural resources and sensitive species of flora and fauna.
- Improve waste management
- Promote a clean, green and environmentally sensitive Trinidad and Tobago.
- Promote greater environmental awareness
- Build strong partnerships among environmental stakeholders
- Develop renewable resources of energy
- Reform policy making
- Strengthen capacity for environmental data management and develop environmental measurement indicators and tools.
- Introduce environmental accounting
- Participate in protecting the global environment
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
- What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues? The Ministry of Public Utilities and the Environment, the Environmental Management Authority.
- Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy? Not stated

- Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? Not stated. If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
- Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance? No

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity; According to the Ministry of Planning and Development (Vision 2020) Trinidad and Tobago has the following environmental priorities:
- Water pollution
- -Sewage and industrial effluent
- Waste management, inclusive of domestic, commercial, hazardous and solid waste
- Litter
- Coastal zone degradation
- Watershed management/deforestation
- Air pollution
- Vehicular and industrial emissions
- Public participation, awareness and education

Environmental issues are treated through the Environmental Management Authority (EMA)

In the year 2006, a National Environmental Policy was approved by the Government and it is guided under five basic principles:

- Respect and care for the community of life
- Keep within the country's carrying capacity
- Empower communities to care for their own environments
- Polluter pays principle
- Precautionary principle
- Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes. Not stated.

Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? No

Country: Uruguay

UNDAF
or
PCNA
PDNA

Current period covered: 2007 – 2010

(flora, fauna and natural

forest inventories) within

the Responsible

Expected reviews and evaluation: 4th trimester 2008 and 4th trimester 2010. Midterm review under way

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: It will probably start at the end of 2009 (new UNDAF starting in 2011)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? What are the leading and participating agencies? No

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents): **Implementing Agency(ties)** Estimated costs and available MTS code Indicators and baseline funds (US \$) from M&E Matrix 1. UNDAF Outcome 1: By 2010, the country will have advanced in the generation of its capacity to incorporate knowledge, innovation and diversification in the production of goods and services aimed at sustained and sustainable growth. 1.1. Agency Outcome(s) 1.1.1. (Output(s) \mathbf{EM} 14. Studies and applied Percentage of territory research to improve the under the Protected Areas System. policies framework for handling natural resources as well as specific studies Percentage of renewable

energy used.

Production Programme will have been carried out (FAO).					
18. Skills, models and practices related to the administration of the territory and its water will have been developed on a national, regional and local scale, to conserve and restore the ecosystems, ensuring the protection of biodiversity and sustainable use of natural resources (UNDP - WB).	EM EG RE	UNDP GEF WB	UNDP: 100,000 GEF/UNDP: 2,500,000 Spanish Government/ UNDP: 400,000 French Government/ UNDP: 1,800,000 Canadian Government / UNDP: 460,000 GEF/WB: 5,220,000	Percentage of reduction of POP (Persistent Organic Pollutants) substances that affect the ozone layer.	
19. Skills will have been developed for the implementation of measures to mitigate and adapt to climate change and to manage risk, with progress made in the production and use of alternative and sustainable sources of energy (UNDP - FAO - WB).	CC RE	UNDP GEF FAO WB	UNDP: 35,000 GEF/ UNDP: 3,800,000 FAO: 20,000 GEF/ WB: 5,670,000		
20. Skills will have been developed in the handling of chemical substances and waste, and in reducing the use of substances which affect the ozone layer (UNDP).	EG HS	UNDP GEF	GEF/ UNDP: 1,550,000 Multilateral Fund, Montreal Protocol / UNDP:900,000 IPG/PPPUE/ UNDP: 100,000		
22. Recommendations made by the plan for the integral administration of natural resources and conservation of biological	EM EG	UNESCO	UNESCO: 5,000		

THE STATE OF THE S		
diversity in the Eastern		LINESCO. 5 000
Wetlands Biosphere		UNESCO: 5,000
Reserve, will have been		
drawn up (UNESCO).		
23. Recommendations		
resulting from the aquatic		UNESCO:100,000
ecosystems administration	EM	
plan within the framework	EG	
of the ECOPLATA		
Programme will have been		
drawn up (UNESCO).		
24. Knowledge will have		
been generated concerning		
the availability and	RE	UNESCO: 16,000
characteristics of Uruguay's		
surface water resources and		
aquifers (UNESCO).		
26. The coordination of		
actions carried out by	DC	
organizations working in	RE	
the areas of prevention,		
evaluation and mitigation of		
disasters, through the		
establishment of the Natural		
Hazard Consulting Group,		
will be in place (UNESCO).		
	Observations:	

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? No.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? Yes. If yes which MEAs? Montreal Protocol. Which outcomes/outputs? Output 20.
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? No Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? UNEP is not part of the United Nations Development Assistance

Framework (UNDAF 2007-2010) though it will contribute via the One Programme. See table below

- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? See Table Below

UNEP/ROLAC database:

UNLITROLAC		
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
	Provision of Advisory Services to countries	
	for the development of legislative proposals	
	which address identified environmental and	
	sustainable development issues and for the	
	implementation of selected environmental	Synergetic Implementation of Biodiversity related MEAS in four selected contries in
DELC	agreements	LAC
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
	Assistance to Conferences, Workshops and	
DELC	Seminars in the Region	Green Customs Meeting
DEWA	GEO Nationals	GEO Uruguay 2006
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO MERCOSUR
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth MERCOSUR
DEWA	UNDAC PROJECTS	Expert meeting on IEA and Impact Strategy on policy
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Urban Localities of Rivera
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DRC		
Information	Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth Workshops for South Cone
DTIE	Development of National Policy on SCP	Uruguay Demo Project on SCP Policy
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT
DTIE	Subregional Awareness Campaigns	MERCOSUR PILOT PROJECT
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	First Green Customs Training Workshop for South America and Mexico
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Uruguay	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Uruguay	Assistance with ODS data reporting

		Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South	
OzonAction	Montreal Protocol Compliance in Uruguay	cooperation activities, and Staff Member Official Missions	
		UNEP has engaged in the One UN Programme Pilot in Uruguay (2007-2010); and UNEP	
Pilot-	Engagement in One UN Programme Pilot-	is not part of the United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF 2007-	
Uruguay	Uruguay	2010), though it will contribute via de One Programme.	
		UNEP has engaged in the One UN Programme Pilot in Uruguay (2007-2010); and UNEP	1
Pilot-	Engagement in One UN Programme Pilot-	is not part of the United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF 2007-	
Uruguay	Uruguay	2010), though it will contribute via de One Programme.	

Post Conflict or Disaster Needs Assessments (PCNA/PDNA) Not applicable

- Environmental content, including the level of priority given to environmental issues if any;
- Leading organization(s) working with environmental issues;
 UNEP's involvement and level of resources involved;

National	Title: Development Strategy Uruguay III Century (draft)
Development	Period covered: Not stated
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated
Development,	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy): Currently, the draft
PRS, MDG	Strategy has no environmental component, however, through our country liaison, UNEP is working on the inclusion of the environmental dimension.
Implementation	• What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy? Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the
Plan)	CCA/UNDAF? (whenever possible relate issues to the thematic areas of UNEP's MTS)
	What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
	• Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
	• Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
	• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?

Country environmental assessments (UNEP, EC, WB etc)

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country

Report of the Environmental Conditions and Perspectives –GEO Uruguay 2008

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
- -Report of the State and Perspectives of Environment: GEO-2008 Uruguay
- Master Plan for Solid Waste management (industrial and urban). Ministry of Environment. 2006.
- Strengthening the Project implementation process of the National System of Protected Areas Uruguay. Dynamic / MVOTMA / UNDP / GEF.
- National Implementation Plan of Stockholm Convention Uruguay's -Chapter (PIN) 2003
- The project for environmental protection and sustainable development of the Guarani Aquifer System. 2003-2009. OAS, World Bank and GEF.
- Proposed elimination of the use of methyl bromide as a soil fumigant. Agency Implementation UNIDO (United Nations Organization for Industrial Development).
- National Action Plan to reduce the catch of seabirds in fisheries Uruguay. DINARA. 2007 --
- Strategic Plan of the National System of Protected Areas. 2008.
- Promotion of Environmental Management and Cleaner Production. 2002
- Solid Waste Master Plan of the Metropolitan Area of Montevideo.
- Urban Drainage Plan IV. 2006.
- Plan for Energy Saving and Efficiency. 2006.
- Project Promotion of production eco efficient for SMEs.
- Project URU. Second National Communication to the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. MVOTMA,

National Directorate of Environment, Climate Change Unit. 2004.

• Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes Refrigerant Management Plan. IDRC- PNUMA. DEWA, DRC/ROLAC in the development of GEO.

• Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V? Not stated.

Country: Venezuela

or PCNA PDNA **Current period covered: 2009-2013**

Expected reviews and evaluation: Mid term evaluation will take place on the fourth trimester of the second year of the programmatic year (2011). Final evaluation on the fourth trimester of the last year of the programmatic cycle (2013)

Expected start of development of next UNDAF: 2012 (new UNDAF starting in 2014)

Is there a Thematic Working Group on Environment? Not stated- There is a joint program on HIV/AIDS; thematic groups on gender, borders, food security; interagency groups on communications, emergency (UNETE), and operations (WTO).

What are the leading and participating agencies? Not stated.

Identification of environmental content in the current UNDAF (please use numbering/references from original UNDAF documents):

	MTS Code	Implementing Agency(ies)	Estimated cost and available funds (US \$)	Indicators and baseline from M&E Matrix
Cooperation area 5.			141145 (CS \$)	112012112112
Technical cooperation for				
the development and				
implementation of				
environmentally				
sustainable and risk				
management projects that				
promote a change in				
production and				
consumption patterns,				
specifically in issues such				
as access to water, sewage,				
waste and dangerous waste				
management, biodiversity				
conservation, reforestation				
for productive uses,				
integrated management of				
water resources, climate				
change mitigation and				
adaptation, sustainable				
energy, prevention and				
attention related to natural				
disasters.				
Direct effect 5.1.	DC			

Community and institutional capacities to respond and participate in the preparation of humanitarian efforts due to natural disasters is incremented 5.1.1. National disasters information system with a gender and generation scope developed	DC	UNDP	Bl.: Lack of development plans and management programs that incorporate risk management Indicator: #: national and local
5.1.2. Early warning plan for high risk communities active.	DC	UNDP	institutions with plans for integrated management of risk management Goals: At least one national body,
5.1.3. Municipal plan for the development of community early warning plans implemented	DC	UNDP	two local institutions and two communities with enhanced risk management plans - 4 public investment programs
5.1.4. Methodology for the mainstreaming of a gender and generational approach to risk management in Local Urban Development Plans created	DC	UNDP	evaluated
Direct effect 5.2. National capacities for the management of protected areas, dangerous waste and sustainable use of biodiversity improved and widened	EM	UNDP	Bl.: Disjointed national capacities for environmental management at the local, state and national levels Indicators: #. Protected areas with sustainable productive use. Goals: 5 National and local organizations attended
5.2.1 Good practice code for biodiversity friendly production created	EM	UNDP	- 3 protected areas with their regulatory frameworks
5.2.2. Protected area management system created	EM	UNDP	Number of trained employees Number of financing mechanisms created

5.2.3. Public financing system for sustainable	EM	UNDP FAO	-Number of loans to farmers who consider one or more environmental aspects of those identified within their production plans -Number of initiatives / projects / actions carried out to improve the use of native biodiversity resources in the country Bl. Local governments with very little knowledge in the management
agricultural production implemented			of hazardous waste Indicators: - # of assessed plans; -# of methodological tools developed and implemented Goals: -Consolidation of government initiatives ongoing -Implementation of a national pilot program for the development of local capacities in waste management and hazardous waste, instituted and implemented - Establishment of the National Center for Integrated Waste Substances and Hazardous Materials
5.2.4 National pilot	EM HS	UNDP FAO	
programme on building local capacities on waste and	нэ	rau	
hazardous waste			
management implemented DIRECT EFECT 5.3			
Increased environmental			
management of urban and rural areas by expanding			
access to energy and			
environmental services.			

5.3.1 Units for urban and rural environmental management created, strengthened and consolidated	EM	UNDP FAO	5.3.1 B.L.: The infrastructure and resources for environmental management at the local level are very limited.

5.4.1 Plan to restructure the agricultural sector to the effects of climate change to support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of technical specifications on Solution operating -5 communities with energy systems. UNDP FAO Indicators: # of plate to support food security developed. Indicators: # of plate to climate change or technical specifications on Solution in the incorporation of the incorporation
5.4.1 Plan to restructure the agricultural sector to the effects of climate change to support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of RE FAO energy systems. UNDP FAO Bl.: Lack of adapt mitigation measure vulnerable populat vulnerable populat to climate change or to climate change or
5.4.1 Plan to restructure the agricultural sector to the effects of climate change to support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of RE TAO SLack of adapt mitigation measure vulnerable populat mitigation measures vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate vulnerable populate mitigation measures vulnerable populate vulnerable
agricultural sector to the effects of climate change to support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of RE FAO mitigation measure vulnerable populat support food security developed. Indicators: # of pla to climate change or the climate
effects of climate change to support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of RE FAO vulnerable populat vulne
support food security developed. 5.4.2 Instruments designed for the incorporation of RE FAO Indicators: # of play to climate change or the cli
5.4.2 Instruments designed CC UNDP Indicators: # of plate for the incorporation of RE FAO to climate change or
for the incorporation of RE FAO to climate change or
Magazina to miti
Weastles to mility
energy efficiency. Climate Change for

	Space that the media give to the
	topic.
	Goal:
	At least an awareness campaign
	about the problem of climate chang
	impacts and measures to mitigate
	and adapt to it.

Further to the identification of environmental components in the UNDAF, please address the following:

- Has environment been incorporated as a cross cutting issue in areas such as governance, health, poverty reduction etc? Environment is only presented as cross cutting when the entry point is the environmental output. One example is 5.3.2. where the environmental aspect is considered for health issues while at the same time in cooperation area 1 (health and human rights) there is no reference made to environmental issues.
- Does the UNDAF have content related to the implementation of Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs)? If yes which MEAs? Which outcomes/outputs? Not stated
- Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No

UNEP engagement in the country

- Is there a request from the RC for UNEP assistance? Or from Government? If so, which sector from government and in which areas? Not stated.
- Is UNEP responsible for outcomes/outputs? If yes, which and what is the funding involved? No
- List the existing UNEP's programmes/projects which fall within the UNDAF? Not stated.
- List major UNEP and MEAs programmes/projects that do not fall under the UNDAF? See table below

UNEP/ROLAC database:

CITEITROE	ic database.	1
	Assistance to Conferences,	
	Workshops and Seminars in the	
DELC	Region	First International Parlamentarian Summit about Global Warming and Climate Change
		Meeting of the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of LAC on
DELC	Technical Assistance	Access to Genetic Resources (Dec. 12 XVI Forum)
	Assistance to Conferences,	
	Workshops and Seminars in the	
DELC	Region	X Meeting of the Commission on Environment and Tourism of PARLATINO
DELC	Capacity Building	Fifth Latin American Training Programme on Environmental Law and Policy
DELC	Capacity Building	Subregional Workshop on Access to Environmental Justice
DEWA	GEO Cities	GEO Colonia
DEWA	GEO YOUTH	GEO Youth methodology
DEWA	Subregional and thematic GEOs	GEO Amazonia

1		
	Implementation of the national	
	biosafety framework in	
	Venezuela in accordance to the	Venezuela: Implementation of the national biosafety framework in Venezuela in accordance
DGEF	Cartagena Biosafety Protocol	to the Cartagena Biosafety Protocol
	Paramo: Conservation of the	
	Biodiversity of the Paramo in the	
DGEF		Paramo: Conservation of the Biodiversity of the Paramo in the Northern and Central Andes
DRC Information	n Capacity Building	TUNZA and GEO for Youth workshop for Andean subregion
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Technical and policy advice to review and implement a National Plan of Action to return to
OzonAction	Venezuela	compliance on CFC production phase-out
		Regional Workshop on Phasing-Out CFC based Metered Dose Inhalers (MDI) for Latin
OzonAction	Ozonaction Networking	American and Spanish Speaking Caribbean countries
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	1 1 5
OzonAction	Venezuela	Assistance with ODS data reporting
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol provided through South-South cooperation
OzonAction		activities, and Staff Member Official Missions
	Montreal Protocol Compliance in	
OzonAction	1	Custom Enforcement Networking to prevent ODS illegal trade
Post Conflict or	Disaster Needs Assessments (PCN	
• Environmental	l content, including the level of price	ority given to environmental issues if any;
	nization(s) working with environmen	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	vement and level of resources invol	
31,21 3 111,01		·· 9

National	Title: Outline Plan for the Economic and Social Development of the Nation				
Development	Period covered: 2001-2007				
Plan / Strategy	Expected reviews and evaluations: Not stated				
(National	Start of development of next plan/strategy: Not stated				
Development,					
PRS, MDG	Review for the environmental content of plans/strategies (the same questions apply to each current development plan/strategy):				
Implementation	What are the key environmental issues raised in the development plan/strategy?				
Plan)	Improve land use planning				
	Environmental education programme				
	Conservation of Biological Diversity				
	Support environmental research				

• Are there references to UNEP lead environmental assessments in the CCA/UNDAF? No
• What are the leading governmental, non-governmental and international organizations working with environmental issues?
Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources
• Which MEAs (including national reports and action plans) are considered in the plan/strategy?
None
• Was/is UNEP involved in the preparation of development plan/strategies? If so, what is the current level of UNEP involvement in terms of programmes/projects and allocation of resources?
Not stated
• Is there a request from the government for UNEP's assistance?

ı	Country
	environmenta
	assessments
	(UNEP, EC,
	WB etc)

Not stated.

Review of existing environmental assessments in the country. No information available.

- Identify major national environmental assessments and current environmental policy processes, their leading organizations, and the period of the activity;
 Identify UNEP involvement in the assessments and policy processes.
 Were any of the environmental assessments considered in development plans/strategies listed in section V?

Chapter 2: Analysis

Chapter 2

1. Introduction

UNEP's Global Environment Outlook: environment for development (GEO 4) highlights four major themes as being of major concern for Latin America and the Caribbean. According to this report, "Extensive, unplanned urbanization, threats to terrestrial biodiversity and ecosystems, coastal degradation and marine pollution, as well as regional vulnerability to climate change are key priorities among the major environmental issues in the region. These four selected issues are crucial to both regional and global environmental sustainability."

GEO reports produced in the LAC region were also used to provide a very broad view of the main environmental themes that have been of concern in this region. According to Martino⁷, after reviewing 18 national and sub-regional GEOs from 2000 to December 2007, the main environmental concerns relate to climate change impacts; availability of fresh water resources: quality and quantity; coastal and marine zone degradation; mangrove depletion; uncontrolled fisheries; lack of solid waste treatment; lack of land use planning: deforestation, forest fragmentation, soil erosion and habitat loss. The two regional GEOs (2000 and 2003) also underscore these as key environmental issues. They are reflected, along with other concerns, in UNDAFs environmental outputs.

As has been stated by UNEP, "Filtering the environmental needs of countries as reflected in UNDAF's and other strategic policy processes will provide UNEP with a clear overview of the current status of environmental priorities in the UNDAFs. It will also help UNEP to identify gaps where known environmental priorities of countries have not been fully reflected as well as those countries in which UNEP's support can add value to the efforts of governments, UN Country Teams and other national stakeholders." 8

Despite the importance of reviewing the UNDAFs, the analysis of current UNDAFs in the Region has shown that there are a number of weaknesses to be addressed. In some instances for example, funds were not allocated to some outputs, including those related to the environment. It was also discovered that some outputs were not associated with any Agency, despite their inclusion in the list. This fact must be taken into consideration when interpreting the results presented in this analysis.

With respect to the expected beginning of a new UNDAF, Table 1 below indicates the term of current UNDAFs as well as the start of the following term. As a general rule, UNDAF cycles begin two years before the commencement of the new one. Therefore, preparations would start in 2009 for an UNDAF beginning in 2011.

Table 1. Latin America and the Caribbean
Terms of current UNDAFs and beginning of next UNDAF

Current Period	Commencement Year of Next UNDAF
-------------------	---------------------------------

Countries						
Antigua &oBartriés	2008-2011			X		
Argentina	None	X				
Bahamas	None					
Barbados	2008-2011			X		
Belize	2007-2011			X		
Bolivia	2008-2012				X	
Brazil	2007-2011			X		
Chile	2007-2010		X			
Colombia	2008-2012				X	
Costa Rica	2008-2012				X	
Cuba	2008-2012				X	
Dominica	2008-2011			X		
Dominican Republic	2007-2011			X		
Ecuador	2004-2008	X				
El Salvador	2007-2011			X		
Grenada	2008-2011			X		
Guatemala	2004-2009	X				
Guyana ⁹	2006-2010			X		
Haiti	2009-2011			X		
Honduras	2007-2011			X		
Jamaica	2007-2011			X		
St. Kitts & Nevis	2008-2011			X		
St. Lucia	2008-2011			X		
St. Vincent & Grenadines	2008-2011			X		
Suriname	None			X		
Trinidad & Tobago	2008-2011			X		
Mexico	2008-2012				X	
Nicaragua	2008-2012				X	
Panama	2007-2011			X		
Paraguay	2007-2011			X		
Peru ¹⁰	2006-2010			X		
Suriname	2008-2011			X		
Trinidad & Tobago	2008-2011			X		
Uruguay	2007-2010		X			
Venezuela	2009-2013					X

Methodological approach

UNDAFs outlined in Chapter 1 were revised for each country to extract the main environmental outputs. These were then grouped at the sub-regional level and according to UNEP priority thematic areas (in line with the Medium Term Strategy 2010-2013-MTS). Main substantive outputs or topics were identified for the purpose of grouping individual outputs so that general concerns at the sub-regional and regional levels could emerge.

Additionally, a summary was done of the Output funding allocated to UNEP's Priority Thematic Areas under each UNDAF (for those outputs for which specific figures were available). Given that all outputs did not report an allocation of funds, this must be taken as an approximate figure, in other words, as an indicative trend of agency involvement for responding to regional environmental priorities in Latin America and the Caribbean. Within this context, results are presented for sub-regions and then for the LAC region.

Outputs from Chapter 1 matrixes were grouped according to thematic priorities of the MTS. The criteria for the grouping in this Chapter were as follows:

The subprogram Environmental Governance (EG) brought together, according to the core nature of the output, those relating to policy, legal and regulatory frameworks, strengthening of national capacities for developing legal, normative or general frameworks, legal municipal mechanisms, development and implementation of management plans, outcomes which increase coherence with MEAs, among others. In other words, EG refers to the type of governance or participation as well as ways to improve processes, increase quality and properly guide government intervention or social organizations (for example, businesses or community organizations).

Ecosystem Management (EM) groups those outputs which, by their core nature, are closely related to ecosystem management. These include ecological zonification; integrated ecosystem measures ranging from biofuels to renewable energies; natural resource administration; capacity to utilize management tools; programs for rehabilitation or restoration of some ecosystem services, among others. Additionally, assessment and management of freshwater, terrestrial and coastal and marine systems, land degradation assessment, promotion of adaptive management, participatory decision-making and sustainable financing through payments for ecosystem services also fall under this subprogram.

Climate Change (CC) encompasses those outputs related to designing strategies to improve national capacity for adaptation and mitigation programs; reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and potential co-benefits, with a focus on clean and renewable energy sources, energy efficiency and energy conservation; the increase of the use of innovative technologies; carbon sequestration strategies; access to relevant climate change science and information for decision-making, and alike.

Under Harmful substances and hazardous waste (HS & HW) were grouped those outputs which main concerns are associated with the increase in the capacity of countries to value risk, as well as international coherence in national policy for managing harmful chemicals and hazardous waste. Outputs related to good practices and promotion of appropriate policy as well as control systems for harmful substances of global concern were also grouped in this category.

Resource efficiency – sustainable consumption and production (RE-SC & P) examines measures aimed at decreasing pollution; improving industrial processes with clean technologies and promoting the use of environmentally-friendly products; decoupling of

growth in production and consumption of goods and services from resource depletion and environmental degradation. This subprogram also encompasses the application of environmentally sound technologies and integrated waste management; reform in government policies, changes in private sector management practices and decisions, increased consumer awareness; inefficient and polluting production and consumption patterns.

Disasters and Conflicts (DC) encompasses those outputs that minimize threats to human well-being arising from the environmental causes and consequences of conflicts and/ or disasters. It addresses matters related to vulnerabilities and risk reduction, emergency response and recovery, as well as peace building.

In order to examine the relative interest from UNDAFs in different priority thematic areas (MTS), outputs were grouped by using their core nature as a criterion, i.e., the substantive nature of the output itself in relation to the thematic areas. This was also the criterion used to group, sub-regionally, the funds available for an output in a particular priority thematic area (MTS). For example, if there was an output in a country related to ecosystems but its core nature was more in keeping with regulatory frameworks, it was grouped under EG and not under EM in the corresponding sub-region. It would be very difficult to do this in any other way since there is insufficient information to determine whether funds should be allocated to one framework or another. In other words, the matrix in Chapter 1 might have indicated two or more priority areas in some cases.

The following are the existing sub-regions: Meso America (eight countries), Caribbean (15 countries of which six fall under the Organization of Eastern Caribbean States-OECS's UNDAF), and South America (10 countries). The LAC Region includes a total of 33 countries, 30 of which have UNDAFs (see Table No. 2 which provides information on other documents reviewed for this report).

Table No. 2. Documents reviewed per country

		Other documents reviewed						
Country	UNDAF (period reviewed)	Poverty Reduction Strategy	MDG National Report	National Development Plan or equivalent document				
	CARIBBEAN							
Antigua & Barbuda	2008-2011	X	X					
Bahamas	None			X				
Barbados	2008-2011	X		X				
Cuba	2008-2012		X	X				
Dominica	2008-2011	X		X				

Dominican Republic	2007-2011		X	
Grenada	2008-2011	X		X
Guyana	2006-2010	X	X	X
Haiti	2009-2011	X	X	
Jamaica	2007-2011		X	X
Saint Kitts and Nevis	2008-2011			
Saint Lucia	2008-2011	X		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	2008-2011			
Suriname ¹¹	None		X	
Trinidad & Tobago	2008-2011			X
-	•	MESOAMERICA	•	
Belize	2007-2011	X	X	X
Costa Rica	2008-2012		X	X
El Salvador	2007-2011			X
Guatemala	2004-2009	X	X	X
Honduras	2007-2011	X	X	X
Mexico	2008-2012		X	X
Nicaragua	2008-2012	X	X	X
Panama	2007-2011		X	X
		SOUTH AMERICA		
Argentina	None		X	X
Bolivia	2008-2012	X	X	X
Brazil	2007-2011		X	X
Chile	2007-2010		X	X
Colombia	2008-2012		X	X
Ecuador	2004-2008		X	X
Paraguay	2007-2011		X	
Peru	2006-2010		X	
Uruguay	2007-2010		X	X
Venezuela	2009-2013		X	X

II. Environmental priorities for UNDAFs in the LAC region and sub-regions

As previously mentioned, in order for UNEP to maximize the use of the information available, the outputs in the UNDAFs have been organized according to UNEP's six thematic priorities of the Medium Term Strategy 2010-2013. In order to provide insights into the main trends of country concerns portrayed in UNDAFs, it was necessary to group their outcomes. Related outputs were clustered into broad substantive outputs and countries were classified accordingly (See Table A of the Annex for more details). This exercise facilitated a more practical analysis of the UNDAFs report. Chapter 1 provides country details.

Table 3 below outlines the broad substantive outputs by sub-region and Priority Thematic Area:

Table 3. LAC: Number of broad substantive outputs in the UNDAFs, number of participating agencies and UNEP participation

by environmental priority thematic areas^a

	oy environmentai p	•	c ar cas						
Priority Thematic Area	No. of broad substantive outcomes reported	Number of countries involved	No. of participating agencies	UNEP present in at least one instance					
Sub-region: Meso America (eight countries-all with UNDAFs)									
Climate change	3	4	5	©					
Ecosystem management	3	5	4	©					
Environmental governance	14	8	15	☺					
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	-	-	-	-					
Disasters and conflicts	3	5	12	☺					
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	1	3	3	©					
Sub-region: C	Caribbean (Total of 15	countries - six in	OECS-13 with UND	OAFs)					
Climate change	2	1	2	©					
Ecosystem management	-			-					
Environmental governance	11	5	17	☺					
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	5	1	4	☺					
Disasters and conflicts	2	9	8	-					
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	3	3	7	☺					
Sub-reg	gion: South Americ	a (10 countries-nir	ne with UNDAFs)						
Climate change	4	2	4	-					
Ecosystem management	4	4	9	-					
Environmental governance	12	9	16	☺					
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	2	2	3	-					
Disasters and conflicts	4	5	5	-					
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	4	4	10	©					

^a Table A of the Annex provides this information by sub-region according to number of participating agencies, number of countries involved, resources allocated, name of participating agencyies and main agency contributing.

According to the information provided in Table 3, the Priority Thematic Area (PTA) that received the highest attention by UNDAFs in all three sub-regions was "Environmental governance". This PTA also reported the highest number of participating Agencies . In Meso America and in the Caribbean, the PTA "Disasters and conflicts" ranked second

according to the attention given by UN organizations, while in South America it was the PTA "Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production".

Regarding the establishment of environmental thematic working groups, only one country in Mesoamerica, two in the Caribbean and two South America reported that these had been created ¹²

It is worthwhile to note that despite the presence of UNEP in most of the priority thematic areas its participation is not very strong. There is no output indicating that UNEP is the main collaborating agency, (as opposed to other agencies both in terms of environment and other areas). In those instances where UNEP is present, its contribution is marginal, as can be seen from Table 4 and Exhibit 0.

Despite the fact that most of the UNDAFs reviewed reported on their estimated costs and available funds for some outcomes, these costs and funds were used to build a setting with the sole intention to provide a view of agency interest in supporting specific outputs. Of course, reality might show a different situation but for the purpose of assessing agency involvement in LAC region this was considered to be a good way to picture agency motivation for funding allocation.

In Meso America, the major collaborator is UNDP with 68% of total funding allocated through the UNDAFs, as shown in Table No. 4. For the periods under review, UNEP collaboration amounted to 1.7%. For the Caribbean, the main collaborator is also UNDP with a share of nearly 57% while UNEP involvement is only about 1.3%. In South America, UNDP collaboration is also 45% while UNEP involvement is a mere 0.3% (It must be borne in mind that these figures were calculated based on reports on funding received. There are other activities where no funding was allocated but where the presence of the agency was evident).

Table 4. Latin America and Caribbean. UNDAF funding allocation.

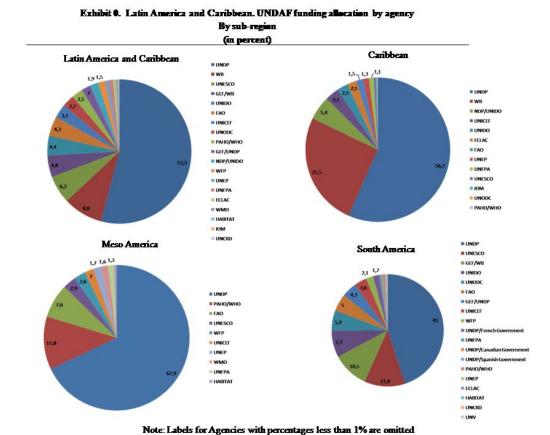
By Agency and Sub-region

(in percent-indicative figures)

Agency	Latin America and Caribbean	Caribbean	Meso America	South America
UNDP	53.5	56.7	67.9	45.0
UNDP French Gov.	0.8			1.7
UNDP Canadian Gov.	0.2			0.4
UNDP- Spanish Gov.	0.2			04
World Bank	8.8	25.5		
UNESCO	6.2	0.4	2.9	11.8

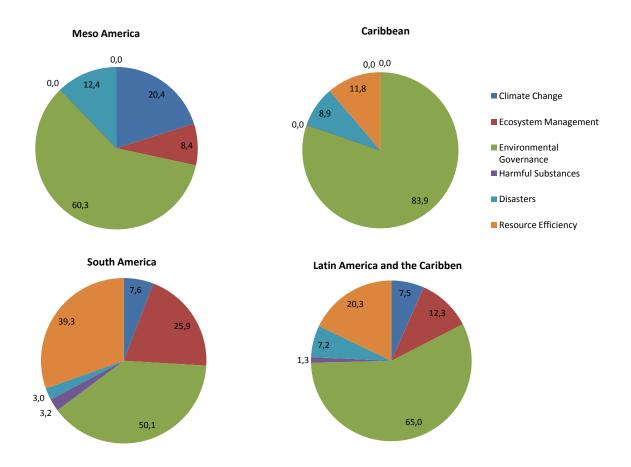
GEF/WB	4.8			10.5
UNIDO	4.4	2.5		7.7
FAO	4.3	1.5	7.6	5.0
UNICEF	3.1	3.1	2.0	3.6
UNODC	2.7	0.1		5.9
PAHO/WHO	2.5	0.1	11.8	0.4
GEF/UNDP	2.0			4.3
NDP/UNIDO	1.9	5.4		
WFP	1.5		2.6	2.1
UNEP	0.9	1.3	1.7	0.3
UNFPA	0.9	1.1	1.3	0.6
ECLAC	0.7	2.1		0.1
WMO	0.3		1.6	
HABITAT	0.2		0.6	0.1
IOM	0.1	0.3		0.0
UNCRD	0.1			0.1
UNV				0.1

Table 4 also indicates that UNDP is the agency with the greatest presence in Latin America and the Caribbean based on output funding allocation via UNDAFs. It is followed by the World Bank (which allocated US\$20 million to environmental management in Trinidad and Tobago) and UNESCO with just above 6%. This is more clearly seen in Exhibit 0.



With respect to the allocation of funds in line with UNEP's six priority thematic areas, Exhibit No. 1 clearly indicates that "Environmental governance" is, by far, the area to which most of the funding is allocated (60% in Meso America, 84% in the Caribbean, 50% in South America for an average of 65% for Latin America and the Caribbean). It is also clear that in Meso America the thematic area "Harmful substances and hazardous waste" is not being addressed by UNDAFs. In the Caribbean, only "Environmental governance", "Disasters and conflicts", and "Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production" reflect some allocation of funds via UNDAFs; while in South America, all of the priority thematic areas received some funding.

Exhibit No. 1. Output funding allocation to Priority Thematic Areas according to UNDAFs (in %)



III. Major linkages between UNEP's work and priority thematic areas of MTS

The major links that UNEP has established in the LAC region (and sub-regions) by means of UNDAFs are summarized in Table 5. Although not exhaustive, it provides a good indication of the type of collaboration UNEP has been providing to the environmental agenda in the LAC region.

As can be seen in Table 5, UNEP cooperation in LAC has been mainly in the form of capacity building of key governmental and nongovernmental stakeholders through the organization and support of meetings, workshops, and seminars. UNEP has also been the key organization in the promotion of environmental reporting, by assisting countries to fulfill an agreement of the Forum of Ministers of the Environment of Latin America and the Caribbean, requiring the use of GEO methodology for reporting environmental assessments. However, this is not well recognized in UNDAFs. Nevertheless, it must be noted that due to the global/regional character of UNEP, its activities at the regional level extend beyond UNDAFs, but with an impact at the national level. In the case of "Environmental Governance", for example, UNEP's involvement in the region has been very strong in matters such as the Forum of Ministers of Environment itself, capacity building of legal officers, capacity building and networking of judges, prosecutors and

other law enforcement officers, capacity building for ABS (Access and Benefit Sharing) negotiators through the Working Group of the Forum of Ministers, etc.

Table 5. UNEP's contribution to LAC Sub-regions via UNDAFs by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

(several periods)					
Priority Thematic Area	Main activities				
Sub-region: Meso America					
Climate change	°Support for a high level meeting on global warming and climate change (First International Parliamentarian Summit on Global Warming and Climate Change)				
Ecosystem management	°Aid to establish a wetland conservation project and in designing biological corridors. Support for the adoption of an integrated ecosystem management approach				
Environmental governance	oAssistance for developing a national strategy framework (biosafety) oAssistance for developing a legal framework (solid waste) oAssistance for capacity building (EIA) oSponsorship of meetings and workshops (GEO for youth, TUNZA, environment and tourism, law and policy)				
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	NR ¹³				
Disasters and conflicts	∘Assistance for vulnerability assessment post Mitch ∘Financial assistance to produce a poster				
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	NR				
Sub-region: Caribbean					
Climate change	°Support for a high level meeting on global warming and climate change (also in Meso America)				
Ecosystem management	NR				
Environmental governance	oAssistance for developing a legal framework (Technical and policy advice on Montreal Protocol) oAssistance for capacity building (EIA, judges, impact strategy on policy, assessment of social, economic and environmental costs and benefits) oSponsorship of meetings and workshops (forums, exhibitions, expert meetings, data reporting) oSponsorship of programs (to promote environmentally sound water and waste water provision) oAdvisory Services and co-organization of CARICOM's Council for Trade and Economic Development.				
Harmful substances and hazardous	•Aid to prepare the first tranche of HCFC Phase-Out Management				
waste Disasters and conflicts	Plan NR				
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	NR NR				
Sub-region: South America					
Climate change	°Support for a high level meeting on global warming and climate change (First International Parliamentarian Summit on Global Warming and Climate Change)				
Ecosystem management	NR				
Environmental governance	•Assistance for the development of a legal framework (on sustainable development)				

Table 5. UNEP's contribution to LAC Sub-regions via UNDAFs by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

	(Several periods)
	•Assistance for capacity building (Environmental Law and Policy,
	Energy, Transport and Chemicals; Montreal Protocol Compliance;
	sustainable forest management in the trans-boundary Gran Chaco
	ecosystem; enforcement networking to prevent ODS illegal trade)
	Sponsorship of meetings and workshops (conferences, workshops,
	seminars)
	•Sponsorship of programs-technical assistance (GEO reports at all
	levels; demo project on SCP Policy; MERCOSUR Pilot project;
	Montreal Protocol compliance; engagement in One UN Programme
	Pilot-Uruguay; national and coastal environmental indicators;
	UNDAC PROJECTS; sustainable consumption and production;
	management of institutional strengthening project; assistance to
	Ministry of Environment and Ministry of Education; environmental
	education and other activities with young people; civil society
	access to environmental information and environmental justice;
	environmental assessment of water sector; urban/environment
	indicators)
Harmful substances and hazardous	•Technical assistance to phase out the use of Methyl Bromide,
waste	HCFC and refrigerants, Ozonaction Networking
Disasters and conflicts	NR
Resource efficiency and sustainable	NR
	INK
consumption and production.	

IV. Main environmental concerns according to national developmental plans and other plans

In addition to reviewing of the UNDAFs, the present UNDAF LAC review analysis has also examined the main national environmental concerns highlighted in documents such as National Development Plans, Implementation Plans/ Reports of the MDGs, or Poverty Reduction Strategy. A summary of these concerns can be seen in Table B in the annex.

In order to examine these national concerns in a systematic way, five categories have been identified. These are:

- 1- Assistance for capacity building (resource requirements to assist countries in developing capacities in various areas such as the development of legal and regulatory frameworks, strengthening of the non-state actor's role in sustainable development, monitoring processes, risk and disaster management, environmental management, etc);
- 2- Assistance in strategy design (resource requirements for supporting the development of various environmental strategies in the areas of fisheries, forestry, sustainable development, environmental education, etc);
- 3- Assistance for developing environmental policy (resource requirements for the development of national development plans and national strategies in, for example, solid waste treatment);
- 4- Assistance for information dissemination (aid required for the establishment of environmental information systems and strengthening of environmental reporting), and

5- Assistance for program consolidation (resource requirements for supporting ongoing environmental programs).

This grouping should help to identify where UNEP could make a contribution in the LAC Region.

Table 6 shows the main concerns in each Priority Thematic Area:

Table 6. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

D.:: 4 Tl 4: - A	Main and an annual control
Priority Thematic Area	Main concerns (synthesis)
Sub-region: Meso America	
Climate change	Assistance for capacity building in legal and regulatory frameworks (MEAs implementation) and in the development of national legal frameworks and implementation of UNFCCC and Kyoto Protocol.
Ecosystem management	Assistance for capacity building:
	 in legal and regulatory frameworks (MEAs implementation) for non-state actors in sustainable development for staff in environmental institutions (solid waste, land use, water and sanitation, reforestation and forest protection, energy, desertification and drought prevention, marine and coastal resources, among other topics)
	Assistance in strategy design in the use and conservation of biodiversity (including mangroves)
	Assistance for program consolidation in sustainable agriculture, including organic farming; rehabilitation of forest areas, and for water availability and quantity.
Environmental governance	Assistance for capacity-building:
	 in legal and regulatory frameworks to comply with the implementation of MEAS for non-state actors in sustainable development for staff in environmental institutions (solid waste, land use, water and sanitation, reforestation and forest protection, energy, desertification and drought prevention, marine and coastal resources are some of the topics) for monitoring processes (NGOs, local and national institutions) in environmental management (at all level of the decision-making process; urban; protected areas, etc.)
	Assistance in strategy design: • in sustainable development (including incentives to promote good practices) • for environmental education (communication and awareness)
	Assistance for information dissemination: environmental

Table 6. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas
(several periods)

	(several perious)
	information system
	Assistance for program consolidation in water availability and quantity, and in alternative energy
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	Assistance for capacity building in environmental management at all levels of the decision-making process (urban; protected areas, etc.)
Disasters and conflicts	Assistance for information dissemination (emergency-response capabilities)
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	Assistance for developing environmental policy (integrating the principles of sustainable development in national development plans)
Sub-region: Caribbean	
Climate change	In legal and regulatory frameworks to comply with the implementation of related MEAS
	Assistance in strategy design for energy efficiency
Ecosystem management	Assistance for capacity building in legal and regulatory frameworks (MEA implementation)
	Assistance in strategy design for natural resources and sensitive species of flora and fauna
	Assistance for program consolidation to maintain and enhance natural productivity of key ecosystems
Environmental governance	Assistance for capacity-building:
	 in legal and regulatory frameworks to comply with national and multinational commitments for staff in environmental institutions (solid waste, land use, water and sanitation, reforestation and forest protection, energy, desertification and drought prevention, marine and coastal resources, among other topics) in environmental management (at all levels of decision-making process; use of economic instruments) in research
	Assistance in strategy design:
	 in sustainable development (trade and development) in environmental education (public awareness) energy efficiency/efficient public transport and infrastructure
Harmful substances and hazardous	Assistance for developing environmental policy (national multi-
waste	stakeholder strategy for solid waste management)
Disasters and conflicts	Assistance for capacity-building in management of disasters and conflict prevention
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	Assistance for capacity building in monitoring processes (compliance of water standards, status of select fish stocks)

Table 6. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

	(several periods)
	Assistance in strategy design:
	 in sustainable development (natural resource use) For an efficient and reliable energy sector
	Assistance for developing environmental policy (integrating the principles of sustainable development in national development plans)
Sub-region: South America	
Climate change	
Ecosystem management	Assistance for capacity building in legal and regulatory frameworks (MEAs implementation)
	Assistance in strategy design in several areas (ecosystem degradation; protected areas; deforestation; air pollution, etc.)
Environmental governance	Assistance for capacity building: • in legal and regulatory frameworks (MEAs implementation) • for non-state actors in sustainable development (support businesses to attain environmental standards) • monitoring processes (early warning) • environmental management (national basin strategy, and solid waste management) • research
	Assistance in strategy design in environmental education and awareness, as well as in energy and transport
	Assistance for developing environmental policy
	Assistance for information dissemination (data and environmental reporting)
	Assistance for program consolidation (restoration of contaminated urban sites)
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	Assistance for capacity building in environmental management (basic sanitation sector)
Disasters and conflicts	NR
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	Assistance for capacity building in environmental management (integrated management of water resources)
	Assistance in strategy design in sustainable development (sustainable use of natural resources)
	Assistance for program consolidation in sustainable productive processes and consumption

The results of this analysis provided the input for the following section.

V. Main challenges for UNEP in LAC

Section II reveals that the Priority Thematic Area (PTA) "Environmental governance" received the most attention from UN Agencies and Programmes, both in terms of the number of agencies involved and funding allocated. On the other hand, the PTA "Harmful substances and hazardous waste" is perhaps the PTA with the least amount of activities reported during the review of UNDAFs in LAC, in contrast to the importance given to this area as a main environmental concern in the other documents reviewed. Another PTA that, surprisingly, was not given strong priority in the UNDAFs was "Climate change". One possible reason for this is the period during which these UNDAFs were developed since climate change is a strong priority theme in many environmental reports and other documents of LAC. The same can be said of PTA "Disasters and conflict", which is important in all LAC sub-regions due to extreme climatic events experienced in recent years. Another PTA that was unexpectedly weak was "Ecosystem management", which is totally absent in the Caribbean sub-region and reports only a few activities in the other sub-regions. Based on the other documents reviewed for this analysis, this PTA is of some importance.

Tables 5 and 6 above provide the means for determining the priority areas of a potential UNEP agenda in the LAC Region. It is also apparent from Chapter 1 that UNDP and other agencies are interested in "Environmental governance" based on their assistance to countries for developing legal frameworks, national development plans, etc. Capacity building has also played a very important role in this PTA. Organization and attendance at meetings and workshops have also been important activities in UNDAFs, not only for UNDP but also for UNEP, despite its limited participation.

All six Priority Thematic Areas seem to be of relevance for the LAC region and its subregions, although the type of activity to be developed in each might be different. For example, while for "Climate change" more work can be done in the area of capacitybuilding for legal and normative framework development, capacity-building for environmental management is important for "Harmful substances and hazardous waste", and for "Ecosystem management".

Table 7 summarizes specific areas of activities where UNEP is present in at least one country in a sub-region. This is the result of clustering broad outputs into five categories, according to the type of assistance. Further details can be found in the Annex. Table 7 helps map niches for UNEP cooperation in each sub-region and the type of cooperation sought. Empty cells do not mean absence of demands or request but may be interpreted as potential agenda points for dialogue between UNEP and LAC countries.



Categorized according to CINET STROTTLY THEmatic Areas

One main conclusion of all GEO reports is the need to strengthen enforcement of and compliance with environmental law in the region. The decision cycle (theme description – policy elaboration – policy implementation – evaluation) is broken when the "policy implementation" and "evaluation" phases are reached. For example, "Climate change" is one of the most important issues today in the LAC region. However, in addition to supporting the development of more legal and regulatory frameworks, countries need assistance for establishing, for example, networks of meteorological stations to monitor climate change in particular areas. For this reason, capacity building will be required not only in meteorological sciences but also in data collection and data analysis. Environmental information systems, a main concern in Meso America and South America according with the documents reviewed, should be part of UNEP's project portfolio in LAC countries. The niche for UNEP in LAC seems to be justified in the different phases of the decision cycle, i.e., assist countries in terms of the law and MEA compliance.

Finally, UNDAF for UNEP in LAC should not be considered as a four-year exercise, but rather as a continuum for a much longer period of time. Impacts on quality of life cannot be evaluated in the short term as in other instances. It is important to underscore the fact that most of UNEP's work in the region has taken place outside of the UNDAFs.

ANNEX

Table A LAC: Environmental priorities in the UNDAFs by Priority Thematic Areas (MTS) and Sub-regions

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
		Sub-region	n: Meso A	merica		
Climate change	National capacity building to effectively address vulnerability and adaptation to climate change	Belize Nicaragua Costa Rica	UNDP	1	UNDP	1,050,000
	Strengthening of national capacities to develop strategies and actions to promote the use of renewable energies	El Salvador	FAO/ UNDP/ UNEP	3	UNDP	2,225,000
	Knowledge management and evaluation of vulnerability to climate change in priority systems such as energy, production, public health, food and nutrition security, natural resources and risk management	El Salvador	FAO/ UNDP/ PAHO/ UNESCO	4	РАНО	880,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
Ecosystem management	Design and implementation of sustainable management (forest, fisheries) strategy and national plans relating to biodiversity and reduction of pollutants	Costa Rica El Salvador Mexico Panama Guatemala	FAO /UNDP/ UNESCO	3	UNDP	4,155,300
	Support accountable institutions and social organizations involved in the management of natural resources	El Salvador Mexico	FAO/ UNESCO	2	UNESCO	150,000
	Capacity strengthening for ecological zoning of the territory and the integrated ecosystem approach	Mexico	FAO/ UNDP/ UNEP/ UNIDO	4		NR
Environmental	Capacity building	Mexico	UNFPA/	7	UNDP	1 120 012
Governance	in legal and regulatory framework (MEAs, wilderness)	Honduras Belize	FAO/ UNDP/ PAHO/ WFP/ UNESCO/ UNEP	,	UNDP	4,438,843
	Capacity building for non state actors in sustainable development	Mexico Honduras Costa Rica Belize	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ PAHO/ UNIDO/ GEF-SGP	6	UNDP	7,550,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Capacity building for staff in environmental institutions (solid waste/land use/water and sanitation/reforest ation and forestry protection/energy/desertification and drought)	El Salvador Nicaragua Mexico Honduras Costa Rica Belize Guatemala Nicaragua	FAO/ UNDP /PAHO/ WFP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ UNV	7	UNDP	6,630,455
	Capacity-building in environmental health (dengue and diarrhea)	El Salvador Costa Rica	PAHO/ UNICEF	2	РАНО	1,415,000
	Capacity-building for monitoring progress	Mexico	FAO/ UNDP/ HABITAT	3	UNDP	290,000
	Capacity building in risk management	Nicaragua	FAO/ UNDP/ PAHO/ WFP/ UNESCO	5	UNDP	233,153
	Support to environmental management (urban, protected areas, natural resources in wetlands, policy,	El Salvador Nicaragua Mexico Honduras Costa Rica Belize Guatemala Nicaragua	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNIDO/ UNEP/ ECLAC/ ILO	8		75,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Support for strategy design for sustainable development (incentives to promote good practices)	Mexico Costa Rica Belze	FAO/ UNDP/ UNIDO	2	UNDP	560,000
	Support for strategy design for environmental education programs (communication and awareness)	El Salvador Mexico	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNIDO/ UNEP/ ILO	7	UNDP	70,000
	Support programs for energy efficiency and efficient public transport	Costa Rica	FAO/ UNDP	2	UNDP	1,285,000
	Support for strategy design for land use planning	Costa Rica	FAO/ UNDP/ HABITAT	3	FAO	380,000
	Environmental policy in national development plans and strategies	Panamá Mexico Honduras	UNDP/ PAHO/ UNESCO/ UNICEF	4	UNDP	6,190,000
	Information dissemination	Mexico Costa Rica Guatemala	UNDP/ UNEP	2		NR
	Support to program consolidation	Mexico Honduras Belize	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO	3	UNDP	815,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
Harmful substances and hazardous waste						
Disasters and Conflicts	Capacity-building in risk management and emergency response of State and non-State actors	Panamá El Salvador Mexico Costa Rica Guatemala	PAHO/ UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ WFP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ HABITAT	8	UNDP	3,657,000
	Policy and strategy development for risk management	El Salvador Costa Rica	PAHO/ UNFPA/ FA0/ UNDP/ WFP/ UNESCO/ UNEP/ UNIDO/ UNICEF/ ECLAC/U NIFEM	11	UNDP	1,740,.000
	Training and integrated assessment of environmental disaster impact	Mexico Costa Rica	UNDP/ ECLAC	2		NR
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	Program development to support the sustainable use of natural resources among indigenous peasants and local communities	Mexico Costa Rica Belize	UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNEP	3		NR

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
			ion: Carib			
Climate change	Develop national report to UNFCC	Cuba	UNDP/ UNEP	2		NR
	Develop a strategy for adaptation to threats of climate change	Cuba	UNDP	1		NR
		Т	T	Т		
Ecosystem management						
Environmental Governance	Capacity-building in legal and regulatory framework (MEAs, wilderness)	Cuba Dominican Republic Jamaica Haiti Trinidad & Tobago	PAHO/ UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ WFP/ UNESCO/ UNDP- UNIDC/ UNEP/ UNIDO/ UNICEF/ IOM	11	UNDP	32,020,938
	Capacity building for staff in environmental institutions (service delivery, solid waste/land use/water and sanitation/reforest ation and forest protection/energy/desertification and drought)	Cuba Dominican Republic Jamaica	PAHO/ UNDP		UNDP	265,000
	Capacity building in environmental health (dengue and diarrhea)	Jamaica	UNDP/ UNEP/ UNOPS	1	UNEP	25,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Capacity building for monitoring progress	Cuba	FAO/ UNDP/ UNEP	3		NR
	Support to environmental management (urban, protected areas, natural resources in wetlands, policy,)	Cuba Domican Republic Haiti Jamaica	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO	3	UNDP	,.060,000
	Support strategy design for sustainable development (incentives to promote good practices)	Cuba Dominican Republic Jamaica Trinidad & Tobago	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNEP/ UNOPS/ IAEA	6	UNDP	371,000
	Support strategy designing for environmental education programs (communication and awareness)	Jamaica	UNEP	1	UNEP	55,000
	Support programs for energy efficiency and efficient public transportation	Cuba	UNDP/ UNEP/ UNIDO	3	UNDP	1,475,000
	Support strategy designing for land use planning	Cuba Dominican Republic Haiti Jamaica	FAO/ UNDP/ UNEP	3		NR
	Environmental policy in national development plans and	Dominican Republic Haiti Trinidad &	PAHO/ UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/	10	UNDP	7,138,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	strategies	Tobago Cuba	UNICEF/ ECLAC/ UNAIDS/ UNIFEM/ ILO			
	Information dissemination	Cuba Jamaica Trinidad & Tobago	UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ WB	4	WB	20,300,000
Harmful substances and	Urban solid waste treatment	Cuba	PAHO/ UNIDO	2		NR
hazardous waste	Support action plan to handle PCBs in Cuba	Cuba	UNEP/ UNIDO	2		NR
	Support implementation of national plan for the total elimination of CFCs	Cuba	UNDP	1		NR
	Support implementation of national plan for the total elimination of BrMe	Cuba	UNIDO	1		NR
	Support compliance of Montreal Protocol	Cuba	UNDP/ UNEP	2		NR
Disasters and Conflicts	Improvement of disaster preparedness and response systems	HaitiTrinid ad & TobagoBar bados & OECS	UNFPA/ UNDP/ PAHO/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ ECLAC	6	UNDP	235,000
	Strengthening technical, community, and human capacities to handle natural disasters	Haiti	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNIFEM/ UNICEF	5	UNDP	3,017,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	Improvement in energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy	Cuba Dominican Republic Haiti	UNDP/ UNEP/ UNIDO	3	UNDP	1,000,000
	Strengthening of national capacities for better sanitation and sustainable management of water	Cuba Dominican Republic Haiti	FAO/ UNESCO/ UNICEF	3	UNICEF	550,000
	Support sustainable management of the environment and natural resources	Haiti	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNEP/ IOM	5	UNDP	4,965,000
		Sub-region	: South A	merica		
Climate change	Production and use of alternative and sustainable sources of energy	Uruguay	FAO/ GEF- UNDP/ GEF-WB/ UNDP	4	GEF/WB	9,525,000
	Restructure the agricultural sector to support food security	Venezuela	FAO/ UNDP	2		NR
	Instruments designed for incorporating technical specification on energy efficiency	Venezuela	FAO/ UNDP	2		NR
	Campaign on effects of climate.change	Venezuela	FAO/ UNDP	2		NR

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
Ecosystem management	Support in terms of basic studies and research for the Responsible Production Programme	Uruguay	FAO	1		NR
	Support for the territorial administration of water resources at all levels to conserve and restore ecosystems to ensure protection of biodiversity and sustainable use of natural resources	Uruguay	Spanish Gvm UNDP/Fren ch Gvm UNDP/Can adian Gvm./GEF- WB/GEF- UNDP/UN DP	6	GEF-WB	10,480,000
	Support knowledge base for biodiversity, conservation, restoration and management of ecosystems to protect the existence of environmental goods and services	Colombia	UNDP/ UNICEF/ ECLAC/ HABITAT	4	UNDP	10,493,000
	Support for reforestation and activities for soil conservation within the framework of management programs for microbasins	Peru	WFP	1	WFP	40,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
Environmental Governance	Capacity building in legal and regulatory framework (MEAs, wilderness,)	Uruguay Peru Paraguay Venezuela Colombia Chile Ecuador	PAHO-WHO/UNFPA/FAO/UNDP/WFP/UNESCO/UNICEF/ECLAC/UNODC/UNICED/WNGP/WMO	13	UNDP	20,392,000 10,170,000 adm. by UN and 2,170,000 from UN
	Capacity building for non-state actors in sustainable development	Paraguay	PAHO- WHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNICEF/ WMO	5		NR
	Capacity-building for staff in environmental institutions (solid waste/land use/water and sanitation/reforest ation and forest protection/energy/desertification and drought)	Uruguay Peru Paraguay Brazil Ecuador	PAHO- WHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNEP/ UNICEF/ UNV/ UNODC/ UNIFEM/ WMO	10	FAO	10,635,500
	Capacity building in environmental health (dengue and diarrhea)	Venezuela Peru Paraguay	PAHO- WHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNICEF/ WMO	5		NR

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Capacity building in risk management	Peru Ecuador	PAHO- WHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNICEF/ WMO	5		NR
	Support to environmental management (urban, protected areas, natural resources in wetlands, policy,)	Venezuela Uruguay Peru Paraguay	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ UNODC/ UNIFEM/ WMO	8	UNODC	2,005,000
	Support to strategy desigin for sustainable development (incentives to promote good practices)	Bolivia Venezuela Paraguay	FAO/ UNDP/ UNICEF/ UNODC/ UNIFEM	5		50,000 6,300,000 adm. by UN 1,500,000 from UN
	Support to strategy design for environmental education programs (communication and awareness)	Peru Paraguay Brazil	FAO/ UNESCO/ UNEP	3	UNESCO	10,065,500
	Support to strategy design for land-use planning	Venezuela Paraguay	UNFPA/ FAO/ UNDP	3		NR
	Environmental policy in national development plans	Peru	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ UNIFEM/ WMO	6		NR

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Information dissemination	Paraguay	PAHO- WHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNEP/ UNICEF/ UNIFEM/ WMO	8	FAO	715.,000
	Support to program consolidation	Paraguay Brazil Ecuador	UNESCO	1	UNESCO	5,000
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	Skills development for handling chemical substances and waste for reducing the use of substances which affect the ozone layer	Uruguay Venezuela	UNDP/ GEF- UNDP	2	GEF- UNDP	2,550,000
	National pilot programme in building local capacities oinwaste and hazardous waste management	Venezuela	FAO/ UNDP	2		NR
Disasters and Conflicts	Establishment of the Natural Hazard Consulting Group/organizations, programmes and projects in disaster prevention	Uruguay	UNDP	1	UNDP	100,000

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	National capacity- building for risk management and mitigation of environmental damage	Venezuela Paraguay Colombia Ecuador	PAHO/ FAO/ UNDP/ UNICEF/ WMO	5	UNDP	2,307,000
	Establishment of a natural disasters information system with a gender and generation scope	Venezuela	UNDP	1		NR
	Implementation of early warning plans at the local level (municipalities, urban centres)	Venezuela	UNDP	1		NR
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production	Knowledge development in availability and surface water resources and aquifers of Uruguay	Uruguay	UNESCO	1	UNESCO	16,000
	Implementation of programs and policies on sustainable use of biological and cultural resources	Paraguay	FAO/ UNDP/ UNESCO/ UNICEF/ UNIFEM/ WMO	6		7,200,000 adm. by UN 3,900,000 from UN
	Support to household groups to improve sanitation and access to water, prioritizing semiarid, indigenous and quilombola community areas	Brazil	WFP/ UNEP/ UNICEF	3	UNICEF	1,866,500

Priority Thematic Area	Substantive output	Countries for which outputs were grouped	Agencies involved	No. of participating agencies involved	Main agency contributo r reported	Allocated amount reported ^b (in US\$)
	Capacity strengthening for sustainable use of natural resources and organizational capacity with emphasis on food security	Bolivia	FAO/ UNDP/ WFP/ UNIDO/ UNODC	5	UNDP	29,950,000

^b Please note that not all outputs reported on their associated resources

Table B. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

Main concerns
Climate change
Land use planning Sustainable agriculture including organic farming Community basin management State of forests and rehabilitation of forested land- deforestation
Biodiversity use and conservation (including protected areas and mangroves) Biodiversity as key aspect of cultural sector Natural resource use and tourism (certification) Air quality Water availability and quantity Marine and coastal resource management
Environment and health in urban areas Solid waste management Strengthening of the environmental institutional ramework-transparency. Promote the creation of a legal framework neluding environmental regulations for the romotion of good practices With private enterprises, communities, and tudents, , creation of recycling program Environmental education in formal schooling Establishment of an information system and online onsultation on environmental laws and egulations. Alternative energy projects (wind) International cooperation for opening new vindows of opportunities for environmental onservation and alternative energy (Kyoto rotocol). Assistance to enhance capacity building in newironmental management at all levels government, municipal, autonomous regions) Technical and financial support is highly desirable to promote the start up and monitoring of the nevironmental policy, particularly National description and Drought, National Action Plan Climate Change and strengthening National Clean Development Office Continue the technical and financial support to the intities that are responsible for providing drinking vater to rural populations Strengthening of the legal framework for integrated management of water resources Provide technical and financial assistance to
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Table B. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents

by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

(several periods)		
	System •Establishment of financial mechanism to promote environmental conservation-pricing environmental services	
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	°Adequate management (disposal, reuse and recycling) of solid waste and residual waters.	
Disasters and Conflicts	oInformation system for environmental protection and disaster mitigation-strengthen emergency- response capabilities	
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	∘Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs to reverse environmental degradation	
Sub-region: Caribbean		
Climate change	∘Climate change and climate vulnerability ∘Growing Carbon Dioxide emissions per capita	
Ecosystem management	oLand use planning oBiodiversity conservation oLand degradation oMaintain and enhance natural productivity of key ecosystems oProtection of natural resources and sensitive species of flora and fauna. oEstablishment of marine and terrestrial protected areas	
Environmental Governance	∘Framework for management of natural resources ∘Development of policy and regulatory environmental framework and monitoring capacity to encourage land use change toward saving and conservation of water (quality and quantity) ∘Water conservation program with multi-stake holder participation ∘Public transport and infrastructure ∘Improve legal and institutional environmental frameworks ∘Use of economic instruments for sustainable environmental management ∘Environmental education and increasing environmental awareness ∘Trade and environment ∘Cooperation in science and technology ∘Management and conservation of energy	
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	°National multi-stake holder strategy for solid waste management	
Disasters and Conflicts	∘Disaster management ∘Conflict relating to the use of natural resources	
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	oIntegrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs oEstablishment of a monitoring system for standard compliance for superficial waters and aquifers	

Table B. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas

(several periods)

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	•Ensure an efficient and reliable energy sector
	•Ensure sustainable use of natural resources
	oStatus of selected stocks of important species
	(v.gr., fish)
Sub-region: South America	I
Climate change	NR
Ecosystem management	∘Land use planning
	Ecosystem degradation
	Protected areas
	•Deforestation
	•Air pollution
	∘Improvement of air quality ∘Soil erosion and desertification
	•Environmental degradation
	•Biodiversity conservation
	Sustainable use of biodiversity
Environmental Governance	Harmonization of environmental legislation
Livironmental Governance	•Environmental planning-prevention and control of
	environmental degradation (prevention and control
	instruments)
	•Action plan for the prevention of deforestation in
	the Amazon area
	Public Forest Management Law
	•Define a national basin strategy
	Solid waste management
	 Energy and Transport
	oAdvisory services for the development of
	legislative proposals
	oImprovement of accountability
	°Technical Assistance
	oHarmonization of environmental legislation
	°Support businesses to achieve environmental
	standards
	°Support for environmental research
	∘Environmental reporting ∘Early Warning
	•Data and Information
	•Program for the restoration of contaminated urban
	sites
	•National fund for environmental compensation
	•Increase inclusiveness in Environmental Impact
	Assessments
	oImprove environmental education and awareness
	∘Implementation of MEAs
	Montreal Protocol Compliance
	Ozonaction Networking
	oImplementation of the national biosafety
	framework in accordance with the Cartagena
	Biosafety Protocol
Harmful substances and hazardous waste	Improve the infrastructure and institutional
	capacity of the basic sanitation sector

Table B. Main environmental concerns based on national developmental plans and other documents by Priority Thematic Areas (several periods)

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Disasters and Conflicts	NR
Resource efficiency and sustainable consumption and production.	°Sustainable use of natural resources °Promotion of competitive and sustainable productive processes °Micro and small enterprises benefit from environmental consideration °Integrated management of water resources °Control pollution, conservation and basin restoration
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